1 2 3	BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE STATE OF WISCONSIN
3 4 5	In the Matter of Application for Conversion of Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin,
6 7 8 9	Petitioner. Case No. 99-C26038
9 10	CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING
11 12 13	Monday, November 29, 1999 10:00 a.m.
14 15	at ITALIAN COMMUNITY CENTER 631 East Chicago Street
16 17 18	Milwaukee, Wisconsin BEFORE:
19 20	Ms. Connie L. O'Connell, Commissioner Mr. Fred Nepple, General Counsel Mr. Steven J. Junior, Senior Insurance Examiner
21 22 23	
24 25	Reported by Debra A. Wisniewski, CRR/RMR/CSR Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 1 A P P E A R A N C E S: 2 FOLEY & LARDNER, by Mr. Joseph C. Branch 3 777 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 Appeared on behalf of the Petitioner. 4 5 6 ALSO PRESENT: Mr. Stephen E. Bablitch, Petitioner. 7 Mr. Thomas M. Rose 8 9 INDEX 10 WITNESSES: PAGE 11 Examination by Mr. Branch of: 12 Thomas R. Hefty 10 13 James C. Hickman 19 T. Michael Bolger 32 14 Phillip Farrell 45 John W. Daniels, Jr. 61 15 David Platter 70 Gail Hanson 82 Mark A. Orloff 90 16 Penny Siewert 102 17 * * * * * 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

THE COMMISSIONER: Good morning. I'm Connie O'Connell, Commissioner of Insurance, presiding over Case No. 99-C26038 concerning Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin's application for conversion. The purpose of the application for conversion is to permit Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin to convert from a nonprofit service insurance corporation to a stock insurance corporation in accordance with Sections 613.75 and 611.76, Wisconsin Statutes.

This hearing is being held as a Class 1 contested case hearing in accordance with Chapter 227 of the statutes and INS 5.39(2) of the Wisconsin Administrative Code.

On November 19th, 1999, three motions to intervene in this matter were received by this office. As agreed during the prehearing status conference on November 24th, I had made a ruling based upon the briefs that were received on November 26th. I ruled just prior to the commencement of this hearing as agreed to by the moving parties and Blue Cross Blue Shield United of Wisconsin. I'd like to take a few minutes to discuss this decision. For the record, I note that the -- there

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 is attendance by each of the moving parties this morning. The proposed conversion of Blue Cross Blue Shield United of Wisconsin is a matter of significant public interest. The Office of Commissioner of Insurance is committed to a thorough, informed, and public review of this plan. In order to conduct such a review, considerable input from the public and advice from experts is necessary.

It is my responsibility with broad public input to balance the diverse interests and make a determination of whether the proposed plan is contrary to the public interest. I've scheduled a public hearing today that will continue tomorrow in Stevens Point to allow any organization or individual to express views -- their views and concerns regarding the application. This is only one way that our office is used to involve the public and interested organizations in this process.

In addition, I have met with many individuals and organizations, received and reviewed volumes of written material, and made the documents related to the application available to the public through our office and published on our Internet Web site.

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99

In addition to the public hearing and review, I've scheduled the Class 1 contested case hearing for Blue Cross Blue Shield United of Wisconsin to make its case for its conversion application. Three organizations which participated in the public review process also filed motions to intervene in the Class 1 contested case hearing. These organizations are the University of Wisconsin Medical School, the Medical College of Wisconsin, and the coalition representing ABC for Health, Wisconsin AARP, and the Wisconsin Coalition for Advocacy.

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Each of these organizations has valuable input to offer in this process. The two medical schools can offer insight into how the original plan proposed by Blue Cross would operate. They also have unique insights into health issues of the citizens of the state. In addition, the Coalition has conducted research not only on Blue Cross Blue Shield United of Wisconsin but on conversions in other states, they've assembled experts, and offered important insight into many of the issues that are central to the consideration of this proposal.

However, access to information and expertise are not the standard for granting standing Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 to parties in an administrative hearing. To have standing, the petitioners must meet a two-part test. They must demonstrate the decision of the agency causes injury to their interest and that the interest they are asserting is recognized by law.

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The potential injury asserted by these parties is no different from potential injury to any member of the general public caused by the agency action or inaction. To allow standing in the instant case would establish a precedent for the agency to admit multiple parties in future proceedings each with a specific interest, which is one among many to be considered in determining the public interest. Therefore, I have denied their motions to intervene.

Fortunately, OCI has broad discretion to structure the review process to maximize participation by organizations such as those represented by the petitioners. I will use this discretion to ensure each of the organizations seeking party status has a full opportunity to participate in this proceeding, including, if appropriate, to offer expert testimony at a continuation of today's hearing, to pose questions to the applicant, and to discuss the pending Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 application with the investment banking firm retained by the office.

Therefore, although I cannot under the law grant the petitioner's status as parties, I can grant them similar ability to participate in this process. Today's hearing will be continued. Any such further proceeding will be added to the record. OCI intends to assure that this application receives a complete and public review. OCI has no intention of allowing any consideration, including the applicant's express desire to complete the approval process by year end, to supersede that full and fair review.

Now today's hearing is being held at the Italian Community Center in Milwaukee, Wisconsin at 10 a.m. on November 29th, 1999. The proceedings are being transcribed by Gramann Reporting.

Will the petitioner please state for the record by whom you are represented.

MR. BRANCH: Yes. The appearances, my name is Joseph Branch from the law firm of Foley & Lardner. With me at counsel table is Attorney Thomas Rose from Foley & Lardner representing the petitioner. Also representing the petitioner is Mr. Steven E. Bablitch, vice president and general Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 counsel of the petitioner.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. The issues for today's hearing as described in the notice of hearing are as follows. Conversion of Blue Cross Blue Shield United of Wisconsin from a nonprofit service corporation to a stock insurance corporation. Whether or not under Sections 611.76 and 613.75 of Wisconsin Statutes the plan of conversion violates the law or is contrary to the interests of the policyholders of Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin or the public. In the Class 1 contested case hearing, the fair play provisions of Chapter 227 apply. This means that all testimony taken will be made under oath and subject to cross examination that may reasonably be required for a full and true disclosure of the facts.

Mr. Branch, do you have any preliminary matters or questions that need to be addressed at this time?

MR. BRANCH: Nothing at this time, Madam Commissioner.

THE COMMISSIONER: At this time I'll introduce for the record Exhibit H as offered by Blue Cross. Exhibit H is a list of exhibits offered Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 1 and received by Blue Cross as of the beginning of 2 this hearing. 3 Mr. Branch, would you like to give a 4 brief opening statement? 5 MR. BRANCH: No, Your Honor -- Madam 6 Commissioner. Our first witness will provide an 7 overview of this matter. 8 THE COMMISSIONER: Okay. Please begin 9 your case. 10 MR. BRANCH: I'd like to call Mr. Thomas 11 R. Hefty. 12 THOMAS R. HEFTY, called as a witness 13 herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was 14 examined and testified as follows: 15 DIRECT EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. BRANCH: 17 Mr. Hefty, do you have a statement you'd care to Q 18 make in this matter? 19 Α Yes, I do. May I proceed? And good morning to 20 Commissioner O'Connell and to the members of the 21 public with us. My name is Thomas R. Hefty and I'm 22 the president, chief executive officer and chairman 23 of the board of Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of 24 Wisconsin, and as the chief executive, I would like 25 to introduce the plan of conversion, the process by Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 which we arrived at the plan, and the business reasons for its consideration.

Let me start by giving you a brief background of Blue Plans nationally. Back in 1990, there were 71 independent Blue plans. Today there are 50 independent plans across the United States. These plans are all members of a national coordinating body and trade association known as the Blue Cross Blue Shield Association. The association licenses the name and the mark to the individual Blue plans, including Wisconsin. The licensing agreements require each individual plan to maintain minimum capital and surplus, minimum liquidity levels, acceptable customer service levels, participation in certain national initiatives, and finally to adhere to specific ownership limitations.

Until 1994, these rules prevented Blue plans from organizing as shareholder-owned entities. In that year, the association changed this requirement in response to competitive forces at play in the changing health insurance market. Since this restriction was removed, a number of other plans have converted, including Blue plans in California, Georgia, and Virginia. Blue plans in Colorado, New York, and Missouri are also in the Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 process of converting or changing their structure.

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Conversion provides a number of advantages to Blue plans. Using the marketable stock to make acquisitions helps to build economies of scale and thereby drive down costs. The issuance of stock also helps to generate capital which can be used for investment in new products, systems, networks, and the medical information management required to deliver high quality, competitive service.

Now that I've spoken about the changing national trends, I'd like to say a few words about Wisconsin. Blue Cross was founded in 1939 under the name Associated Hospital Service. We changed our name in 1979 in conjunction with a merger between Associated Hospital Service and an entity known as Surgical Care-Blue Shield. From that day forward, we have been known as Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin.

The Wisconsin market is also changing. Today our competitors are largely national plans and local tax-exempt sponsored HMOs. Although we compete on a level playing field, Blue Cross differs from other health insurers doing business in Wisconsin in two important ways. One, Blue Cross is Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 12 a tax paying, Wisconsin-headquartered health insurer providing insurance services and benefits to over 700,000 people in the State of Wisconsin. We are responsive to local customer needs. We will hear from Penny Siewert, our senior vice president, who will be addressing the community service aspect of Blue Cross's commitment to local needs. Because we are a Wisconsin-based health insurer, we're fortunate to employ over 1800 Wisconsin residents in more than ten different communities.

The second way in which Blue Cross is different from other competing health insurers is its organizational structure. Because Blue Cross cannot issue tax-exempt bonds and cannot issue stock in our current corporate form, we do not have the same access to capital markets as do most competitors. This limits the ability of Blue Cross to grow.

In response to these concerns of the changing market, the board of directors of Blue Cross appointed the special committee on December 9th, 1998. You will hear Professor James Hickman, a member of that special committee, testify today. That committee was asked to investigate the structuring options available to Blue Cross and to Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 make a recommendation to the full board.

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On June 2nd, 1999, the special committee made that report to the full board of directors. The special committee found that Blue Cross's inability to access capital markets resulted in a lack of flexibility to acquire, merge, or affiliate. These deficiencies made Blue Cross vulnerable to larger and better capitalized competitors. Without a reorganization, Blue Cross would be left with limited options to raise capital and to finance our growth.

After extensive discussion, the full board adopted the findings of the special committee on June 2nd, 1999 and passed a resolution to undertake a plan of conversion on that same day and that plan is now before you.

Now I'd like to quickly describe some of the significant aspects of the plan of conversion. Under the plan, Blue Cross will convert from a service insurance corporation to a stock insurance corporation without any interruption in its corporate existence. This really amounts to nothing more than a change in the corporate form of Blue Cross. As a result, the conversion will not cause any interruption in coverage for Blue Cross Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 policyholders. The plan of conversion does not contemplate any change in the terms, rates, or premiums of health insurance for policyholders.

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Two additional new entities will be created under the plan of conversion. The first of those entities, which has yet to be organized, is a holding company to be known as United Heartland Group. Once this holding company is created, 100 percent of the converted Blue Cross entity will be owned by the holding company, United Heartland Group.

The second of those entities, a foundation, has already been organized. The foundation is called the Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin Public Health Foundation. Just as the holding company will own 100 percent of the issued stock of the converted Blue Cross, the foundation will in turn own 100 percent of the stock of the holding company. The net effect of these two transactions will be that the foundation will receive 100 percent of the equity value of the converted Blue Cross entity.

The plan of conversion provides for the foundation to serve the health care interests of the people of the State of Wisconsin. To this end, it Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 15 will be the mission of the foundation to support public health initiatives through the University of Wisconsin Medical School and the Medical College of Wisconsin, two institutions trusted by the State for nearly a century to not only educate its medical professionals but also provide needed research in the rapidly changing fields of medical technology and to provide community outreach on a statewide basis, collaborating together and with others to serve the public. You will hear Medical College of Wisconsin President E. Michael Bolger and UW-Medical School Dean Phil Farrell presenting testimony regarding the involvement of the two medical schools in the plan of conversion.

In order to fund this public health mission, the foundation will liquidate most of the stock issued to it through arms-length transactions in the five years following the conversion. You will hear Mark Orloff, Deputy Legal Counsel for the Blue Cross Blue Shield Association, testify that this five-year time frame is a requirement that grows out of the association licensing restrictions that I mentioned earlier. It is the Blue Cross boards's expectation that by the liquidation of the stock on the free market, the foundation will Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 16 realize the fair and reasonable value of Blue Cross as of the date of the conversion.

In order to help ensure that the foundations realizes the fair and reasonable value of the Blue Cross stock, nine individuals unaffiliated with Blue Cross have been selected to the board of directors to govern the foundation. You will hear foundation board member John Daniels testify that each of these directors owes a fiduciary duty to the foundation to ensure that this objective is met. These individuals represent a diverse cross-section of the Wisconsin community and each one individually brings a wealth of knowledge and experience in public service to the foundation.

In summation, two comments. The Blue Cross board of directors thoroughly researched and deliberated over the plan of conversion and concluded that the conversion was in the best interest of Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin. It is in the best interest of Blue Cross to convert in order to enable the company to access capital markets and to compete more effectively.

Finally, as our board said, Blue Cross is doing the right thing in the right way by turning the full equity value of the company over to the Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 foundation, which will in turn fund programs promoting public health initiatives developed through the medical schools, which we believe will serve the interests of the public.

I'd like to thank you and your staff for the opportunity to present this opening statement today. By promoting the financial stability of Blue Cross through this conversion, our goal is to provide a stronger and more competitive Blue Cross in the State of Wisconsin. Therefore, I ask for your approval of this conversion plan.

THE COMMISSIONER: Mr. Hefty, you indicated that some of the reasons for converting. Can you address the timing for this request? Why are you requesting conversion at this time?

THE WITNESS: The market both locally and nationally continues to change rapidly and we've seen new competitors in our market here. I mentioned today, they're principally national competitors or tax-exempt sponsored competitors. And the consolidation in the health care world is going on rapidly. I mentioned the drop in the number of Blue Cross plans nationally, and any lengthy delay of that process takes Wisconsin out of that changing marketplace and so we think that the Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 18 timing is consistent with the changes going on both locally and nationally.

THE COMMISSIONER: How would you view conversion impacting Blue Cross in the long term, what is your vision for the company five years from now, ten years from now?

THE WITNESS: Our goal is to continue to grow the business in Wisconsin, serving policyholders here, and we hope participating in the national consolidation of Blue plans. There are a number of other plans that are smaller than the Wisconsin plan and we would hope to participate as a first mover, if you will, in the consolidation that's going on nationally.

THE COMMISSIONER: You also mentioned the association -- the Blue Cross national association licensing restrictions. Are there takeover provisions in your plan that are not required by the Blue Cross Blue Shield national association?

THE WITNESS: No, and we did look at that issue in the sense of maintaining control in Wisconsin, but such restrictions would impact the value of the company that will be obtained by the foundation for the public health of Wisconsin, and so on balance, other than those restrictions Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 19 1 required by the national association, there are none 2 in the plan. 3 THE COMMISSIONER: How would you see the 4 conversion affecting the Wisconsin insurance market 5 as a whole, the health insurance marketplace? 6 THE WITNESS: I think it will make it 7 more competitive. It will equalize, if you will, 8 the access to capital between ourselves, the 9 tax-exempt sponsored plans, and the much larger 10 national plans, and so I think the marketplace will 11 benefit by that competition. 12 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. 13 MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Mr. Hefty. 14 As our next witness, we would like to 15 call Professor James Hickman to the stand. 16 JAMES C. HICKMAN, called as a witness 17 herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was 18 examined and testified as follows: 19 EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. BRANCH: 21 Professor, could you state your name, current place Q 22 of employment, and any relevant employment history. 23 My names is James C. Hickman. I am an Emeritus Α 24 professor of business and statistics at the 25 University of Wisconsin-Madison and I served as dean Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 20 of the School of Business between 1985 and 1990. 1 Т 2 also serve on the boards of several companies and 3 organizations, including the Board of Pensions of 4 the Presbyterian Church, U.S.A, and the Century 5 Investment Management Company. 6 Q What is your association with Blue Cross? 7 Α I have been a director of Blue Cross Blue Shield United of Wisconsin since December of 1986, and in 8 9 December of 1998, approximately one year ago, I was 10 appointed to serve as a member of a special committee established by the board of directors to 11 12 examine corporate structuring alternatives for Blue 13 Cross. 14 Are you knowledgeable about Blue Cross's 0 15 consideration of the proposed conversion? 16 Since my appointment to the special committee, Α Yes. 17 I am directly involved in the examination of the 18 proposed conversion of Blue Cross from a service 19 insurance corporation to a stock insurance 20 corporation. As a member of that special committee, 21 I am very knowledgeable of the extensive analysis 22 conducted by Blue Cross in reaching its decision to 23 convert to a stock insurance company. 24 Q Why are you testifying here today, Doctor? I am testifying on behalf of Blue Cross and 25 Α Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 21 especially the members of the committee to briefly discuss the role and findings of the special committee with respect to the proposed conversion. Can you give us an overview of the work done by that committee?

A Yes. The special committee was established on December 9th of 1998 at a meeting of the board of directors of Blue Cross. At that meeting, the board of directors approved the creation of an independent special committee to investigate structuring alternatives available to Blue Cross. In addition to myself, the board of directors selected Ms. Janet Steiger, Mr. Michael Joyce, and Dr. Ken Viste to serve on the special committee.

> In mid-January, the special committee set out to fulfill its mission of investigating alternatives to the current legal and corporate structure of Blue Cross and to ultimately present its findings, conclusions, and recommendations to the full board of directors by July 1 of 1999. The primary responsibility of the special committee was to examine objectively a broad range of reorganization alternatives available to Blue Cross and, as one of our members stated, "to try to do the right thing and to do it in the right way, and that Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 2.2 is to do it in the right both for the future of the 1 2 company and for the many stakeholders in the 3 organization. 4 The special committee convened on six 5 separate occasions over a five-month period in its 6 work of investigating these alternatives and to 7 develop a plan of conversion for Blue Cross. То 8 assist in that extensive examination, the special 9 committee early on retained legal -- retained 10 counsel to advise the members on structuring 11 alternatives and on issues relevant to the 12 conversion. The special committee retained the law 13 firm of Foley & Lardner to provide legal counsel and 14 the investment firm of Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette 15 to provide banking and financial advice. Both firms 16 have been and continue to be actively involved in 17 assisting and advising the committee and the Blue 18 Cross board on various issues relating to the 19 proposed conversion. 20 What were the major considerations of the special 0 21 committee? 22 Well, several considerations very heavily influenced Α 23 the examination conducted by the special committee. 24 The first and foremost was to adhere to our fiduciary duties and develop a corporate strategy 25 Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 23 1 that advanced and protected the interest of Blue 2 Cross, its policyholders, and the citizens of 3 Wisconsin. 4 Another significant consideration of the 5 special committee was to develop alternatives that 6 were consistent with the corporate mission of Blue 7 Cross as well as the short-term and long-term 8 corporate goals. 9 The special committee also considered the 10 relative strengths of existing and alternative 11 corporate structures in adapting to and surviving in 12 today's competitive health care environment. 13 Can you summarize the issues examined by the special Q 14 committee? 15 Α Well, given the depth and breadth of the issues 16 examined by the special committee, it's probably 17 impossible to summarize in any short time that I 18 have here today all of those issues, but the materials reviewed by the special committee that are 19 20 contained in the application for conversion at Tabs 18 through 23 of Exhibit A-1 contain some of this 21 22 material. Nevertheless, I will highlight briefly 23 some of the major issues examined during our 24 five-month review. 25 As previously mentioned, the special Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 committee was charged with examining strategic alternatives available to Blue Cross. Over the course of our review, the special committee examined three principal alternatives. The first was to convert to a mutual insurance company; the second alternative was to convert to a stock insurance company; and the final alternative was to continue with the current status.

For each alternative, we identified and considered the various interests that would be affected, including the potential impact, if any, of a conversion on the policyholders and employees of Blue Cross. We also examined recent national trends in the delivery of health care and in the managed care and health insurance industries. The conversion and consolidation of certain other Blue plans and other insurance carriers were analyzed because of their possible impact of these actions on the future success of Blue Cross.

After weighing all of this information and the issues presented to the special committee, it became overwhelmingly clear that converting to a stock insurance corporation would best serve the long-term interests of Blue Cross and its policyholders.

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1 2 3 4		BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 25 Thus, the special committee focused its review on the actual conversion process and discussed subsequent corporate reorganizations that would possibly follow conversion to a stock
5 6		insurance corporation, including a possible merger with United Wisconsin Services, Incorporated.
7 8 9	Q	Did the special committee address issues related to the creation and operation of the proposed foundation?
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	А	Yes, indeed. The special committee devoted a considerable amount of time concentrating on the creation and endowment of a foundation to promote and improve public health in the State of Wisconsin. Recognizing the historical background of Blue Cross, the special committee reviewed the conversion as a tremendous opportunity to contribute to the well-being of the citizens of Wisconsin. In this same spirit, the special committee recommended placing the full value of Blue Cross into a public health foundation.
21	Q	What funding alternatives did the special committee
22 23 24 25	A	consider? Well, the special committee devised or discussed three funding alternatives to distribute the value of Blue Cross. The three alternatives included, Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

	BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 26 first, establishing the first school of public
	health in the State of Wisconsin; two, establishing
	a foundation that would be directly responsible for
	distributing funds and grants; or, three,
	establishing a foundation that would utilize the
	University of Wisconsin Medical School and the
	Medical College of Wisconsin as the principal
	organizations to carry out programs of education,
	research and service to advance public health in
0	Wisconsin.
Q	Why did the special committee select the alternative
7	it did?
А	In examining the three alternatives, the special
	committee realized that startup and ongoing administrative costs inherent in the first two
	alternatives could be could significantly
	could be significantly minimized by utilizing the
	existing structure of Wisconsin's two medical
	schools. Furthermore, the special committee
	concluded that utilizing the expertise and knowledge
	of the medical schools would maximize the use of the
	proceeds for the broadest range of public health
	needs and would ultimately benefit the greatest
0	number of citizens in the State of Wisconsin.
Q	Did the special committee issue and submit formal
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	Q A

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 findings?

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- 2 Α Yes, it did. On May the 17th, 1999, the special 3 committee adopted formal findings, conclusions and 4 recommendations and a resolution recommending the 5 conversion of Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of 6 Wisconsin from a service insurance corporation to a 7 stock insurance company. On June the 2nd of 1999, 8 the special committee presented its findings to the 9 board of directors who unanimously approved the 10 resolution adopting the plan of conversion of Blue 11 Cross.
- 12 Q Do you believe the proposed conversion is contrary 13 to the interests of Blue Cross policyholders or the 14 public?
- 15 Α I do not. Given the amount of time and resources 16 dedicated by the special committee in conducting its 17 extensive review of the proposed conversion, I am 18 confident that the special committee and the board 19 of directors reached the best conclusion. Having 20 carefully examined the issues before us for more 21 than five months, I am also convinced that the 22 conversion of Blue Cross is not contrary to the best 23 interest of its policyholders or the citizens of 24 Wisconsin and, in fact, is necessary to ensure the 25 continual success and strength of the company well Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 into the next century.

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MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Professor Hickman. We have no further questions of this witness, Madam Commissioner.

THE COMMISSIONER: When you considered the potential alternatives to distribute the foundation resources, you indicated you looked at the school of public -- establishing a school of public health, a separate foundation to distribute grants, and then the medical schools. Did you consider any other alternatives in terms of non -existing nonprofit organizations that would have had some of the same economies in terms of not having to set up a new structure but they could have distributed the grants?

THE WITNESS: The answer is yes. In the opinion of the special committee, after careful consideration, the two medical schools have a long history in the order of a century, they have the organization of existing foundations, they already engaged in action programs, and every day they make decisions about setting priorities in health care. We felt that the best interests of the conversion would be served by using these existing structures and this existing expertise. We knew of no other Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 organization in the state -- in our state that had such a long history and did the kind of action that we wanted to promote.

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THE COMMISSIONER: Was there any concern on the part of the special committee members that perhaps the medical schools may have too narrow of a focus in terms of health issues?

THE WITNESS: The answer is yes. We were concerned with the fact that apparently they are in the southern half of the state and therefore we went to great lengths to discuss the ways that this program might have an impact across the entire state. As you are probably aware, at the direction of the board of directors, the two medical schools conducted a rather remarkable program of eliciting opinions and ideas from throughout the state on the public health needs of the state. We felt that that alone contributed considerably to our understanding and the understanding of the two schools with respect to those needs.

THE COMMISSIONER: Can you address what provisions in the plan provide for accountability from the medical schools to the Blue Cross board of directors and to the public?

THE WITNESS: Right. The issue of Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 30 accountability, of course, is answered by the usual kind of provisions for reporting, but the key point is that it is the citizens of Wisconsin to whom they are responsible, not just the board of Blue Cross Blue Shield or to the foundation board that will be created, and by their public reports and the fact that both are already responsible to the public. The ultimate guarantee is that public accountability, although you will find the document provisions requiring periodic reports to the organizations that you named.

THE COMMISSIONER: Do you anticipate then that the Blue Cross board itself would play an active role in monitoring and providing that accountability or would it be largely through then the public reports and that type of accountability?

THE WITNESS: I would not expect the Blue Cross Blue Shield board to be active in the sense of making specific allocations or in directing that allocations of this activity go in various purpose -- to very specific purposes. In fact, one of our goals is to use existing expertise rather than substituting the opinions of those of us trained, in my case, in mathematics, in other cases, in law or administration on public health issues. We would Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 31 1 anticipate that those issues best be handled by 2 people who have spent their lives in public health. 3 Although the issue of broad accountability will rest 4 with both the board of the foundation and, in a 5 certain sense, to the -- for a short time to the 6 board of Blue Cross Blue Shield, ultimately the 7 responsibility is to the people of this state and we 8 believe that these two agencies have that expertise 9 that is lacking in many o us trained in other ways. 10 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. 11 MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Professor 12 Hickman. Our next witness is T. Michael Bolger, the 13 president of the Medical College of Wisconsin. 14 T. MICHAEL BOLGER, called as a witness 15 herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was 16 examined and testified as follows: 17 EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. BRANCH: 19 Would you please state your occupation, please. 0 20 I am currently the president and chief executive Α officer of the Medical College of Wisconsin. A 21 22 Why are you testifying here today? Q 23 The Medical College of Wisconsin is the proposed Α 24 recipient of one-half of the proceeds of the 25 conversion of Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 Wisconsin. 32

- 2 Q How does the Medical College plan to utilize the 3 proceeds of the conversion to benefit the citizens 4 of Wisconsin?
- 5 The Medical College will utilize the proceeds of the Α 6 conversion to advance our commitment to community 7 collaborations that promote health in Wisconsin and 8 to address the needs of underserved communities and 9 groups throughout the state. To establish and 10 advance these collaborations, the Medical College 11 will be seeking proposals from a wide variety of 12 community organizations who wish to serve as partners on public health initiatives. As projects 13 14 are identified and funded, community organizations 15 will be responsible for directing and managing the 16 project's activities with participation from the 17 Medical College. Approximately \$12 million of the 18 initial funds received by the Medical College will 19 be used to cover beginning expenditures to implement 20 the plan as rapidly as possible. The remainder of 21 the funds will be placed in a permanent endowment. 22 This endowment will provide ongoing financial 23 support for the health programs established and set 24 forth in the plan. 25 Does the plan include any specific provisions to 0

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 promote the general health and welfare of the citizens of Wisconsin? 33

Yes. Under our initial plan, approximately 35 to 45 percent of the annual endowment income will be used to create and support Wisconsin's first Institute for Public and Community Health. The primary purpose of this institute will be to collaborate with communities and various organizations, agencies, and groups to further public health throughout Wisconsin.

To achieve this mission, the institute will initially promote three primary areas. The first area will promote prevention and wellness programs focused primarily on cancer, cardiovascular disease, child and adolescent health, and women's health issues. The second area will address broad health-related issues in Wisconsin covering a wide spectrum of topics such as improving access to health care, addressing the lack of health care providers, improving patient education, and addressing environmental health problems present in the state. The third area will concentrate on health services research aimed at identifying health risks, medical effectiveness, and patient care outcomes and assisting communities and public health Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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1 2		officials in effectively addressing the needs of Wisconsin citizens.
3	Q	Will any of the funds be utilized to support medical
4 5	А	research? Yes. Again, our initial plan estimates that 35 to
6	A	45 percent of the annual endowment will support a
7		program entitled "Research for a Healthier
8		Tomorrow." This program is intended to support
9		research into the prevention and possible cures for
10		major causes of death and disability among Wisconsin
11		residents such as cardiovascular disease, cancer,
12		stroke, and Alzheimer's disease. We also anticipate
13 14		expanding geographical access to clinical trials across the street and expanding research
15		collaborations with other health care providers and
16		research institutions in Wisconsin.
17	Q	Will any of the funds be utilized to promote health
18		education in Wisconsin?
19	А	Yes. We initially anticipate utilizing 10 to 20
20		percent of the annual endowment to fund a program
21 22		entitled "Education and Leadership for Public
22 23		Health." This program will be designed to advance four primary health education objectives. The first
24		objective is to support educational outreach by
25		expanding distance learning and teleconferencing and
		Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 35 health training in rural and medically underserved areas. A second objective is to promote consumer outreach by expanding access to health information through computer Web sites and civic programs. A third goal is to establish a Masters of Public Health thereby expanding our current program to include non-physicians to assist local public health departments, state agencies, and other organizations in addressing the health concerns of our citizens. A final goal of this program is to create more student scholarships that require the recipient to practice in a medically underserved urban or rural area in Wisconsin. How will the Medical College provide oversight of its current plan and future funding initiatives? The Medical College of Wisconsin will provide stewardship for the endowment by appointing qualified citizens to serve on two external advisory

- boards, one for the Institute for Public and Community Health and an Endowment Fund Commission to review adherence to the plan and to monitor fiscal expenditures. The external advisory board for the Institute for Public and Community Health will consist of 8 to 12 members chosen statewide. This board will be responsible for setting the strategic Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 1 priorities of the institute. Members will be 2 selected based upon their interest and expertise in 3 public and community health, prevention/wellness, 4 health care advocacy, and health services research. 5 The external Endowment Fund Commission 6 will have seven members representing a broad cross-7 section of individuals statewide who have an 8 interest in promoting public health in Wisconsin. 9 It should be noted that members of the Medical 10 College's board of trustees will not be allowed to 11 serve on this commission. 12 Q Will the Medical College provide annual reports 13 regarding the use of the funds from the endowment? 14 The Medical College will issue annual Α Yes. 15 stewardship reports to the Blue Cross & Blue Shield 16 Public Health Foundation, the Blue Cross & Blue 17 Shield United of Wisconsin board of directors, the 18 Wisconsin Office of the Commissioner of Insurance, 19 and to interested members of the public. These 20 reports will outline endowment income and project 21 expenditures and will identify progress and 22 challenges in meeting program objectives. Every 23 fifth year the stewardship report will be expanded 24 to provide a detailed assessment of program 25 initiatives, including expanded data on communities Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 37 1 impacted, collaborations developed, and multi-year 2 accomplishments resulting from the proceeds received 3 from the foundation. 4 Do you believe that the Medical College of Wisconsin Q 5 and the University of Wisconsin Medical School are 6 appropriate parties to utilize the conversion funds? 7 Α Yes, I do. Wisconsin's two medical schools are 8 appropriate stewards of the Blue Cross Foundation's 9 endowment for numerous reasons. By their nature, 10 both medical schools are forward looking and are 11 aware of the public health needs of the State of 12 Wisconsin. They focus not only on today's health 13 concerns but also on tomorrow's health needs. The 14 two medical schools are, in essence, public trusts 15 and possess the requisite infrastructure to support 16 public health programs, to efficiently administer 17 the funds, to wisely invest and account for the 18 funds, and to effectively use such funds in 19 collaboration with community organizations to 20 improve the quality of health for all the people of 21 Wisconsin. 22 Furthermore, both medical schools are 23 comprehensive and well equipped to address the 24 state's additional public health needs.

Finally, both medical schools have a Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 history of statewide collaborations and partnerships 1 2 with civic and health care organizations to enable 3 them to benefit the greatest number of citizens in 4 our state. 5 Have the two medical schools collaborated in Q developing their respective plans? 7 Α Yes. The two medical schools have worked together 8 to avoid duplication in our plans and to maximize the use of the proceeds for the broadest range of public health needs. By coordinating our plans, we can help to ensure that the endowment has a tremendous impact on improving the health of our citizens. The endowment will also serve to challenge the two medical schools to aggressively move forward and lead our state in public health improvement strategies. This challenge frankly is one the Medical College of Wisconsin looks forward to accepting. MR. BRANCH: Thank you, President Bolger. 20 I have no further questions at this time. 21 THE COMMISSIONER: How would the Medical 22 College make sure that the resources that are

provided from the foundation do not supplant existing resources?

THE WITNESS: What we have done is we Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 3 have created a -- we are, first of all, going to separate the account for the endowment income so that it will always be open to public scrutiny and to the scrutiny of our endowment commission and also to your office, so we'll always have separate accounting.

If -- a careful reading of our plan, which we adhere to in obtaining the funds, indicates that the funds will be used primarily in areas that we no longer -- that we do not currently spend a great deal of time, mainly in prevention, wellness and other factors that we have identified in the plan. We feel that these monies are appropriate not to supplement or supplant existing programs because we can find funding sources elsewhere like at the Federal Government for some of our research and other things, but that these funds can be used to expand our reach into the communities that we currently serve in a way that we couldn't otherwise do and that is primarily working in collaboration with other agencies, working in collaboration with organizations for which funding is simply not available.

And our plan is going to be open, it's going to be -- every year we will file a stewardship Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 40 report, every year we will have the priorities set by the advisory board to the institute, and every fifth year the two medical schools will collaborate together to do a reassessment of the public health needs in the State of Wisconsin. It is our intention to continue to collaborate as we have always done in the past.

THE COMMISSIONER: Can you explain the mechanics? If I was an organization that wished to apply for resources --

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COMMISSIONER: -- what would I do, what would the process be or at least as far as you know at this point?

THE WITNESS: Yeah, at this point in time what we plan to do is, first of all, recruit a director for this institute that we are forming. The director, and in conjunction with the board of the institute, will set the strategic priorities of the institute and then will seek application for proposals from organizations. Let me just give you an example. Let's assume that an organization in town determines that immunization of children is a very high priority for public health needs in an urban setting, just as an example. That Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 organization will make application. If the board and the director of the institute determine that that is one of the strategic priorities of the institute at that particular point in time, then funds would be made available to that organization in order for that organization in cooperation with the Medical College to conduct immunizations. That's the type of procedure that we see being followed.

THE COMMISSIONER: What other kinds of organizations would you anticipate applying for these resources?

THE WITNESS: Well, we would think there's almost an infinite number of those in the State of Wisconsin, Madam Commissioner, and that's really why I have come to the conclusion that the two medical schools are very apt recipients of these funds because what we do every day is we have to make strategic decisions in terms of priorities and how funds are used to best address the health needs of the state, so I would anticipate that a variety of organizations from small community-based organizations to large organizations such as the American Cancer Society, the American Heart Association and others down to grass-roots Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 42 organizations in Ladysmith, Wisconsin would want to participate, and we would welcome that and seek their applications.

THE COMMISSIONER: And would the -- the applications then, it would be the Institute for Public and Community Health then that would make the decision on those applications?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

What criteria will you THE COMMISSIONER: use for appointing the members of that institute?

THE WITNESS: Well, as we said in our testimony, the criteria would be statewide and it would be individuals who have an interest in public advocacy, an interest in prevention, an interest in wellness, an interest in public health, or an interest in health services research. We would try to get as broad a representation on that board as we possibly could.

THE COMMISSIONER: And it would be the board of the Medical College that would make the appointments then to the -- this board?

THE WITNESS: Yes. Yes. And that, as you know, is a public board. The governor appoints one-third of our board, the county executive for the County of Milwaukee appoints two members, and the Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 43 rest are selected from the community at large, and it's a fiduciary responsibility. We have no shareholders, we are a 501(c)(3) foundation ourselves, that's why I said we're a public trust, and the trustees of the board of the Medical College of Wisconsin have the duties to carry out their duties in a fiduciary capacity for the people of the state.

THE COMMISSIONER: You mentioned in your testimony that there would be an initial outlay to get the program up and running?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COMMISSIONER: What again is the amount that's going to be spent in terms of start-up resources?

THE WITNESS: We anticipate we would like to spend approximately \$12 million in achieving the startup initially to get the programs off and running, and the reason for that is Blue Cross Blue Shield board made it very clear to us that they would like to get this program moving quickly so that the impact of these monies can be felt in the state almost immediately, and in order to do that, we need an initial outlay of funds to work with these community organizations and to begin to get Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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	B	CBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 44
1		the programs underway and then once the programs are
2		underway, the endowment income will be used to
3		support those programs for the future and additional
4		programs as the needs change. We expect to do an
5		assessment every five years as to what the needs are
6		and we have the infrastructure already in place to
7		do that as we did this last time around when
8		Dr. Farrell and I traveled the state to determine
9		what the needs were.
10		THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
11		THE WITNESS: Thank you.
12		MR. BRANCH: Thank you. For our next
13		witness, I'd like to call Dr. Phillip Farrell, the
14		dean of the University of Wisconsin Medical School.
15		PHILLIP FARRELL, called as a witness
16		herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was
17		examined and testified as follows:
18		EXAMINATION
19	BY MR	. BRANCH:
20	Q	Dr. Farrell, could you please state your occupation,
21		please.
22	A	Yes. I'm the dean of the University of Wisconsin
23		Medical School.
24	Q	Why are you testifying here today?
25	A	The Medical School is the proposed recipient of half
		Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 of the proceeds of the conversion.

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- Q How would you describe the impact that the state's two medicals schools have on the quality of health care in Wisconsin?
- 5 Wisconsin ranks third nationally in the quality of Α 6 its health care. UW Medical School and the Medical 7 College of Wisconsin are among the reasons why we 8 have that ranking. Between us, we educate two-9 thirds of the physicians who practice in this state. 10 We also continue to educate them about the latest 11 technology, medicines, prevention and rehabilitation 12 regimens. As we speak, we are testing treatments 13 that seem to kill cancer cells, tumors -- cancerous 14 tumors, and we are unlocking the key to why 15 Alzheimer's victims' memories cease to function. 16 Beyond that, we are placing students and residents 17 in more than 100 locations throughout the state to 18 learn and work with local physicians and hope that 19 they will return to practice in communities where 20 health care professionals are scarce and we have 21 demonstrated a special commitment to bringing health 22 care resources into rural areas through our area 23 health education system, or AHEC. We partner with 24 groups that range from Native American tribes to the 25 South Madison Health Care Center to bring services Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 46 to the underserved populations of the state. As an 1 2 example, we operate a clinic in a supermarket here 3 in Milwaukee. 4 Are there any institutional perspectives that make Q 5 the UW Medical School a worthy recipient of the 6 conversion funds? 7 Yes. We have a statewide focus and a global view of Α 8 the health needs of Wisconsin. Because of this, we 9 are uniquely qualified to be stewards of the funds 10 we're slated to receive. In fact, our statewide 11 faculty are positioned throughout Wisconsin to 12 identify and serve as advocates for local needs. 13 Did the medical schools solicit the public's input Q as to how the conversion funds should be spent? 14 15 Α Yes. As part of a comprehensive health assessment, 16 which included nine public listening sessions, 17 e-mail, and regular mail submittals, a phone comment 18 line, and a sample survey conducted by St. Norbert 19 College, we heard from the people of the state. 20 Most who communicated with us had special interests. 21 They had a spouse they were caring for who has 22 Alzheimer's disease, a mother with breast cancer, 23 and many other concerns. They wanted money to 24 support better health education, more information 25 about osteoporosis prevention, more attention to Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 47 1 good nutrition, and more education for public health professionals. No one area dominated the input. 2 In 3 need, many areas cut across specific clinical lines 4 to talk about prevention, access, public health, and 5 safety. What we learned from what they said is that 6 regardless of our national ranking, the health needs 7 of our state are still great. 8 How do the medical schools plan on addressing these Q 9 needs? 10 Α The two schools have created plans to act as 11 frameworks through which to address these needs. 12 Both plans are responsible and responsive. They 13 continue to evolve and take shape through the input 14 we receive daily from our faculty, from the public, 15 and from those who seek support for a particular 16 health concern. We expect that these hearings will 17 further guide our plans. Could you generally describe the plan, please. 18 Q 19 Α The UW plan maintains most of the fund as an 20 endowment. The major focus of our plan is on prevention, working with our faculty, the health 21 22 care community and community groups toward that end. 23 Because we are deeply committed to improving health 24 in our rural and urban communities, we will create a 25 fund to enhance our community and rural health Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878 l

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 48 1 partnerships with community-based groups. Through 2 an annual competition guided by an advisory 3 committee of university and community 4 representatives, we will distribute approximately 10 5 percent of the proceeds directly to groups that want 6 to work with us on community health needs. Access 7 will be assured through statewide announcements to 8 community organizations. Advocacy groups with 9 greater needs will be able to access additional 10 funding in either the underserved funds or research 11 funds categories. One example of such a partnership 12 is our Alzheimer's institute, which is creating 13 special diagnostic programs around the state in 14 rural communities like Rhinelander. Does the plan include any provision to address the 15 0 16 needs of the underserved and rural populations in 17 Wisconsin? 18 Yes. At least 10 to 20 percent of the funds will be Α 19 specifically dedicated to addressing the needs of 20 underserved urban and rural populations. Targeted 21 projects include expanding programs with the state's 22 Indian Nations and development of a Milwaukee Center 23 for Urban Population Health, which will link with 24 other urban sites. What proportion of the endowment would be spent on 25 0 Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 preventive medicine?

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2 Α Approximately 40 to 60 percent of the endowment will 3 be spent on prevention in the priority areas 4 identified by our public process. We know that good 5 science makes good health. Virtually every major 6 health care advance in the last century can be 7 traced to a search, and while federal and private funding is readily available for research related to 8 9 cures, it is almost nonexistent for prevention and 10 population education. The fund therefore will be a 11 catalyst for prevention initiatives.

12 Responding to our assessment, we will 13 specifically target women's health, cancer, 14 cardiovascular diseases and aging and other neuro-15 degenerative disorders such as Alzheimer's disease. 16 We will fund research and outreach projects that 17 involve our faculty and provide opportunities to 18 partner with statewide advocacy groups and local 19 health care providers.

- 20 Q Will any of the funds be spent on public health 21 education?
- A Yes. We will respond to the many comments we
 receive about the need for better public health
 education. Our school addressed this by proposing
 to consolidate and focus existing public health
 Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878
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1 2 3 4 5		BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 50 programs, incorporating a multi-disciplinary approach as we do so. We will expand our course offerings, develop an institute where the existing public health workforce can receive training, and offer new degrees to those interested in pursuing
6 7		public health careers. Twenty to 30 percent of the funds will be used for public health education.
8	Q	Does the plan include any reporting or reassessment
9	Ŷ	processes?
10	А	Yes. Our intent is to provide annual reports about
11		how the funds were spent. Once every five years, we
12		will reassess public needs in a similar manner to
13		what we did last summer. Following that assessment,
14		we will provide a report that indicates how we will
15		modify our plans for the future.
16	Q	How, if at all, will oversight of the plan be
17		conducted?
18	А	Oversight will be provided by a newly reconstituted
19		Medical School advisory board, comprising
20		distinguished citizens from around the state,
21		including representation from key organizations such
22		as the Department of Health and Family Services,
23	0	minority communities and health advocacy groups.
24	Q	Beyond what you have already described, how would
25		you characterize the specificity of the plan at this Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 time?

- 1 2 Α The projects we propose are ideas. They take time, 3 coordination, and money to develop. Once we know 4 the funds are forthcoming, we will begin to identify more specific uses for the funds. Our assumption is 5 6 that we will receive no money until we clearly 7 identify exactly what we will spend the monies for. 8 This is a process that we are quite familiar with. 9 I hope the Commissioner will accept our plan not as a blueprint but more of an artist's rendering of 10 11 what we will build if we're given the opportunity to 12 move to the next step in the process. 13 Once the specifics of the plan are identified, will Q 14 the UW Medical School commit to spending the funds 15 according to those specifics? 16 Yearly we receive some \$160 million of public Α Yes. 17 research funds for which we are accountable. 18 Elaborate procedures are in place to ensure fiscal 19 and operational responsibility. Indeed, as a state 20 institution, all of our operating funds are public 21 and we are accountable for their use. 22 Does of the UW Medical School plan to use any Q 23 portion of the endowment to build a new Medical 24 School building? 25
 - A No. While a new Medical School is a strategic Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 52 objective of our institution, the public has clearly 1 2 stated that they do not want the conversion dollars 3 to be used for construction of buildings. 4 Will any portion of the endowment be used to enhance Q 5 programming? 6 Α Yes. We will use the conversion funds to either 7 expand programs, such as our Alzheimer's screening 8 program, or to create new initiatives that further 9 address, identify needs, and create a margin of 10 excellence. We will also use the conversion funds to leverage outside dollars. Many programs we have 11 12 today use a combination of medical school, local, 13 and philanthropic resources. 14 Will the medical schools use the conversion funds to 0 address every purpose identified at the listening 15 16 sessions that were held? 17 No, it is simply not possible to provide funds for Α 18 all of the good purposes identified by our 19 assessment. Citizens spoke eloquently of the need 20 for items which ranged from handicap toilets to a 21 comprehensive strategy against bio-terrorism. 22 Others have suggested that the funds should pay for 23 health care for uninsured individuals, but these 24 things are not directly within the purview of the 25 schools' missions. Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 53 Is the reach of the UW Medical School limited to its campus?

- 3 No. Our campus is the State of Wisconsin. We have Α 4 more than 100 clinical sites and preceptorships throughout the state. We are a unique resource 5 6 within the state, omnipresent and global in our 7 thinking. Our mission, articulated 150 years ago, 8 is to serve the people of Wisconsin as their medical 9 resource. These funds represent an unprecedented 10 opportunity to bring resources to areas that need 11 them the most. We also have the ability to leverage 12 dollars with private and other public funds thereby 13 increasing their impact.
- Lastly, Doctor, do you feel that the UW Medical 14 0 School is a worthy recipient of the conversion 15 16 funds?
- 17 Yes. Our existing resources and our record of Α accomplishments stand as testimony to our ability to 18 19 act as responsible stewards and we are confident 20 that our plan will maximize the impact of the Blue 21 Cross & Blue Shield conversion funds on the long-22 term health of our citizens.

On behalf of the University of Wisconsin, I would like to thank Blue Cross and Blue Shield and commend them for their thoughtful consideration of Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 how to best impact the health of the state's citizenry.

MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Doctor. I have no further questions at this time, Madam Commissioner.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. As I mentioned earlier, we met with many individuals and organizations in our office, received a fair amount of written correspondence as well, and one of the themes within the written correspondence from individuals representing local public health agencies is that they're generally complimentary of the medical schools in terms of meeting the missions of the schools, but I'll paraphrase one of the letters that we received. An R.N. from Madison indicated that she was questioning whether or not the medical schools could effectively speak to the public health issues, that her discussion was that physicians focus on population medicine, secondary and tertiary care for individuals who have access to health care, but local public health agencies on the other hand focus on what she would define as population health, that they intervene through policy development, intervention by private providers as well as direct service provision, so Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 55 the distinction was made between the missions of the medical schools and what this individual would view as the role of local public health agencies.

You indicated that there were some needs that were presented to you that weren't consistent with the missions of the medical schools and therefore would not be a part of the expenditure of the foundation resources. How do you respond to this type of concern that we've received?

THE WITNESS: I'm happy to respond. Traditionally, the focus of the medical profession has been on intervention, no question about that. However, in the last decade or so, a more balanced approach has been developed at both the UW Medical School and the Medical College of Wisconsin, balancing intervention with prevention, and increased emphasis on population health through community-based activities. And, in fact, we've developed in the last decade UW Medical School a large faculty concerned with population health, concern with research related to population in public health and also with education. We have assembled a faculty large enough to create through reorganization a virtual school of public health on the Madison campus and serving the Wisconsin idea, Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 56 that is, the boundaries of the state will be the boundaries of this program, and so even though there may be a basis for concern in relationship to the traditional approach of medical schools, it's not the case from what's developed during the last decade.

THE COMMISSIONER: In terms of any local agencies or local community organizations, again, what would the mechanics be for them to apply for resources from the UW Medical School?

THE WITNESS: Well, as stated in the plan, we wish to have an annual competition, and we will announce on a statewide basis to community organizations advertising in the local newspapers this annual competition. There will be a request for proposals, criteria for reviewing these proposals will be stated at the time of the announcement, and then the proposals will be reviewed on an annual basis with an advisory committee chaired by the dean of the Medical School responsible for making the funding decisions, and this is described in some detail in the plan as part of the description on page 36.

THE COMMISSIONER: And who would establish the criteria then for the applicants? Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 THE WITNESS: The advisory committee. THE COMMISSIONER: And who would appoint

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the advisory committee?

THE WITNESS: Appointed by UW Madison, by the chancellor and the dean of the Medical School, and some of the members are described in the plan, including representatives from government health agencies and voluntary health organizations, but this group would finalize the criteria that are referred to tentatively on page 36 before the first request for proposals.

THE COMMISSIONER: And you think one of the elements in the plan was that the minimum granted, it at one juncture was \$50,000. Is that still a minimum grant amount allocation that you're looking at?

THE WITNESS: Yes. We believe in order to have high impact, far-reaching results, to develop innovative programs that impact effectively on communities that this amount is appropriate, and we base that also on our experience with programs that we've established around the state. As an example, our Wisconsin Alzheimer's Institute, our cancer center have a statewide collaborative programs, partnerships, and this is the type of Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 money that it takes in order to have impact. THE COMMISSIONER: And would organizations then be expected to put up an equal \$50,000 amount in order to be eligible for the grant? THE WITNESS: That's correct. THE COMMISSIONER: And have you looked at what types of organizations would have the financial

what types of organizations would have the financial capacity to put up that amount as opposed to perhaps some of the local community organizations that --I'm just wondering what ability some of those smaller local community organizations would have to raise that type of resources for a match?

THE WITNESS: Yes, I understand that question. We know that many of the organizations that we've worked with in the past would not have difficulty in having such an amount of money available for programs that would extend over a period of time, perhaps a year or two or three, so we've worked with many groups that have that ability. We think the matching provision will enhance the partnerships.

However, we also know that some small community organizations either singly or in coalitions will be in a similar situation, and we've Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 had a great deal of experience with matching funds approaches working with the State of Wisconsin and other organizations and we know this is a very effective way to create partnerships.

THE COMMISSIONER: And what amount of resources have you dedicated for start-up funds and have you looked at whether or not a smaller start-up allocation which would allow you to build the endowment for the future, how did you weigh the pros and cons between that?

THE WITNESS: Well, we've requested an initial allocation of \$20 million as I think what you referred to as start-up. We've requested that after careful analysis because we believe very strongly that we wish to catalize the development of these programs in creating the new paradigm of public health for the State of Wisconsin including prevention through research, public health education, and we would like to begin the fund for communities, the Enhancing Community of Rural Health Fund immediately, and so that's why we've requested the \$20 million and we have indicated explicitly that the remainder would be placed in an endowment serving generations to come.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	E	BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 60 MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Dr. Farrell. Next we'd like to call Mr. John Daniels. JOHN DANIELS, called as a witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: E X A M I N A T I O N
7	RY MF	R. BRANCH:
8	Q	Mr. Daniels, could you please give us your current
9	×	employment position and background.
10	А	My name is John Daniels, Jr. I'm a partner at
11		Quarles & Brady where I'm a member of the management
12		committee. I am presently national president of the
13		American College of Real Estate Lawyers and a
14		director of the Ralph Evinrude Foundation. I am
15		involved in a number of local entities which are
16		designed to enhance urban life.
17	Q	Why are you testifying here today?
18	А	I'm testifying today because I have been asked and
19		I've agreed to be a member of the board of directors
20		of Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin
21		Public Health Foundation, Inc.
22	Q	Can you give us an overview of the goals and
23	-	organizational structure of the proposed foundation?
24	A	Yes, I can. The issue of public health in the State
25		of Wisconsin is of course an important one to all of
_		Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 61 us. The health and general welfare of the citizens of Wisconsin is a crucial factor in maintaining the health of the state. With the increasing costs of medical care and the shortage of funds available for research and development, there is an increasing need to identify areas of need within the state in order to best focus and effectively utilize these funds. Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin Public Health Foundation was organized to address that need.

The general purpose of the foundation is set forth in the articles of incorporation. The foundation is organized and will be operated exclusively to promote the general health, welfare, and common good of the residents of the State of Wisconsin through its support of public health initiatives which have been described here today both by the University of Wisconsin Medical School and the Medical College of Wisconsin. Why are the medical schools involved? A degree of public dialogue has been focused on the

A A degree of public dialogue has been focused on the involvement of the two medical schools, and I believe these organizations are uniquely qualified to provide the insight and guidance as to the best and most appropriate use of the foundation's funds. Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 These schools are the only two educational institutions in our state that offer courses designed to award the Doctor of Medicine degree and other medical degrees.

Moreover, both of these institutions are nationally recognized and they share values and have a unity of purpose in their balanced fourfold mission of education, research, care, and community services. These missions are reflected in the plan which has been previously discussed here today and identified as "Advancing the Health of Wisconsin's Population."

Further, since these schools already have existing, effective infrastructures in place to carry out the purpose of the fund -- of the foundation, valuable funds that should and can be allocated to furthering the general health, welfare, and common good of the residents of our state are not being expended in the creation or administration of a new infrastructure.

Q Can you explain how the foundation will be managed?
 A The foundation was originally organized October 21st of 1999. It was created, as you know, as a not-for-profit, nonstock corporation under Wisconsin Statutes. The foundation was created with three Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 63 initial directors in order to facilitate its 1 2 incorporation and the filing various documents with 3 the Service. Once the conversion is approved, these 4 three directors will resign and a nine member board 5 of directors will replace them. 6 Q Have the board members been selected? 7 Α Yes, directors have been selected and identified 8 publicly. In addition to myself, the foundation 9 board will include Ben Brancel, Howard Fuller, David 10 Meisner, Louise Trubek, Kathy Hudson, George Stiel, 11 Robert Froelke, and Tom Lyon. These individuals 12 represent a very diverse cross-section of the State of Wisconsin and our community and each individually 13 14 brings a wealth of knowledge and experience in 15 public service to the foundation. 16 What will the board of directors do? Q 17 Α The board, once installed, will have principally two 18 main objectives. First, the board will oversee the 19 liquidation of United Heartland Group, Inc., stock 20 held by the foundation. Second, the board will 21 oversee the dissemination of funds which will result 22 from the liquidation of stock in United Heartland 23 Group, Inc. 24 Q What, if any, legal duties to the foundation members 25 -- what legal duties do the foundation members have Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 to the foundation?

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- 2 А In order to ensure the foundation directors act in 3 the foundation's best interest, each board member is 4 subject to three fiduciary duties that are required 5 in fact by law: the duty of care, obedience, and 6 loyalty. In very simple terms, directors are 7 required to act in the same manner as an ordinarily 8 prudent person would act in a like position under 9 similar circumstances. Directors must also give 10 their undivided allegiance to the foundation when 11 making decisions that affect the foundation and be 12 faithful to the mission of the foundation acting in 13 a manner that is consistent with the foundation's 14 goals and purposes which have been previously 15 outlined.
- 16 Q Switching to another subject now, is there anything 17 significant concerning the structure of the 18 foundation?
- 19AYes, Mr. Branch. The foundation is in fact20structured as a tax-exempt entity under the Code.21QIs that a reference to the Internal Revenue Code?
- 22 A Yes, it is.
- 23 Q Why is that important?
- 24AThe reason that's important is that the tax-exempt25structure was selected in part to maximize the funds
Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 which would be ultimately available to be distributed to the two medical schools. Had the foundation been structured differently, return on investments, including the sale of the United Heartland Group, Inc.'s stock could be subject to an additional 2 percent tax that is not applicable to entities such as the foundation.

Because the foundation is exempt, it is subject to certain limitations under the Internal Revenue Code regarding its operations, which will ensure that the foundation's activities are conducted on the terms which are fair and reasonable. For example, a tax-exempt organization is prohibited from allowing any part of its net earnings to inure to the benefit of any private individual. Further, all transactions and activities entered into by tax-exempt organizations must be on commercially reasonable terms and provide the foundation with no less than fair value for the goods or services provided by the foundation.

In short, all tax-exempt organizations must conduct themselves in a manner that furthers their exempt mission and does not unduly benefit private individuals or entities.

I want to point out particularly that the Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 66 1 reporting obligations concerning the foundation's 2 operations which flow from the foundation's status 3 as a tax-exempt entity will be particularly 4 beneficial to the public. The foundation is 5 required to make filings with the Service concerning 6 its operations which are open to public inspection. 7 As a result, the public will have access to review 8 the foundation's operations. 9 Will the foundation continue indefinitely? Q 10 Α It's not contemplated the foundation will continue in perpetuity. As discussed by other witnesses in this proceeding, the plan of conversion contemplates 11 12 13 that the foundation will divest itself of United 14 Heartland Group, Inc.'s stock over a period of 15 approximately five years and that proceeds from the 16 sale of such stock will be used to carry out the 17 public health initiatives which have been identified both for the University of Wisconsin Medical School 18 19 and the Medical College of Wisconsin. Once the 20 foundation determines that it no longer has a necessary or practical need to remain in legal 21 existence or when the funds have been completely 22 23 distributed, the foundation will in fact terminate 24 its existence. 25 Do you believe the conversion will be contrary to 0 Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 67 1 the interests of Blue Cross policyholders or the 2 public? 3 Yes, I do. The Foundation's role in the plan of Α 4 conversion is clearly beneficial to the public of 5 the State of Wisconsin. I've agreed to serve as a 6 director because I believe that the foundation will 7 advance the public health interests of the state. Given the mission of the foundation, the involvement 8 of the two fine medical schools, and the clear 9 10 benefit to the citizens of the State of Wisconsin, I 11 would urge the commissioner to approve the Blue 12 Cross plan of conversion and to allow the foundation 13 to be endowed. 14 So it's your testimony, Mr. Daniels, that the -- you 0 15 believe the conversion will not be contrary to the 16 interest of the policyholders or the public --17 I very strongly --Α 18 -- is that correct? Q 19 Α -- do not believe it would be contrary to the 20 interest of policyholders. 21 Thank you very much. I have MR. BRANCH: 22 no further questions at this time, Madam 23 Commissioner. 24 THE COMMISSIONER: You indicated that there would be a limited life for the foundation 25 Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878 l

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 board. During that time frame, what degree of oversight would the foundation board have over the medical schools in the use of the foundation resources?

THE WITNESS: It's my understanding that plans have been developed which have been described as organic documents. It would be my contemplation that those plans would have to be administered with what has been previously submitted to the Commissioner and that there would be appropriate oversight.

THE COMMISSIONER: And how would you anticipate that the foundation itself would go out obtaining expertise necessary to sell the common stock of United Hartland Group?

THE WITNESS: Madam Commissioner, I think that's an excellent question, and it would be my contemplation that given the diversity of the directors of the foundation, many of whom who have experience in various business aspects, that we would rely upon the expertise of those persons, but, more importantly, that we would seek professional advice from persons who are fully experienced and competent in maximizing and monetizing the value of the assets of the foundation for the public Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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1 2		interest.	
		THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.	
3		MR. BRANCH: Thank you. Our next	
4		witness, I'd like to call Mr. David Platter.	
5		DAVID PLATTER, called as a witness	
6		herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was	
7		examined and testified as follows:	
8		EXAMINATION	
9		R. BRANCH:	
10	Q	Mr. Platter, can you describe for you us your	
11		current occupation, please.	
12	A	Yes. My name is David Platter and I'm a managing	
13		director at the investment banking firm of	
14		Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette, or DLJ as I'll refer	
15		to it. DLJ is a New York based, full service	
16		investment banking firm providing a wide range of	
17		capital raising and merger and acquisition advisory	
18		services to clients in a broad range of industries.	
19	Q	Describe DLJ's experience in the Blue Cross Blue	
20		Shield sector, please.	
21	A	DLJ is a leading advisor to Blue Cross Blue Shield	
22		organizations as well as other health insurance and	
23		managed care companies. In addition to working with	Ĺ
24		Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin, or	
25		Blue Cross as I'll refer to it, DLJ has been	
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 70 involved in advisory capacities for other Blue plans 1 2 directly involved in acquisitions, restructurings or 3 conversions, as well as working for the relevant 4 state insurance commissioners in those situations. 5 What is your association with Blue Cross Blue Shield Q 6 United of Wisconsin? 7 Α DLJ was retained by a special committee of the board 8 of directors of Blue Cross, which I'll refer to as 9 the special committee, in February 1999 with respect 10 to strategic financial matters, including advising 11 on issues related to a possible conversion of the 12 company from a service insurance corporation to a 13 shareholder-owned corporation. 14 Please describe your work on behalf of the special 0 15 committee. 16 Our work for the special committee has included a Α 17 discussion of the rationale for conversion to a 18 shareholder-owned corporation, an overview of 19 comparable or precedent conversion transactions 20 involving our Blue plans, and a review of the 21 alternatives for completing such a transaction. The initial phase of our assignment from the special 22 23 committee addressed the issue of strategic 24 alternatives for Blue Cross. The alternatives we discussed included maintaining the status quo, 25 Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 71 converting to a mutual insurance company, and 1 2 converting to a shareholder-owned corporation. Our 3 team from DLJ met frequently with the special 4 committee and management to present our findings and 5 to discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each 6 of these alternatives. 7 Q What impact would the proposed conversion have on 8 the company's policyholders? 9 The special committee asked DLJ to address this Α issue in particular detail. To address this question properly, it is important to reflect upon Blue Cross's current situation and how the company's organizational structure impacts its ability to address the significant changes that are occurring today in the managed health care industry. Compared to the majority of managed health care companies, Blue Cross is a relatively small industry participant with limited financial 19 resources. Blue Cross's access to additional 20 capital is limited by its current organizational 21 structure. This significantly reduces the company's 22 ability to undertake strategic and operational 23 initiatives such as bolstering statutory capital 24 reserves, funding infrastructure initiatives to 25 improve administrative efficiencies, and increase Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 the depth and breath of services to its 1 2 policyholders, and pursuing strategic merger and 3 acquisition opportunities. We believe that the company's lack of 4 access to capital markets limits its stand-alone, 5 6 long-term prospects for success. To address these 7 issues and others, we believe that converting to a 8 shareholder-owned corporation will better position 9 Blue Cross as an organization to continue to provide 10 reliable health care insurance to its insured 11 members in the future. 12 Q How will the proposed conversion accomplish this? 13 Once converted to a shareholder-owned corporation, Α 14 Blue Cross will be able to access the capital 15 markets more efficiently. With access to the capital markets, Blue Cross will be able to increase 16 17 operational efficiencies through infrastructure 18 investments, fund growth and, where appropriate, 19 effect mergers or acquisitions. From a capital 20 raising perspective, by operating as a service 21 insurance corporation, Blue Cross is at a 22 significant disadvantage relative to its 23 shareholder-owned peers since its options for 24 raising equity capital are essentially nonexistent. If the company seeks to raise debt capital, its 25 Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 73 1 capital options are limited to the issuance of 2 surplus notes. 3 In contrast, over the last eight years, 4 Blue Cross's shareholder-owned competitors have 5 raised in excess of 7.3 billion in debt and equity 6 capital from the public capital markets. 7 As a shareholder-owned corporation, Blue 8 Cross will also be able to effect a merger with 9 United Wisconsin Services, Inc., or UWZ as I'll 10 refer to it, or other shareholder-owned managed care 11 entities. Through such a transaction, Blue Cross 12 would be able to achieve greater size in much less 13 time than would be required to grow the company 14 internally. In recent years, the managed care 15 environment has favored managed care providers with 16 greater size and scope as evidenced by the migration 17 of customers from smaller plans with limited 18 offerings to larger plans with broader coverage 19 options. 20 Who will receive the value of the company once the 0 21 proposed conversion is completed? 22 One of the principal concerns of the special Α 23 committee regarding the conversion was the question of what party or parties would receive the value of 24 25 the converted Blue Cross entity. There is also the

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 74 question as to what form and amount, if any, of the value of the new company granted to a third-party entity. The alternatives we reviewed in regard to this question included contributing a defined value to a foundation in the form of cash or contributing the full equity value of the company to a foundation in the form of stock.

It is the belief of the special committee, Blue Cross management, and DLJ that a contribution of the full equity value of Blue Cross in the form of 100 percent of the capital stock of the converted Blue Cross entity to a charitable foundation or the Foundation is the most straightforward solution. Currently, Blue Cross cannot undertake a defined value contribution since it does not have sufficient excess cash reserves to contribute a meaningful amount of cash to a foundation. Moreover, by contributing 100 percent of the capital stock, there is no question that the foundation is receiving 100 percent of the value of the company.

Q Has this alternative been implemented elsewhere?
A Yes. In our review of precedent conversion
transactions, including Blue Cross of California,
Blue Cross & Blue Shield if Missouri, and Empire Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 75 Blue Cross & Blue Shield, the entity receiving value or being proposed to receive value was or is one or more charitable foundations. However, it is important to note that the foundation contributions made in connection with the conversions of the California and Missouri Blue plans resulted from negotiated settlements reached after their conversions and were not proposed concurrently with the conversion as is the case with Blue Cross' proposed transaction here. In fact, unlike the other completed transactions and the proposed conversion of Blue Cross of Missouri, Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin is the only one of these plans which started a conversion process with a proposal to give all of the value of the company to a foundation. Furthermore, unlike Blue Cross of California, which was exempt from state taxes until the point of conversion, Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin reached its decision to fund the foundation with its full value despite the fact that it has paid state income taxes since 1972 and has been fully taxable for more than a decade. What can you tell us about the value of Blue Cross? Q Α The question of what Blue Cross is worth is, in many ways, irrelevant to this transaction. This is Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 76 because no matter what that value is, the foundation will be receiving all of it. By contributing 100 percent of its capital stock to the foundation, the foundation will have a claim on any and all aspects of value attributable to Blue Cross. Despite this fact however, we developed a preliminary indication of value -- of the value of Blue Cross as part of our analysis and evaluation of the conversion process.

The value being received by the foundation consists of two components. First, the equity value of Blue Cross as a stand-alone business; and, second, the value of Blue Cross's significant equity interests in UWZ, which is approximately 46 percent, and American Medical Security Group, or AMZ, which is approximately 38 percent. Of the two components, the easiest to value are Blue Cross's investment in UWZ and AMZ, which can be easily determined by stock market prices. The most difficult component to value is the equity value of Blue Cross on a stand-alone basis, which can only be valued definitively through either an outright sale of the company or through an offering of the company's shares to the public. However, by looking at relative valuations for Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 77 comparable companies, an approximate valuation can be imputed for Blue Cross on a stand-alone basis. For the benefit of the special committee, we completed a preliminary valuation of Blue Cross using two traditional valuation of methodologies. First, a comparable public companies analysis; and second, a comparable merger and acquisitions acquisition transactions analysis. Based on the results of our preliminary analysis, the value of Blue Cross on a stand-alone basis, combined with the value of its investments in UWZ and AMZ, implies a potential range of values from about 146 million to 600 million.

It should be noted that the value of the Blue Cross & Blue Shield names and marks is reflected in the preliminary range of values for Blue Cross. While the company derives meaningful value from being able to market its plans under the Blue marks, this goodwill value is embedded in the premium revenues and earnings achieved by the company that ultimately comprise its overall equity value. It should also be noted that since the time of preliminary evaluation analysis that I referenced, valuations of publicly traded managed care companies have declined significantly. Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 78 How will the foundation realize this value? 0 А In a conversion scenario in which all of the stock of Blue Cross has contributed to the foundation, the special committee asked DLJ to discuss the alternatives for achieving the liquidity necessary for the foundation to complete its charitable mission. Post-conversion, Blue Cross will be a privately held, shareholder-owned corporation and, consequently, it will not be immediately possible for the foundation to sell shares of Blue Cross to third-party investors to raise cash. We discussed with the special committee two liquidity alternatives available to the foundation, including first an initial public offering of common stock, or IPO, and a second merger or acquisition transaction. In assessing the potential for an IPO, several factors must be considered including the size of the company, the market environment for similar publicly traded companies, and the proposed use of proceeds. In our opinion, the IPO option does not currently represent a valid liquidity alternative to the foundation due both to the small size of Blue Cross relative to its publicly traded peers and the current adverse market environment for health insurance managed care companies. Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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Blue Cross could also provide liquidity to the foundation through a merger or acquisition transaction with a publicly traded company such as Under this scenario, Blue Cross's shares would UWZ. be exchanged either for cash or shares of the publicly traded partner. If shares were received as consideration, the foundation would be able to gain liquidity either by periodically selling a smaller number of shares in the market or by completing a single larger underwritten public offering of the shares received. A merger transaction could also potentially enhance the equity value of the new combined entity as it would result in greater scale and scope of operations. By having ownership in a larger merged entity, the foundation could potentially realize a greater premium in the ultimate sale of its shares, either in a piecemeal fashion to the market or in larger blocks through an underwritten public offering.

MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Mr. Platter. I have no further questions at this time.

THE COMMISSIONER: Can you comment in more detail on the current marketplace for health insurance stock and then what you would see over the five-year divestiture period?

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 THE WITNESS: It's very difficult to 80

speculate what may happen over the -- over five years. What I can say as to my comments that the market for health care stocks as traded off since we did our analysis, we did our preliminary evaluation work for the special committee in May and the market on a stock value basis is off 25 to 30 percent since then. Markets go up and markets go down. I really don't think I can speculate what's going to happen over the next five years. There is -- I think it's covered in the press a number of issues surrounding the health care industry right now which are bantered about and will perhaps have their impact on the value of the stocks as we go forward.

THE COMMISSIONER: Blue Cross has announced an estimate for the ultimate conversion proceeds of 250 million. Do you know how that figure was arrived at and are you comfortable with that estimate?

THE WITNESS: To answer the question, again, I want to underscore the comment I made that values in some ways are irrelevant and I think it's an important point to drive home which is that all the values being given to the foundation, whether that value is a small number or a big number or the Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 81 \$250 million. Again, the \$250 million number that was put forward is an estimate of a range done in May that considers factors such as where comparable public companies were trading at the time, both large and small publicly traded health care companies, and also takes a look at merger and acquisition transactions for other health care companies and the values that have been obtained in the sales of those companies, so I make reference a moment ago to a range of values from 146- to \$600 million of value, that's a very wide range, that encapsulates the top and the bottom of the various methodologies we undertook back in May. \$250 million as of May was a comfortable middle range of the types of value and work that we had done at that time.

THE COMMISSIONER: So the 250 just reflects the mid-point of the two numbers, there's -- is there anything else that went into that equation?

THE WITNESS: It was not a precise midpoint. Rather, it was an estimation at that point in time if one were to look at the value and the different methodologies we had examined. Roughly, what the enterprise, the combination of the value Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 82 1 they held in AMZ and UWZ stock and the value of Blue 2 Cross on a stand-alone basis might add up to it. 3 THE COMMISSIONER: And you indicated that 4 -- when you gave the 25 percent, what was the 25 5 percent number again? 6 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. 7 THE COMMISSIONER: Preliminary analysis 8 in May conducted and something has dropped 25 9 percent since then. 10 THE WITNESS: Oh, yes. I made reference 11 to the fact that the stock market for an index of 12 health care companies, if you looked at where that 13 index was, say, in May versus where it is now, the 14 index is off about 25 to 30 percent in rough terms. 15 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. 16 MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Mr. Platter. Our 17 next witness is Miss Gail Hanson. 18 GAIL HANSON, called as a witness herein, 19 having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined 20 and testified as follows: 21 EXAMINATION 22 BY MR. BRANCH: Could you please state your name and position with 23 Q 24 Blue Cross Blue Shield United of Wisconsin. 25 My name is Gail Hanson, I am the chief financial Α Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 officer, vice president, and treasurer for Blue 1 2 Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin. 3 What do your work responsibilities include? Q 4 Α My responsibilities include oversight of all the 5 financial, investment, and tax matters of Blue 6 Cross. 7 Can you give us a brief overview of Blue Cross's Q 8 financial history. 9 Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin has Α 10 historically enjoyed a reputation as a financially 11 sound insurance company. Blue Cross has been 12 subject to state income taxes since 1972 and has 13 been a fully taxable entity for more than a decade. 14 When taking into account income taxes, business 15 taxes, and ownership taxes together from 1987 16 through 1998, Blue Cross has paid in excess of \$72 17 million in taxes. On January 1, 1987, which coincides with 18 19 the date Blue Cross became subject to federal income 20 tax, our total assets measured approximately \$196 21 million and our total reserves and unassigned funds, 22 which for a service insurer is the equivalent of 23 surplus, approximated \$56 million. In comparison, 24 our most recent quarterly financial statements show that as of September 30, 1999, Blue Cross had total 25 Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7		BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 84 admitted assets of over \$243 million and total reserves and unassigned funds exceeding \$122 million, which is more than double our total reserves and unassigned funds from just over a decade ago.
6	Q	Have you been involved in reviewing the financial
		implications associated with the proposed conversion
8		of Blue Cross?
9	A	Yes. I have been actively involved in the proposed
10		conversion of Blue Cross and am knowledgeable of the
11		financial implications and benefits associated with
12		the proposed conversion. Based on the above
13		figures, which demonstrate our overall financial
14		strength, it is apparent that the purpose of the
15		conversion is not to rescue Blue Cross from
16		financial turmoil but rather to ensure its continued
17		financial strength in today's rapidly changing
18		health care market.
19	Q	Can you describe that current health care market?
20	Ã	In recent years, there has been a significant market
21		consolidation in the managed care industry.
22		According to reports prepared by our investment
23		banking firm, Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette, the
24		nation's top ten managed care firms have increased
25		their market share from approximately 43 percent in
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 85 1 1995 to over 51 percent in 1998. During this same 2 period, total enrollment in the top ten managed care 3 firms increased from 50.9 million enrollees to 76.6 4 million enrollees. Furthermore, recent surveys 5 indicate that over one-third of employers 6 anticipated moving to health plans with larger 7 provider networks in 1998. As a result, Blue Cross, 8 like other relatively smaller carriers, is being 9 gradually squeezed out of the health care market by 10 larger and better capitalized companies despite its 11 current financial strength. 12 Q Given these market trends, is Blue Cross 13 disadvantaged by its current organizational 14 structure? 15 In the last decade, increased demands for Α Yes. 16 lower costs, high quality health care products and 17 services have driven the need to attract investment 18 capital into the managed care industry. This influx 19 of capital has subsequently fueled a massive 20 restructuring of the health care system. Unfortunately, the current corporate and legal 21 22 structure of Blue Cross has severely limited its 23 ability to take advantage of these market trends. 24 For example, Blue Cross is unable to be a first 25 mover during market consolidation and is restricted Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 86 in its ability to pursue strategic mergers and acquisitions. Instead, we are forced to be reactive rather than proactive in this rapidly changing market resulting in adverse positioning for long-term growth. As a result, the current structure of Blue Cross could be viewed as actually limiting its ability to best serve its interests and the interests of its policyholders.

Also, as I previously mentioned, a significant disadvantage of the current corporate structure of Blue Cross is the limited ability to effectuate -- to effectively raise capital and directly access capital markets. Instead, Blue Cross must rely on its interests in United Wisconsin Services, Inc. and American Medical Security Group, Inc. to provide indirect access to capital markets. As a result, Blue Cross cannot generate the acquisition capital necessary to benefit from the dramatic consolidation trends that are sweeping through the managed care industry. Limited access to capital also impairs our ability to fund major technology and infrastructure improvements which again put us at a disadvantage with our largest competitors. It follows that Blue Cross, like many smaller insurers, may have difficulty competing on a Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 87 financial basis with our larger, better capitalized competitors.

Q How can Blue Cross generate needed capital? A Without access to capital markets, Blue Cross is

left with very limited and often undesirable alternatives to generate additional capital. One option for generating capital is to incur debt, which can negatively impact our insurance ratings and must ultimately be repaid by Blue Cross.

A second option is to raise premium rates for our policyholders. This second alternative is often viewed as detrimental to our policyholders and would likely result in a loss of business for Blue Cross. By converting to a stock insurance company, Blue Cross can no longer be forced to rely almost exclusively on increased premiums or debt to generate additional capital.

18 Q What are the advantages to converting to a stock 19 insurance corporation?

A There are financial advantages to converting Blue
 Cross to a stock insurance corporation. In fact, a
 number of the disadvantages I previously mentioned
 will be significantly reduced or eliminated if Blue
 Cross is allowed to convert to a stock insurance
 corporation. For example, the converted corporate
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 88 structure would provide Blue Cross with a greater opportunity and flexibility to raise capital to fund future growth by providing direct access to capital markets.

By gaining direct access to capital markets, we would be in a better position to fund necessary infrastructure and technology improvements and enhance the quality of services provided to our policyholders. Likewise, company growth and an increase in market share would improve negotiating strength and maximize economies of scale. Ultimately, these benefits would be passed on and enjoyed by existing and future policyholders of Blue Cross.

Finally, a conversion to a stock insurance corporation would provide Blue Cross with the corporate structure necessary to merge with United Wisconsin Services thus preserving intercompany relationships and economies of scale between these entities. A subsequent merger would also help to clarify investment community confusion with respect to the structure, operations, and strategies of the two companies, which could translate into increased stock values.

What would be the impact, if any, of a merger on the Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 stock of a post-conversion Blue Cross?

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- 2 Α The foundation created pursuant to the proposed 3 conversion will hold all of the stock of the newly 4 created stock holding company following the 5 conversion. In the event of a merger between Blue 6 Cross and United Wisconsin Services, the foundation 7 would receive its -- as consideration for its 8 shares, stock in the surviving entity or some 9 combination of stock and cash. Thus, the foundation could substantially benefit if the value of the 10 11 stock of the combined entity increases following a 12 merger.
- 13 Q From a financial perspective, is the proposed 14 conversion contrary to the interests of 15 policyholders or the public?
- 16 Financially, the proposed conversion is not contrary Α 17 to the best interests of our policyholders or the 18 public. In fact, we have reached a crossroads in 19 the health insurance industry where a path of 20 complacency and status quo could actually prove to 21 be detrimental to the long-run interests of Blue 22 Cross and its policyholders. To avoid this result, 23 we have chosen a path of innovation to provide Blue 24 Cross with the structure necessary to remain 25 financially secure and to continue to provide Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 1 quality health-related services to the people of 2 Wisconsin. 3 MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Miss Hanson. Ι 4 have no further questions at this time. 5 THE COMMISSIONER: The quarterly 6 statement for Blue Cross as of September 30th, 1999 7 indicated a statutory net worth of 122 million. 8 This number compares to the 198 million as of 9 December 31st, 1998. Could you explain the factors 10 that have contributed to the decline? 11 THE WITNESS: The decline is largely accounted for in the evaluation of Blue Cross's 12 13 investments and United Wisconsin Services and 14 American Medical Security. The stock price of both 15 of those companies had declined during that period. 16 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. 17 MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Miss Hanson. Ι 18 next would like to call Mr. Mark Orloff. 19 MARK A. ORLOFF, called as a witness 20 herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was 21 examined and testified as follows: 22 EXAMINATION 23 BY MR. BRANCH: 24 Could you please again restate your name and Q 25 position with the Blue Cross & Blue Shield Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878 l

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 91 1 association? 2 А My name is Mark Orloff and I'm the vice president 3 and deputy general counsel and assistant corporate 4 secretary of the Blue Cross & Blue Shield 5 Association, which I'll refer to here as the 6 Association. 7 Can you explain your work duties, please. Q 8 Sure. My primary duties include providing advice Α 9 and counsel to the Association's senior management, 10 board, and board committees as well as overseeing 11 the delivery of legal services within and to the 12 Association. In these capacities, I have gained a 13 detailed knowledge of the Association licensing 14 rules, including those relating to the conversion of 15 a Blue plan to an investor-owned company. 16 What is the purpose of your testimony here today? Q 17 I've been asked to focus on the requirements of the Α association as they apply to shareholder-owned 18 19 structures, such as Blue Cross Blue Shield United of 20 Wisconsin's plan of conversion and its use of a 21 foundation. 22 Please give us an overview of the association and Q 23 its relationship with Blue Cross companies? 24 Α Sure. The Blue Cross & Blue Shield Association is 25 the national coordinating body and trade association Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

		BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 92
1		for the 50 independent Blue Cross & Blue Shield
2		plans around the country. The association itself
3		owns the Blue Cross & Blue Shield names and marks,
4		which I'll refer to here as the Blue marks. As a
5		result, it is necessary for Blue Cross & Blue Shield
6		United of Wisconsin and the other independent Blue
7		plans to license the use of the Blue marks from the
8		Association. Nobody can use those marks or
9		participate in the Blue system of plans without
10		holding a formal license agreement with the
11		Association.
12	Q	Can Blue plans be organized as shareholder-owned
13		organizations?
14	А	Since 1994, Blue plans have had the option of
15		converting to a shareholder-owned organization.
16	Q	Have any Blue plans done so?
17	А	Yes, three plans have already done so. WellPoint
18		Health Networks, the Blue Cross licensee in
19		California, Trigon Blue Cross & Blue Shield in
20		Virginia and Georgia Blue Cross & Blue Shield.
21		There are also proposed pending conversions in New
22		York City of St. Louis to restructure the respective
23		local Blue plans.
24	Q	Are you familiar with the Wisconsin Blue Plan's
25		conversion proposal?
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	BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 93
А	Yes. In August of this year, the Wisconsin Blue
	Plan, Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin,
	petitioned the association for relicensure in
	connection with its plan of conversion. Such an
	application for relicensure is required under the
	Association rules because the conversion will result
	in a change of control. Absent approval from the
	Association, implementing the plan of conversion
	before you would be cause for the Association to
	terminate the Wisconsin plan's license to use the
•	Blue marks.
	Was the petition approved by the Association?
А	The board of directors of the Association, which is
	comprised of all of the CEOs of the independent Blue
	plans, approved the Wisconsin plan's proposed
	reorganization structure reflected in its plan of conversion subject to a number of conditions. These
	are the same basic conditions that have been
	required in all similar Blue plan conversions
	involving a foundation.
0	Could you explain those conditions, please?
	In general, the conditions that attach to approval
11	by the Association of a proposed conversion to a
	shareholder-owned entity and which are applicable to
	the plan of conversion of Blue Cross & Blue Shield
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	A Q A Q

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 United of Wisconsin can be summarized as follows. 94

First, the plan will have to remain in full compliance with all Association rules, except the rules that would preclude or otherwise preclude the foundation from owning more than 20 percent of the equity or 5 percent of the voting control of a plan. These rules include charter provisions, which in the Association's judgment adequately preclude other parties from obtaining more than 5 percent control and other protections against unwanted takeover efforts.

Second, the foundation is allowed to initially hold 100 percent of the plan's stock, but is required to reduce its ownership to 80 percent of such stock within the initial year of ownership and must subsequently sell down its shares so that within five years it is under the BCBSA Association licensure minimums.

Third, the foundation will not have any involvement in the nomination process for plan directors and its voting power over the plan shall be consigned to a voting trust that in the Association's judgment provides adequate assurance the foundation will not influence or control the plan.

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 95 1 Fourth, the foundation's board will be impartially and independently selected and be free 2 3 from any concentration of special interest involving 4 the state or local government. 5 Fifth, the foundation will be the only 6 holder of 5 percent or more of the plan's voter 7 stock. Absent these conditions, Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin would not be allowed to 8 continue to use the Blue marks if it converted to a 9 shareholder-owned company. Can you explain why these conditions are imposed on Q converting plans? There is a core set of interests that the Α Yes. Association seeks to protect in all of its licensure rules, including those that apply when a licensee such as Blue Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin 17 converts to a stock company. The Association's license agreements, while they contain many 18 19 technical details, embody at least five fundamental 20 commitments that are shared among all Blue Cross & 21 Blue Shield plans and form these core interests. 22 First, there is a commitment to the 23 integrated national network of Blue Cross & Blue 24 Shield plans. Subscribers with Blue Cross & Blue

Shield cards in their wallets can go anywhere in the Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 country, present that card to providers and take advantage of the networks and discounts that the Blue Cross & Blue Shield plans in that locality have negotiated. This is a great advantage to subscribers and an important selling tool in the competitive marketplace. Other national programs that knit all the plans together include a national network of HMOs, called HMO Blue USA. The Association and its member plans also serve collectively over 40 percent of the federal workforce. Commitment to participation in the national network is a fundamental value embodied in the license agreement and shared by all plans. Control or domination of a plan with another entity with other missions and goals could compromise this objective.

Second, a commitment to excellence in service and financial stability that is enforced through minimum standards that all plans must exceed.

Third, a commitment to independence. Through the licensure rules and requirements, all plans are committed to independence; namely, freedom from the influence or domination of any single entity or group that might serve a special interest Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 distinct from the interest of the plans, its members, and the Blue marks.

Fourth, a commitment to maintaining a local focus and presence in the service area within which the plan operates using the Blue marks.

Fifth, a commitment to promoting and enhancing the value of the shared Blue brands in common ways. This is achieved through a variety of service mark use regulations and other rules which govern how the licensed names and marks may be used.

In the context of Blue plan conversions, the Association has sought to balance the need to protect these five commitments and the need of plans to become shareholder-owned enterprises when it is either desirable or necessary to do so.

Q Do the Association's licensing rules address the possibility of a single entity gaining control of a Blue plan?

19 As mentioned above, the Association's Α Yes. 20 licensure rules were changed to allow plans to 21 become shareholder-owned organizations but to put in 22 place a set of particular rules that would apply to 23 such plans. These rules have many technical 24 nuances, but in basic form, they are designed to 25 prevent a single entity or group of entities acting Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 in concert from gaining control of an individual plan and retaining the right to use the Blue marks. How do the rules accomplish this?

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Q Α Protections were put in place to assure that, one, if a plan that had converted to a stock company structure fell under the influence of a single group or entity, it would no longer have the right to use the Blue marks; and two, investor-owned plans had strong -- have to have strong charter provisions against a third party that might seek to gain control of the plan and thereby force a loss of its Blue Cross and Blue Shield license. Thus, if a single entity or group of entities acting in concert acquire 5 percent or more of the voting control or 20 percent of the equity of a shareholder-owned Blue plan, that company's license to use the Blue marks automatically terminates unless a conditional waiver is granted by the Association.

There are also a series of rules designed to prevent any one entity from gaining control of a plan board and there are requirements that certain provisions be placed in the shareholder-owned plan's charter to assure that it is protected from third parties causing an involuntary termination of its Blue license.

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 99 1 Are you familiar with the fact that formation of a Q 2 foundation is proposed by the Wisconsin plan? 3 Α Yes. 4 Is the proposed foundation consistent with the Q 5 Association's rules regarding control by a single 6 entity? 7 The Association recognizes that a necessary element Α 8 of some conversion, which is evident in the plan of 9 conversion before you, Madam Commissioner, is the 10 creation of a foundation that at least initially 11 possesses all or much of the plan's stock. Because 12 of the unique nature of these foundations, the 13 Association may grant waivers to the 5 percent and 14 20 percent rules subject to certain conditions which 15 I discussed previously and are applicable to Blue 16 Cross & Blue Shield United of Wisconsin's plan of 17 conversion as well as the conversion of other plans 18 where a foundation owning plan stock is proposed. 19 These conditions are intended to assure that 20 although a foundation has excessive stock ownership, 21 it will not act in a way that threatens the 22 independence of the plan and that it will, over a 23 reasonable period of time, reduce its ownership and 24 voting power to the license minimums. The 25 conditions put in place a group of protections that, Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878 l

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 100 when taken as a whole, provide the Association and its members adequate assurances that their interests will not be compromised.

The Association understands that the conditions imposed on the Wisconsin plan's conversion reduce the flexibility of the plan and the foundation in some circumstances. However, these conditions in the Association's view are necessary to achieve and promote the five core values that are shared among all Blue Cross & Blue Shield plans and at the same time protect the value and integrity of the Blue marks.

- Q Lastly, Mr. Orloff, what effect would the Wisconsin plan's noncompliance, failure to comply with the Association's conditions have in connection with its conversion?
 - A The Association board has approved the proposed conversion subject to continuing satisfaction of the conditions I just referred to. Noncompliance with these conditions would result in a loss of the right to use the Blue marks, but we believe the Blue marks have great value in the marketplace and form a significant part of the value of any plan using them. Jeopardizing the ability to use such marks in turn puts at risk the corresponding value that the Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 101 Blue marks contribute to the company.

MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Mr. Orloff. I have no further questions of this witness.

THE COMMISSIONER: At the present time, the market for health insurance stock is very poor. If Blue Cross were to request an extension of their divestiture plan, recognizing that -- the market conditions, would that request be entertained and what criteria would you use then to consider that request?

THE WITNESS: Currently, in the proposal, there is no opportunity for such a request. I believe that our board would consider such a request and would consider now outlining the criteria that would be used in entertaining such a request. I can't give you the specifics. I think it would, you know, relate to the market conditions and the economic necessity at the time that might justify a at least brief extension of the sell-down period.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

MR. BRANCH: Thank you. Madam

Commissioner, I have just one additional witness --THE COMMISSIONER: Yes.

MR. BRANCH: -- which would take no more than 10 or 15 minutes. Whatever your pleasure is. Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 102 THE COMMISSIONER: First of all, what I'd like to do is just acknowledge all of the individuals that have arrived here for the informational hearing. We appreciate your being here. We do have one remaining witness for the Class 1 contested case hearing and then closing remarks, so we will begin the public hearing briefly. We appreciate your patience, and in between the Class 1 contested case hearing, we'll have a break real briefly again just to modify the setup. For those of you who are waiting to testify at the informational hearing, rest assured, you will not be subject to cross examination from two different entities. This is a slightly different process that we have right now. So we appreciate your patience and we just need to finish up real quickly with the contested case hearing. Thank you. MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Madam I call Miss Penny Siewert. Commissioner. PENNY SIEWERT, called as a witness

herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: E X A M I N A T I O N

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		BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 103
1	BY	MR. BRANCH:
2	Q	Could you state again your name and position with
3		Blue Cross Blue Shield United of Wisconsin.
4	A	My name is Penny Siewert and I am the senior vice
3 4 5 6 7		president of Blue Cross Blue Shield United of
6	0	Wisconsin.
8	Q A	Could you explain your job duties at Blue Cross. As senior vice president, I'm responsible for all
8 9	A	all Blue Cross group and individual products, direct
10		Blue Cross marketing strategy, and coordinate all
11		regional offices.
12	Q	Can you please explain Blue Cross's marketing
13	~	strategy and operations and how these will be
14		impacted by the plan of conversion?
15	А	Generally, Blue Cross marketing strategy is to
16		appeal to a wide spectrum of consumers and to offer
17		a correspondingly wide array of insurance and
18		administrative services products. This strategy
19 20		will not change as a result of the conversion to shareholder-owned status.
20 21		Specifically, Blue Cross offers insurance
22		products to group and individual policyholders. Our
23		group products include preferred provider
24		organization, point-of-service, traditional fee-for-
25		service, dental and pharmacy benefit plans. Blue
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 104 Cross also offers administrative services to large groups who desire to self fund their employee benefit plans. Individual products include Personal Choice, health insurance for individuals who are not covered by a group health plan, Medicare supplement plans, short-term or temporary coverage, coverage designed for children ages 1 through 17, and a longterm care product. In addition, Blue Cross contracts with the Health Care Financing Administration to provide coverage to Medicare beneficiaries through the Medicare Plus Choice program.

Blue Cross's wholly owned subsidiary, United Government Services, LLC, primarily processes Medicare claims pursuant to a contract between the Health Care Financing Administration and Blue Cross. Does Blue Cross plan to terminate any of these Q services after the proposed conversion? Blue Cross does not intend on terminating any lines Α of business as a result of the conversion. Independent of the decision to convert, Blue Cross has decided to put less emphasis on expanding its administrative services only line of business and more emphasis on growing its insured lines. As always, changes in the product mix may occur in the Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 105 future as necessary to respond to consumer demand, straight and federal law, and market indications. Are any service changes planned as a result of the proposed conversion?

A Blue Cross is dedicated and will continue to be dedicated to maintaining a presence throughout the state in order to more effectively serve the needs of our policyholders. Blue Cross corporate headquarters is currently located in downtown Milwaukee at 401 West Michigan Street. As previously announced, Blue Cross is in the process of consolidating its downtown Milwaukee operations into the 401 West Michigan Street corporate headquarters site, a 200,000 square foot office building. Blue Cross also has previously announced an expansion of operations at its sales and service offices in Ashland, Wisconsin.

To date, Blue Cross has 12 sales and service offices located throughout the state, including five primary regional service center offices. Our regional service centers are located in Milwaukee, Eau Claire, Stevens Point, Fond du Lac, and Evansville. These offices are dedicated to service to policyholders throughout the state. Customer service, sales, underwriting, enrollment, Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 106 claims, and provider contracting departments are located in each service center to ensure that each policyholder's needs can be met by Blue Cross employees who understand the needs of the community. Our Oshkosh office is the primary service center for Blue Cross individual product policyholders. Blue Cross also has sales and service offices throughout the state in the following cities: Ashland, Platteville, Sauk City, Oshkosh, Pewaukee, Brookfield and Monona. United Government Services processes Medicare claims for 11 offices located in six states. There are no plans to terminate or reduce services in any region as a result of the conversion. Are any marketing changes being proposed? Q Blue Cross currently uses independent agents and Α sales employees to market all its group and individual products, except Value Plus and Medicare Blue. These two products are sold nearly exclusively by Blue Cross employees. Blue Cross also intends to add the Internet as a marketing channel in the near future. Although usage of independent agencies can fluctuate over time, there are no plans to alter present distribution channels Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 107 1 as a result of the conversion. Any future changes 2 in distribution channels would be the result of 3 routine and ongoing business marketing strategy. 4 Are any rate changes contemplated? Q Blue Cross recognizes that rising health care costs 5 А 6 are a major concern for our policyholders and that policyholders may be wondering whether conversion 7 8 will impact their rates. As a shareholder-owned corporation, Blue Cross will face the same market 9 10 forces which place pressure on rates as we currently 11 face as a service insurance corporation. Market 12 forces such as medical inflation and rising 13 administrative costs affect service insurance 14 corporations and shareholder-owned entities 15 similarly. 16 The advantage of a conversion is that 17 Blue Cross will be able to look to additional 18 alternatives to combat market forces. Although 19

market forces will continue to affect premium rates, the plan of conversion does not contemplate rate increases and there are no plans to do so as a result of the conversion.

Q Does Blue Cross participate in any community
 outreach programs and will this participation
 continue after the proposed conversion?
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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 108 1 Blue Cross is committed to community outreach. This Α 2 commitment to the communities we serve will continue 3 into the future regardless of whether Blue Cross is 4 a shareholder-owned or service insurance 5 corporation. 6 Q Can you explain Blue Cross's charitable activities 7 in greater detail, please? 8 Blue Cross has contributed to various charitable, Α 9 educational, and health organizations which benefit 10 the people of Wisconsin. For example, Blue Cross contributed over \$60,000 in 1999 and has contributed over \$225,000 since 1995 to the Trigger Lock program of the Child Safe Foundation, a nonprofit foundation formed by the State Medical Society to promote injury intervention and safety among Wisconsin children. Blue Cross has helped to fund over 20,000 Trigger Lock distributions to gun owners throughout the state. Blue Cross also sponsors the annual Nurse of the Year award presented by the Wisconsin League for Nursing. This year Blue Cross contributed \$30,000 to this program honoring 22 Wisconsin's outstanding nurses. 23 Given our leadership in the health

industry, Blue Cross also sponsors anti-smoking campaigns, which improve the overall wellness of Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 109 Wisconsin citizens. We are proud of our participation in the American Cancer Society's Freshstart Smoking Cessation program, the Smoke-Free Class of 2000, and Teens Against Tobacco Use. This year alone, Blue Cross has contributed \$55,000 to these important programs.

Aside from these major campaigns, Blue Cross supports various organizations that serve the state, including Milwaukee Public Television, African World Festival, and the Coalition of Wisconsin Aging Groups.

Furthering the corporation's commitment to giving, members of the Blue Cross executive staff are actively involved in public interest organizations. For example, I am the president of the board of trustees for the LaFarge Lifelong Learning Institute, an organization devoted to the educational advancement of older adults. I am also on the board of the American Lung Association of Wisconsin and am a board member of the National American Lung Association's marketing initiative, Marketing Response Systems.

Altogether, the Blue Cross executives serve on over 20 community organization boards. Our executive commitment to public service will continue Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 110 regardless of whether Blue Cross is a shareholderowned or not-for-profit organization.

- 3 In your opinion, will the proposed conversion be Q 4 contrary to the interests of the Blue Cross 5 policyholders or the public?
- 6 Α No. As I have explained, there will be no 7 detrimental impact to Blue Cross policyholders as a 8 result of the conversion. The conversion of Blue 9 Cross to a shareholder-owned corporation will be a 10 seamless event for our policyholders. There will be 11 no disruption of service, no subscriber will lose 12 coverage as a result of the conversion, and there 13 will be no actions required by the policyholders to 14 continue coverage. There are no anticipated changes 15 in health care benefits as a result of the 16 conversion. Blue Cross will continue to meet the 17 reasonable expectations of our policyholders if the 18 conversion is approved.
- 19 I have just one final question. Will there be any 0 20 benefits to policyholders or the public as a result 21 of this conversion?
- 22 Blue Cross anticipates that the conversion will do Α 23 more than just allow us to maintain the status quo. 24 If the conversion is approved, we will strengthen our ability to develop products and take advantage 25 Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 111 of emerging technology to the benefit of our policyholders.

With increased access to capital, Blue Cross would be able to underwrite a broader product array. For example, although Blue Cross currently offers a long-term care product, Blue Cross would be able to devote more resources to educating consumers about this emerging product. As a result of increased access to capital, Blue Cross would be able to fully underwrite and expand marketing efforts for this product to Wisconsin consumers.

With increased access to capital, Blue Cross would also be able to take advantage of the increasing opportunities in the world of competitive technology. Blue Cross could take advantage of the vast resources of available through the Internet, including providing policyholders greater access to information regarding our products and benefits. Greater access to information invariably results in better service and increased consumer satisfaction.

With increased access to capital, Blue Cross would be able to increase its competitive strength. With a greater market share, we can provide additional job opportunities, achieve greater administrative efficiency, and strengthen Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 112 our ability to hold the line on ever increasing health care costs.

To summarize, Blue Cross products and operations will not change as a result of the conversion; Blue Cross charitable activities and commitment to the communities we serve will continue; policyholders can be assured that coverage will continue unaffected; and as a result of the conversion, we will be able to provide even better service to our policyholders. Accordingly, if the conversion is approved, there will be no detrimental effect to the contractual rights of our policyholders nor any detrimental effect to the reasonable expectations of our policyholders.

MR. BRANCH: Thank you, Miss Siewert. I have no further questions.

THE COMMISSIONER: You mentioned a number of the major charitable campaigns that Blue Cross is involved in. Do you know the range of annual contributions for the last few years that would be a total number as opposed to the major campaigns?

THE WITNESS: I don't have that offhand, but we could submit it to you in writing.

THE COMMISSIONER: Okay. Thank you. MR. BRANCH: Thank you. Your Honor --Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 113 or, Madam Commissioner, this concludes our direct testimony in this matter. We would appreciate the opportunity for a brief summation by counsel.

MR. BABLITCH: Thank you, Madam Commissioner. The Wisconsin Insurance Code specifically permits a Chapter 613 service as insurance corporation to convert to a shareholderowned insurance corporation. The ultimate touchstone which must guide you in your decision and through these proceedings in ruling on Blue Cross's application is the simple and straightforward legal standard set forth in Section 611.76(7). That is, the Commissioner must determine based upon the record before her whether the conversion of Blue Cross violates the law or is contrary to the interests of its policyholders or the public. Ιf the conversion of Blue Cross would do neither, then the Commissioner shall approve the application for conversion.

I submit that the record before you today clearly demonstrates that Blue Cross has met the statutory test and therefore the application for conversion must be granted.

The first step in the conversion process is for the board of directors of the converting Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 114 entity to pass a resolution indicating that the conversion is in the best interest of the policyholders. The Blue Cross board of directors passed such a resolution and adopted a plan of conversion on June 2nd, 1999. The resolution and the plan were submitted to the Commissioner as a part of the Blue Cross application for conversion.

As Mr. Hickman testified today, the Blue Cross board passed this resolution and adopted a plan of conversion only as the result of a careful and deliberative process during which it carefully evaluated the company's strengths and limitations in light of the highly competitive market in health care financing today. The board's decision was reached by drawing extensively upon their collective wisdom, their years of business experience, their knowledge of the insurance industry, and the company in particular. The board's resolution represents nothing short of its very best business judgment on how best to position the company for future growth and stability.

In determining whether the proposed conversion is contrary to the interests of the policyholders and the public, the Commissioner must determine whether the reorganization would be Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 115 detrimental to the safety and soundness of the insurer or the contractual rights and reasonable expectations of its current policyholders.

As our filings and testimony have established, there will be no disruption in service or an interruption of coverage for our policyholders. There will be no changes in premium rates, coverage, marketing, or customer service as a result of the conversion. From a policyholder's perspective, the conversion will be invisible.

On the other hand, over time, greater access to capital will permit the company to expand and enhance policyholders' service and product lines, ultimately benefiting our customers.

The testimony of Gail Hanson and David Platter evidenced how the conversion will enhance the strength, financial safety, and competitiveness of Blue Cross by providing it with access to capital markets and allowing for greater growth potential. All of this will help ensure that the contractual rights and reasonable expectations of policyholders will continue to be met in the decades ahead.

As a part of the conversion possess, we must show, and we have shown, that the conversion will not be contrary to the interests of the public. Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 116 The public is served by having a wide variety of choices in the health insurance market. Since 1939, Blue Cross & Blue Shield has been providing health coverage for thousands of Wisconsin citizens. The Blue Cross & Blue shield trademarks are one of the most recognized and trusted symbols in the health insurance field. It is certainly in the public interest to ensure the continued financial strength of the state's largest health insurer. As you have seen in our testimony and in our filings, a conversion allows the company to maintain financial strength in the face of changing market conditions.

However, the most visible and immediate tangible benefit to the public is the creation of the public health foundation. It is unprecedented for a Blue Cross plan to propose at the beginning of a conversion to endow a charitable foundation with 100 percent of the value of the company. Only after much negotiations and lawsuits have other Blue Cross plans made this kind of commitment.

Immediately following the conclusion of this Class 1 proceeding is a hearing pursuant to Section 611.76 of the Insurance Code in which interested persons and the public are invited to comment on the proposed conversion. The citizens of Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 117 Wisconsin have received notice of the proceedings today and tomorrow so that all interested persons may have the opportunity to share their views with the Commissioner. Indeed, Blue Cross wants to hear from a broad spectrum of citizens, and that is why we took out ads reprinting the notice of these hearings in approximately 245 Wisconsin newspapers, representing a combined total circulation of approximately 1.9 million readers.

In these next two days, you will likely hear many different ideas on how best to use the proceeds of the conversion. It is important to keep in mind during this process that, but for the conversion, there is no foundation, and without a foundation, there is no debate on the best use of the money. While the foundation proceeds represent a large sum of money, it is not limitless. In the field of public health as in other fields there are bound to be a wide variety of ideas on what is the best way in which to provide the greatest good with a limited amount of money. The Blue Cross & Blue Shield proposal sets forth a plan that is based on reason and research and which represents a thorough and careful analysis of how to meet the public health care needs of this state.

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 118 In conclusion, the guiding language of the statute is clear, and I quote, "The Commissioner shall approve the plan of conversion unless she finds that the plan violates the law or is contrary to the interests of the policyholders or the public." There is nothing in this record to suggest or even hint that the Blue Cross & Blue Shield plan of conversion violates the law or is contrary to the interests of the policyholders or the public. For these reasons and based on the entire record before you, we respectfully ask that you approve the Blue Cross plan of conversion as submitted. Thank you. THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you,

Mr. Bablitch. The contested case hearing as I indicated earlier will be continued and the record held open. The hearing record will remain open to permit me to consider the testimony received, both oral and written from the informational hearings and those submitted to our office. The informational public hearings are scheduled to follow the contested case hearing today and to continue tomorrow in Stevens Point at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point campus.

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 119 The contested case record will also be held open pending the recommendation of the appraisal committee and the OCI staff recommendation. After receipt of the appraisal committee's recommendation and the OCI staff recommendation, there will be an opportunity to comment for a period of time yet to be determined prior to the rendering of a decision on the Blue Cross Blue Shield United of Wisconsin's application for conversion. I would also note the appraisal committee report and OCI staff memoranda will be made available to the public once they are received. The report and memoranda will also be placed on the OCI Web site. We will be taking a short break before convening the informational hearing. It is now 12:25. We will convene the informational hearing in about ten minutes. Thank you.

(Whereupon, the Class 1 Contested Case hearing was concluded at 12:25 p.m.)

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BCBS CLASS 1 CONTESTED CASE AD. HEARING, 11/29/99 120 1 STATE OF WISCONSIN) SS. 2 MILWAUKEE COUNTY) 3 I, Debra A. Wisniewski, Certified Realtime Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of 4 5 Wisconsin, do hereby certify that the Transcript of 6 Proceedings of the Class 1 Contested Case hearing was 7 recorded by me and reduced to writing under my personal 8 direction. 9 I further certify that said hearing was taken at 10 the Italian Community Center, 631 East College Street, 11 Milwaukee, Wisconsin, on the 29th day of November, 1999, commencing at 10 o'clock a.m. and concluding at 12:25 12 13 p.m. 14 I further certify that I am not a relative or 15 employee or attorney or counsel of any of the parties, or 16 a relative or employee of such attorney or counsel, or 17 financially interested directly or indirectly in this 18 action. 19 In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand 20 and affixed my seal of office at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 21 this 29th day of November, 1999. 22 23 Debra A. Wisniewski, CRR/RMR/CSR 24 Notary Public, State of Wisconsin 25 My commission expires October 7, 2001. Gramann Reporting, Ltd. (414) 272-7878 l