

**SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS**  
**OF**  
**CM INDEMNITY INSURANCE COMPANY**  
**(a Wisconsin Insurance Corporation)**

Adopted: July 14, 2023

## ARTICLE I. OFFICES

1.1. Principal and Business Offices. CM Indemnity Insurance Company (the “Corporation”) (f/k/a American Sterling Insurance Company) may have such principal and other business offices, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the Board of Directors may designate or as the business of the Corporation may require from time to time.

1.2. Registered Office. The registered office of the Corporation required by the Wisconsin Insurance Code, Chapters 600 to 655 of the Wisconsin Statutes, to be maintained in the State of Wisconsin may be, but need not be, identical with the principal office in the State of Wisconsin, and the address of the registered office may be changed from time to time by the Board of Directors or by the registered agent. The business office of the registered agent of the Corporation shall be identical to such registered office.

## ARTICLE II. SHAREHOLDERS

2.1. Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of the shareholders shall be held at such time and date as may be fixed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors, for the purpose of electing directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. If the day fixed for the annual meeting falls on a legal holiday in the State of Wisconsin, such meeting shall be held on the next succeeding business day. If the election of directors is not held on the day designated herein, or fixed as herein provided, for any annual meeting of the shareholders, or at any adjournment thereof, the Board of Directors shall cause the election to be held at a special meeting of the shareholders as soon thereafter as is practicable.

2.2. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the shareholders, for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by the Wisconsin Insurance Code, may be called by the Board of Directors or the President and/or Chief Executive Officer. The Corporation shall call a special meeting of shareholders in the event that the holders of at least 10% of all of the votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the proposed special meeting sign, date and deliver to the Corporation one or more written demands for the meeting describing one or more purposes for which it is to be held. The Corporation shall give notice of such a special meeting within thirty days after the date that the demand is delivered to the Corporation.

2.3. Place of Meeting. The Board of Directors may designate any place, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the place of meeting for any annual or special meeting of shareholders. If no designation is made, the place of meeting shall be the principal office of the Corporation. Any meeting may be adjourned to reconvene at any place designated by vote of a majority of the shares represented thereat.

2.4. Notice of Meeting. Written notice stating the date, time and place of any meeting of shareholders and, in case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be delivered not less than ten days nor more than sixty days before the date of the meeting (unless a different time is provided by the Wisconsin Insurance Code or the Articles of Incorporation), either personally or by mail, by or at the direction of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or the Secretary, to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at such meeting

and to such other persons as required by the Wisconsin Insurance Code. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when deposited in the United States mail, addressed to the shareholder at his or her address as it appears on the stock record books of the Corporation, with postage thereon prepaid. If an annual or special meeting of shareholders is adjourned to a different date, time or place, the Corporation shall not be required to give notice of the new date, time or place if the new date, time or place is announced at the meeting before adjournment; provided, however, that if a new record date for an adjourned meeting is or must be fixed, the Corporation shall give notice of the adjourned meeting to persons who are shareholders as of the new record date.

2.5. Waiver of Notice. A shareholder may waive any notice required by the Wisconsin Insurance Code, the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws before or after the date and time stated in the notice. The waiver shall be in writing and signed by the shareholder entitled to the notice, contain the same information that would have been required in the notice under applicable provisions of the Wisconsin Insurance Code (except that the time and place of meeting need not be stated) and be delivered to the Corporation for inclusion in the corporate records. A shareholder's attendance at a meeting, in person or by proxy, waives objection to all of the following: (a) lack of notice or defective notice of the meeting, unless the shareholder at the beginning of the meeting or promptly upon arrival objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting; and (b) consideration of a particular matter at the meeting that is not within the purpose described in the meeting notice, unless the shareholder objects to considering the matter when it is presented.

2.6. Fixing of Record Date. The Board of Directors may fix in advance a date as the record date for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at any meeting of shareholders, shareholders entitled to demand a special meeting as contemplated by Section 2.2 hereof, shareholders entitled to take any other action, or shareholders for any other purpose. Such record date shall not be more than seventy days prior to the date on which the particular action, requiring such determination of shareholders, is to be taken. If no record date is fixed by the Board of Directors or by the Wisconsin Insurance Code for the determination of shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at a meeting of shareholders, the record date shall be the close of business on the day before the first notice is given to shareholders. If no record date is fixed by the Board of Directors or by the Wisconsin Insurance Code for the determination of shareholders entitled to demand a special meeting as contemplated in Section 2.2 hereof, the record date shall be the date that the first shareholder signs the demand. Except as provided by the Wisconsin Insurance Code for a court-ordered adjournment, a determination of shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at a meeting of shareholders is effective for any adjournment of such meeting unless the Board of Directors fixes a new record date, which it shall do if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than 120 days after the date fixed for the original meeting. The record date for determining shareholders entitled to a distribution (other than a distribution involving a purchase, redemption or other acquisition of the Corporation's shares) or a share dividend is the date on which the Board of Directors authorized the distribution or share dividend, as the case may be, unless the Board of Directors fixes a different record date.

2.7. Shareholders' List for Meetings. After a record date for a special or annual meeting of shareholders has been fixed, the Corporation shall prepare a list of the names of all of the

shareholders entitled to notice of the meeting. The list shall be arranged by class or series of shares, if any, and show the address of and number of shares held by each shareholder. Such list shall be available for inspection by any shareholder, beginning two business days after notice of the meeting is given for which the list was prepared and continuing to the date of the meeting, at the Corporation's principal office or at a place identified in the meeting notice in the city where the meeting will be held. A shareholder or his or her agent may, on written demand, inspect and, subject to the limitations imposed by the Wisconsin Insurance Code, copy the list, during regular business hours and at his or her expense, during the period that it is available for inspection pursuant to this Section 2.7. The Corporation shall make the shareholders' list available at the meeting and any shareholder or his or her agent or attorney may inspect the list at any time during the meeting or any adjournment thereof. Refusal or failure to prepare or make available the shareholders' list shall not affect the validity of any action taken at a meeting of shareholders.

2.8. Quorum and Voting Requirements. Shares entitled to vote as a separate voting group may take action on a matter at a meeting only if a quorum of those shares exists with respect to that matter. If the Corporation has only one class of stock outstanding, such class shall constitute a separate voting group for purposes of this Section 2.8. Except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation or the Wisconsin Insurance Code, a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter shall constitute a quorum of the voting group for action on that matter. Once a share is represented for any purpose at a meeting, other than for the purpose of objecting to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting, it is considered present for purposes of determining whether a quorum exists for the remainder of the meeting and for any adjournment of that meeting unless a new record date is or must be set for the adjourned meeting. If a quorum exists, except in the case of the election of directors, action on a matter shall be approved if the votes cast within the voting group favoring the action exceed the votes cast opposing the action, unless the Articles of Incorporation or the Wisconsin Insurance Code requires a greater number of affirmative votes. Unless otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation, each director shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast by the shares entitled to vote in the election of directors at a meeting at which a quorum is present. Though less than a quorum of the outstanding votes of a voting group are represented at a meeting, a majority of the votes so represented may adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally notified.

2.9. Conduct of Meeting. The President and/or Chief Executive Officer, and in his or her absence, a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, in the order provided under Section 5.8 hereof, and in their absence, any person chosen by the shareholders present, shall call the meeting of the shareholders to order and shall act as chairperson of the meeting, and the Secretary of the Corporation shall act as secretary of all meetings of the shareholders, but, in the absence of the Secretary, the presiding officer may appoint any other person to act as secretary of the meeting.

2.10. Proxies. At all meetings of shareholders, a shareholder may vote his or her shares in person or by proxy. A shareholder may appoint a proxy to vote or otherwise act for the shareholder by signing an appointment form, either personally or by his or her attorney-in-fact. An appointment of a proxy is effective when received by the Secretary or other officer or agent of the

Corporation authorized to tabulate votes. An appointment is valid for eleven months from the date of its signing unless a different period is expressly provided in the appointment form.

2.11. Voting of Shares. Except as provided in the Articles of Incorporation or in the Wisconsin Insurance Code, each outstanding share, regardless of class, is entitled to one vote on each matter voted on at a meeting of shareholders.

2.12. Action without Meeting. Any action required or permitted by the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws or any provision of the Wisconsin Insurance Code to be taken at a meeting of the shareholders may be taken without a meeting and without action by the Board of Directors if a written consent or consents, describing the action so taken, is signed by all of the shareholders entitled to vote with respect to the subject matter thereof and delivered to the Corporation for inclusion in the corporate records.

2.13. Acceptance of Instruments Showing Shareholder Action. If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment corresponds to the name of a shareholder, the Corporation, if acting in good faith, may accept the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment and give it effect as the act of a shareholder. If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment does not correspond to the name of a shareholder, the Corporation, if acting in good faith, may accept the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment and give it effect as the act of the shareholder if any of the following apply:

(a) The shareholder is an entity and the name signed purports to be that of an officer or agent of the entity.

(b) The name purports to be that of a personal representative, administrator, executor, guardian or conservator representing the shareholder and, if the Corporation requests, evidence of fiduciary status acceptable to the Corporation is presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment.

(c) The name signed purports to be that of a receiver or trustee in bankruptcy of the shareholder and, if the Corporation requests, evidence of this status acceptable to the Corporation is presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment.

(d) The name signed purports to be that of a pledgee, beneficial owner, or attorney-in-fact of the shareholder and, if the Corporation requests, evidence acceptable to the Corporation of the signatory's authority to sign for the shareholder is presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment.

(e) Two or more persons are the shareholders as co-tenants or fiduciaries and the name signed purports to be the name of at least one of the co-owners and the person signing appears to be acting on behalf of all co-owners. The Corporation may reject a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment if the Secretary or other officer or agent of the Corporation who is authorized to tabulate votes, acting in good faith, has reasonable basis for doubt about the validity of the signature on it or about the signatory's authority to sign for the shareholder.

### ARTICLE III. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

3.1. General Powers and Number. All corporate powers shall be exercised by or under the authority of, and the business and affairs of the Corporation managed under the direction of, the Board of Directors. The initial number of directors will be five (5). Thereafter the number may be increased or decreased from time to time by resolution of the Board of Directors but may not be fewer than five (5) nor more than seven (7) during the first five years after incorporation, and may not be fewer than three (3) nor more than seven (7) thereafter. If the directors remaining in office constitute less than a quorum of the Board of Directors, the directors, by the affirmative vote of a majority of all directors remaining in office may establish the number of directors. No decrease in the number of directors shall have the effect of shortening the term of an incumbent director,

3.2. Tenure and Qualifications. Each director shall hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders and until his or her successor shall have been elected and, if necessary, qualified, or until there is a decrease in the number of directors which takes effect after the expiration of his or her term, or until his or her prior death, resignation or removal. A director may be removed by the shareholders only at a meeting called for the purpose of removing the director, and the meeting notice shall state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is removal of the director. A director may be removed from office with or without cause if the votes cast to remove the director exceeds the number of votes cast not to remove such director. A director may resign at any time by delivering written notice which complies with the Wisconsin Insurance Code to the Board of Directors, to the Chairperson of the Board or to the Corporation. A director's resignation is effective when the notice is delivered unless the notice specifies a later effective date. Directors need not be residents of the State of Wisconsin or shareholders of the Corporation.

3.3. Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at such times and places as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

3.4. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by or at the request of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer, Secretary or any two directors. The President and/or Chief Executive Officer or Secretary may fix any place, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the place for holding any special meeting of the Board of Directors, and if no other place is fixed, the place of the meeting shall be the principal office of the Corporation in the State of Wisconsin.

3.5. Notice; Waiver. Notice of each special meeting of the Board of Directors shall be given to each director by written or oral notice delivered or communicated in person, by telephone, facsimile or other form of wire or wireless electronic communication, or by mail or private carrier, to each director at his business address or at such other address as such director shall have designated in writing filed with the Secretary, in each case not less than one day prior to the meeting. The notice need not state the purpose of the special meeting of the Board of Directors or the business to be transacted at such meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when deposited in the United States mail so addressed, with postage thereon prepaid. If notice is given by private carrier, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when delivered to the private carrier. Personal notice shall be deemed to be effective when communicated. If notice is sent electronically, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when it is received by the server of the

recipient. Whenever any notice is required to be given to any director of the Corporation under the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws or any provision of the Wisconsin Insurance Code, a waiver thereof in writing, signed at any time, whether before or after the date and time of meeting, by the director entitled to such notice shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. The Corporation shall retain any such waiver as part of the permanent corporate records. A director's attendance at or participation in a meeting waives any required notice to him or her of the meeting unless the director at the beginning of the meeting or promptly upon his or her arrival objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting and does not thereafter vote for or assent to action taken at the meeting.

3.6. Quorum. Except as otherwise provided by the Wisconsin Insurance Code or by the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, a majority of the number of directors specified in Section 3.1 of these Bylaws shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board of Directors. Except as otherwise provided by the Wisconsin Insurance Code or by the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, a quorum of any committee of the Board of Directors created pursuant to Article 4 hereof shall consist of a majority of the number of directors appointed to serve on the committee.

3.7. Manner of Acting. The affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee thereof at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors or such committee, as the case may be, unless the Wisconsin Insurance Code, the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws require the vote of a greater number of directors.

3.8. Conduct of Meetings. The Chairperson of the Board, and in his or her absence, the President and/or Chief Executive Officer, and in his or her absence, –a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, in the order provided under Section 5.10, and in their absence, any director chosen by the directors present, shall call meetings of the Board of Directors to order and shall act as chairperson of the meeting. The Secretary of the Corporation shall act as secretary of all meetings of the Board of Directors but in the absence of the Secretary, the presiding officer may appoint any other person present to act as secretary of the meeting. Minutes of any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors shall be prepared and distributed to each director.

3.9. Vacancies. Except as provided below, any vacancy occurring on the Board of Directors, including a vacancy resulting from an increase in the number of directors, may be filled by any of the following: (a) the shareholders; (b) the Board of Directors; or (c) if the Directors remaining in office constitute less than a quorum of the Board of Directors, the directors, by the affirmative vote of a majority of all directors remaining in office. If the vacant office was held by a director elected by a voting group of shareholders, only the holders of shares of that voting group may vote to fill the vacancy if it is filled by the shareholders, and only the remaining directors elected by that voting group may vote to fill the vacancy if it is filled by the directors. A vacancy that will occur at a specific later date, because of a resignation effective at a later date or otherwise, may be filled before the vacancy occurs, but the new director may not take office until the vacancy occurs.

3.10. Compensation. The Board of Directors, irrespective of any personal interest of any of its members, may establish reasonable compensation of all directors for services to the Corporation as directors, officers or otherwise, or may delegate such authority to an appropriate committee. The Board of Directors also shall have authority to provide for or delegate authority to an appropriate committee to provide for reasonable pensions, disability or death benefits, and other benefits or payments, to directors, officers and employees and to their estates, families, dependents or beneficiaries on account of prior services rendered by such directors, officers and employees to the Corporation.

3.11. Presumption of Assent. A director who is present and is announced as present at a meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof created in accordance with Article 4 hereof, when corporate action is taken, assents to the action taken unless any of the following occurs: (a) the director objects at the beginning of the meeting or promptly upon his or her arrival to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting; (b) the director's dissent or abstention from the action taken is entered in the minutes of the meeting; or (c) the director delivers written notice that complies with the Wisconsin Insurance Code of his or her dissent or abstention to the presiding officer of the meeting before its adjournment or to the Corporation immediately after adjournment of the meeting. Such right of dissent or abstention shall not apply to a director who votes in favor of the action taken.

3.12. Telephonic Meetings and Meetings Held Through Electronic Communication. Except as herein provided and notwithstanding any place set forth in the notice of the meeting or these Bylaws, members of the Board of Directors (and any committees thereof created pursuant to Article 4 hereof) may participate in regular or special meetings by, or through the use of, any means of communication by which (a) all participants may simultaneously hear each other, such as by conference telephone or (b) all communication during the meeting is immediately transmitted to each participating director, and each participating director is able to immediately send messages to all other participating directors. If a meeting is conducted by such means, then at the commencement of such meeting the presiding officer shall inform the participating directors that a meeting is taking place at which official business may be transacted. Any participant in a meeting by such means shall be deemed present in person at such meeting.

3.13. Action without Meeting. Any action required or permitted by the Wisconsin Insurance Code to be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee thereof created pursuant to Article 4 hereof may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by all members of the Board or of the committee. The action shall be evidenced by one or more written consents describing the action taken, signed by each director or committee member and retained by the Corporation. Such action shall be effective when the last director or committee member signs the consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date.

#### ARTICLE IV. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

4.1. Election. The Board of Directors by resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors set forth in Section 3.1 may appoint an Executive Committee and other committees composed of three or more of its members, and may appoint one of the members of each such committee to the office of chairperson thereof. Members of the committees of the Board



of Directors shall hold office for a term of one year and until their successors are appointed and qualify or until they shall cease to be directors.

4.2. Powers. Subject to such limitations as may from time to time be established by resolution of the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee shall have any and may exercise all of the powers of the Board of Directors when the Board of Directors is not in session except that neither the Executive Committee, nor any other committee of the Board of Directors, shall have any power to take any action in respect of any of the following matters: (a) compensation or indemnification of any person who is a director, principal officer or one of the three most highly paid employees, and any benefits or payments requiring shareholder or policyholder approval; (b) approval of any contract required to be approved by the Board of Directors under Sections 611.60 or 611.61 of the Wisconsin Insurance Code, or of any other transaction in which a director has a material interest adverse to the Corporation; (c) amendment of the Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws; (d) merger, stock exchanges, conversion, voluntary dissolution, or transfer of business or assets; (e) any other decision requiring shareholder or policyholder approval; (f) amendment or repeal of any action previously taken by the full Board of Directors which by its terms is not subject to amendment or repeal by a committee; (g) dividends or other distributions to shareholders or policyholders, other than in the routine implementation of policy determinations of the full Board of Directors; (h) selection of principal officers; and (i) filling of vacancies on the Board of Directors or any committee created hereunder, except for temporary appointments to fill vacancies on the Board of Directors or any such committee, which appointments shall expire at the end of the next meeting of the Board of Directors. Other committees of the Board of Directors shall have such powers as shall be properly delegated to them by the Board of Directors, subject to the limitation set forth in the preceding sentence of this Section 4.2.

4.3. Vacancies. If the office of any member of any committee becomes vacant by death, resignation, or otherwise, such vacancy may be filled from the members of the Board by the Board of Directors.

4.4. Substitute Members. In the event that a member of any committee is absent from a meeting of the committee, the members of the committee present at the meeting, whether or not they constitute a quorum, may appoint another director to act in place of the absent member.

4.5. Meetings and Notice of Meetings. The Executive Committee shall meet from time to time on call of the Chairperson of the Board, or on call of any two or more members of the Executive Committee, for the transaction of any business. Notice of every meeting of the Executive Committee shall be given to each member by written or oral notice delivered or communicated in person, by telephone, facsimile or other form of wire or wireless electronic communication, or by mail or private carrier, to each member at his business address or at such other address as such member shall have designated in writing filed with the Secretary, in each case not less than one day prior to the meeting. The notice need not state the purpose of the meeting or the business to be transacted at such meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when deposited in the United States mail so addressed, with postage thereon prepaid. If notice is given by private carrier, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when delivered to the private carrier. Personal notice shall be deemed to be effective when communicated. If notice is sent electronically, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when it is received by the server

of the recipient. Whenever any notice is required to be given to any member under the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws or any provision of the Wisconsin Insurance Code, a waiver thereof in writing, signed at any time, whether before or after the date and time of meeting, by the member entitled to such notice shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. The Corporation shall retain any such waiver as part of the permanent corporate records. A member's attendance at or participation in a meeting waives any required notice to him or her of the meeting unless the member at the beginning of the meeting or promptly upon his or her arrival objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting and does not thereafter vote for or assent to action taken at the meeting. All other committees of the Board of Directors shall meet at such times and upon such notice as they may determine.

4.6. Quorum; Action at Meetings. At any meeting of any committee, however called, a majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. A majority of such quorum shall decide any questions that may come before the meeting.

## ARTICLE V. OFFICERS

5.1. Election and Number. The Board of Directors may appoint one of its number as Chairperson of the Board. The Board of Directors shall appoint a President and/or Chief Executive Officer, a Secretary and a Treasurer as its principal officers, none of whom is required to be a director. The Board of Directors may also appoint one or more Vice Presidents, who may be designated as Executive Vice Presidents or Senior Vice Presidents, none of whom is required to be a director. All officers of the Corporation shall hold office at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. Any two or more offices may, at the direction of the Board of Directors, be held by the same person; provided, however, that the principal offices shall be held by at least three separate individuals. The Board of Directors may, from time to time, appoint such other officers and agents with such powers and duties as the Board may prescribe, subject to the limitations set forth in the Wisconsin Insurance Code.

5.2. Removal. The Board of Directors may remove any officer and, unless restricted by the Board of Directors or these Bylaws, an officer may remove any officer or assistant officer appointed by that officer, at any time, with or without cause and notwithstanding the contract rights, if any, of the officer removed. The appointment of an officer does not of itself create contract rights.

5.3. Resignation. An officer may resign at any time by delivering notice to the Corporation that complies with the Wisconsin Insurance Code. The resignation shall be effective when the notice is delivered, unless the notice specifies a later effective date and the Corporation accepts the later effective date.

5.4. Vacancies. A vacancy in any principal office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or otherwise, shall be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term. If a resignation of an officer is effective at a later date as contemplated by Section 5.3 hereof, the Board of Directors may fill the pending vacancy before the effective date if the Board provides that the successor may not take office until the effective date.

5.5. Chairperson of the Board. The Chairperson of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and shall perform such other duties and exercise such other powers as may be assigned to him or her from time to time by the Board of Directors.

5.6. President and/or Chief Executive Officer. The President and/or Chief Executive Officer, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, shall in general supervise and control all of the business and affairs of the Corporation. The President and/or Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings of the shareholders and, in the absence of the Chairperson of the Board, shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors. He or she shall have authority, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors, to appoint such agents and employees of the Corporation as he or she shall deem necessary, to prescribe their powers, duties and compensation, and to delegate authority to them. Such agents and employees shall hold office at the discretion of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer. He or she shall have authority to sign, execute and acknowledge, on behalf of the Corporation, all deeds, mortgages, bonds, stock certificates, contracts, leases, reports and all other documents or instruments necessary or proper to be executed in the course of the Corporation's regular business, or which shall be authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors and, except as otherwise provided by law or the Board of Directors, he or she may authorize any Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, or other officer or agent of the Corporation to sign, execute and acknowledge such documents or instruments in his or her place and stead. In general, he or she shall perform all duties incident to the office of President and/or Chief Executive Officer and such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors from time to time. In the absence of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or in the event of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer's death, inability or refusal to act, or in the event for any reason it shall be impracticable for the President and/or Chief Executive Officer to act personally, the Board of Directors will grant a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, the authority to perform the duties of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer, and when so acting, shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President and/or Chief Executive Officer.

5.7. Secretary. The Secretary shall: (a) keep minutes of the meetings of the shareholders and of the Board of Directors (and of committees thereof) in one or more books provided for that purpose (including records of actions taken by the shareholders or the Board of Directors (or committees thereof) without a meeting); (b) see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of these Bylaws or as required by the Wisconsin Insurance Code; (c) be custodian of the corporate records and of the seal of the Corporation and see that the seal of the Corporation is affixed to all documents the execution of which on behalf of the Corporation under its seal is duly authorized; (d) maintain a record of the shareholders of the Corporation, in a form that permits preparation of a list of the names and addresses of all shareholders, by class or series of shares and showing the number and class or series of shares held by each shareholder; (e) sign with the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, certificates for shares of the Corporation, the issuance of which shall have been authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors; (f) have general charge of the stock transfer books of the Corporation; and (g) in general perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and have such other duties and exercise such authority as from time to time

may be delegated or assigned by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or by the Board of Directors.

5.8. Treasurer. The Treasurer shall be the Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation. The Treasurer shall: (a) have charge and custody of and be responsible for all funds and securities of the Corporation; (b) maintain appropriate accounting records; (c) receive and give receipts for moneys due and payable to the Corporation from any source whatsoever, and deposit all such moneys in the name of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositories as shall be selected in accordance with the provisions of Section 6.4; and (d) in general perform all of the duties incident to the office of Treasurer and have such other duties and exercise such other authority as from time to time may be delegated or assigned by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or by the Board of Directors. If required by the Board of Directors, the Treasurer shall give a bond for the faithful discharge of his or her duties in such sum and with such surety or sureties as the Board of Directors shall determine.

5.9. Vice Presidents. Each Vice President shall have such duties as may be assigned to him from time to time by the Board of Directors or the President and/or Chief Executive Officer. Any Vice President may, in the discretion of the Board of Directors, be designated as "executive," "senior" or by departmental or functional classification. In the event of a temporary absence of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer on vacation or business, the President and/or Chief Executive Officer may designate a Vice President or Vice Presidents, who may be designated as Executive Vice Presidents or Senior Vice Presidents, who will perform the duties of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer in such absence. In the event of a prolonged absence of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer due to illness or disability or for any other reason, the Board of Directors shall designate a Vice President or Vice Presidents, who may be designated as Executive Vice Presidents or Senior Vice Presidents, who will perform the duties of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer during such absence.

5.10. Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers. There shall be such number of Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers as the Board of Directors may from time to time authorize. The Assistant Secretaries may sign with the President and/or Chief Executive Officer—or a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, certificates for shares of the Corporation the issuance of which shall have been authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors. The Assistant Treasurers shall respectively, if required by the Board of Directors, give bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties in such sums and with such sureties as the Board of Directors shall determine. The Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, in general, shall perform such duties and have such authority as shall from time to time be delegated or assigned to them by the Secretary or the Treasurer, respectively, or by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or the Board of Directors.

5.11. Other Assistants and Acting Officers. The Board of Directors shall have the power to appoint, or to authorize any duly appointed officer of the Corporation to appoint, any person to act as assistant to any officer, or as agent for the Corporation in his or her stead, or to perform the duties of such officer whenever for any reason it is impracticable for such officer to act personally, and such assistant or acting officer or other agent so appointed by the Board of Directors or an authorized officer shall have the power to perform all the duties of the office to which he or she is

so appointed to be an assistant, or as to which he or she is so appointed to act, except as such power may be otherwise defined or restricted by the Board of Directors or the appointing officer.

5.12. Salaries. The salaries of the principal officers shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors or by a duly authorized committee thereof, and no officer shall be prevented from receiving such salary by reason of the fact that he or she is also a director of the Corporation.

#### ARTICLE VI. CONTRACTS, LOANS, CHECKS AND DEPOSITS; SPECIAL CORPORATE ACTS

6.1. Contracts. The Board of Directors may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute or deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, and such authorization may be general or confined to specific instances. In the absence of other designation, all deeds, mortgages and instruments of assignment or pledge made by the Corporation shall be executed in the name of the Corporation by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or one of the Vice Presidents, who may be designated as Executive Vice Presidents or Senior Vice Presidents, and by the Secretary, an Assistant Secretary, the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer; the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, when necessary or required, shall affix the corporate seal, if any, thereto; and when so executed no other party to such instrument or any third party shall be required to make any inquiry into the authority of the signing officer or officers.

6.2. Loans. No indebtedness for borrowed money shall be contracted on behalf of the Corporation and no evidences of such indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by or under the authority of a resolution of the Board of Directors. Such authorization may be general or confined to specific instances.

6.3. Checks, Drafts, etc. All checks, drafts or other orders for the payment of money, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of the Corporation, shall be signed by such officer or officers, agent or agents of the Corporation and in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by or under the authority of a resolution of the Board of Directors.

6.4. Deposits. All funds of the Corporation not otherwise employed shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositories as may be selected by or under the authority of a resolution of the Board of Directors.

6.5. Voting of Securities Owned by this Corporation. Subject always to the specific directions of the Board of Directors, (a) any shares or other securities issued by any other corporation and owned or controlled by this Corporation may be voted at any meeting of security holders of such other corporation by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer of this Corporation if he or she be present, or in his or her absence by –any Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, of this Corporation who may be present, and (b) whenever, in the judgment of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer, or in his or her absence, of –any Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, it is desirable for this Corporation to execute a proxy or written consent in respect to any shares or other securities issued by any other corporation and owned by this

Corporation, such proxy or consent shall be executed in the name of this Corporation by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or –one of the Vice Presidents, who may be designated as Executive Vice Presidents or Senior Vice Presidents, of this Corporation, without necessity of any authorization by the Board of Directors, affixation of corporate seal, if any, or countersignature or attestation by another officer. Any person or persons designated in the manner above stated as the proxy or proxies of this Corporation shall have full right, power and authority to vote the shares or other securities issued by such other corporation and owned by this Corporation the same as such shares or other securities might be voted by this Corporation.

## ARTICLE VII. CERTIFICATES FOR SHARES; TRANSFER OF SHARES

7.1. Certificates for Shares. Certificates representing shares of the Corporation shall be in such form, consistent with the Wisconsin Insurance Code, as shall be determined by the Board of Directors. Such certificates shall be signed by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer– or a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, and by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary. All certificates for shares shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified. The name and address of the person to whom the shares represented thereby are issued, with the number of shares and date of issue, shall be entered on the stock transfer books of the Corporation. All certificates surrendered to the Corporation for transfer shall be canceled and no new certificate shall be issued until the former certificate for a like number of shares shall have been surrendered and canceled, except as provided in Section 7.6.

7.2. Facsimile Signatures and Seal. The seal of the Corporation, if any, on any certificates for shares may be a facsimile. The signature of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, and the Secretary or Assistant Secretary upon a certificate may be facsimiles if the certificate is manually signed on behalf of a transfer agent, or a registrar, other than the Corporation itself or an employee of the Corporation.

7.3. Signature by Former Officers. The validity of a share certificate is not affected if a person who signed the certificate (either manually or in facsimile) no longer holds office when the certificate is issued.

7.4. Transfer of Shares. Prior to due presentment of a certificate for shares for registration of transfer, the Corporation may treat the registered owner of such shares as the person exclusively entitled to vote, to receive notifications and otherwise to have and exercise all the rights and power of an owner. Where a certificate for shares is presented to the Corporation with a request to register for transfer, the Corporation shall not be liable to the owner or any other person suffering loss as a result of such registration of transfer if (a) there were on or with the certificate the necessary endorsements, and (b) the Corporation had no duty to inquire into adverse claims or has discharged any such duty. The Corporation may require reasonable assurance that such endorsements are genuine and effective and compliance with such other regulations as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors.

7.5. Restrictions on Transfer. The face or reverse side of each certificate representing shares shall bear a conspicuous notation of any restriction imposed by the Corporation upon the transfer of such shares.

7.6. Lost, Destroyed or Stolen Certificates. Where the owner claims that certificates for shares have been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken, a new certificate shall be issued in place thereof if the owner (a) so requests before the Corporation has notice that such shares have been acquired by a bona fide purchaser, (b) files with the Corporation a sufficient indemnity bond if required by the Board of Directors or any principal officer, and (c) satisfies such other reasonable requirements as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors.

7.7. Consideration for Shares. The Board of Directors may authorize shares to be issued for consideration consisting of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the Corporation, including cash, promissory notes, services performed, contracts for services to be performed or other securities of the Corporation. Before the Corporation issues shares, the Board of Directors shall determine that the consideration received or to be received for the shares to be issued is adequate. In the absence of a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors expressly determining that the consideration received or to be received is adequate, approval by the Board of Directors of the issuance of the shares shall be deemed to constitute such a determination. The determination of the Board of Directors is conclusive insofar as the adequacy of consideration for the issuance of shares relates to whether the shares are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. The Corporation may place in escrow shares issued in whole or in part for a contract for future services or benefits, a promissory note, or other property to be issued in the future, or make other arrangements to restrict the transfer of the shares, and may credit distributions in respect of the shares against their purchase price, until the services are performed, the benefits or property are received or the promissory note is paid. If the services are not performed, the benefits or property are not received or the promissory note is not paid, the Corporation may cancel, in whole or in part, the shares escrowed or restricted and the distributions credited.

7.8. Stock Regulations. The Board of Directors shall have the power and authority to make all such further rules and regulations not inconsistent with law as it may deem expedient concerning the issue, transfer and registration of shares of the Corporation.

#### ARTICLE VIII. GENERAL

8.1. Seal. The Corporation will have no corporate seal.

8.2. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall begin on the first day of January and end on the last day of December each year.

#### ARTICLE IX. INDEMNIFICATION

9.1. Provision of Indemnification.

(a) Indemnification for Successful Defense. The Corporation shall indemnify a director or officer to the extent that he or she has been successful on the merits or otherwise in the defense

of a proceeding for all reasonable expenses incurred in the proceeding if the director or officer was a party because he or she is a director or officer of the Corporation.

(b) Other Indemnification. In cases not included under Paragraph (a) above, the Corporation shall indemnify a director or officer against liability incurred by the director or officer in a proceeding to which the director or officer was a party because he or she is a director or officer of the Corporation, unless liability was incurred because the director or officer breached or failed to perform a duty that he or she owes to the Corporation and the breach or failure to perform constitutes any of the following: (i) a willful failure to deal fairly with the Corporation or its shareholders in connection with a matter in which the director or officer has a material conflict of interest; (ii) a violation of criminal law, unless the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was lawful or no reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful; (iii) a transaction from which the director or officer delivered an improper personal benefit; (iv) for any willful misconduct; or (v) liability under Section 180.0833 of the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law. If the Wisconsin Insurance Code and/or the Wisconsin Business Corporation law is amended to authorize corporate action further eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors, then the liability of a director of the Corporation shall be eliminated or limited to the fullest extent permitted by the Wisconsin Insurance Code and/or the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, as so amended. Any repeal or modification of Paragraphs (a) and (b) by the stockholders of the Corporation shall not adversely affect any right or protection of a director of the Corporation existing at the time of such repeal or modification.

(c) Determination of Indemnification.

(1) Each person who was or is made a party or is threatened to be made a party to or is involved in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (hereinafter a "proceeding"), by reason of the fact that he or she or a person of whom he or she is the legal representative is or was a director or officer of the Corporation or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, including service with respect to employee benefit plans, whether the basis of such proceeding is alleged action in an official capacity as a director, officer, employee or agent or in any other capacity while serving as a director, officer, employee or agent, shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Corporation to the fullest extent authorized by the Wisconsin Insurance Code and/or the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law as the same exists or may hereafter be amended (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the Corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than said law permitted the Corporation to provide prior to such amendment), against all expenses, liability and loss (including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines, ERISA excise taxes or penalties and amounts paid or to be paid in settlement) reasonably incurred or suffered by such person in connection therewith and such indemnification shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of his or her heirs, executors and administrators; provided, however, that except as provided in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph (c) with respect to proceedings seeking to enforce rights to indemnification, the Corporation shall indemnify any such person seeking indemnification in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by such person only if such proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized by the Board of Directors of the Corporation. The right to



indemnification conferred in this Paragraph (c) shall be a contract right and shall include the right to be paid by the Corporation the expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition; provided, however, that if the Wisconsin Insurance Code and/or the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law requires, the payment of such expenses incurred by a director or officer in his or her capacity as a director or officer (and not in any other capacity in which service was or is rendered by such person while a director or officer, including, without limitation, service to an employee benefit plan) in advance of the final disposition of a proceeding, shall be made only upon delivery to the Corporation by the director or officer of all of the following: (i) a written affirmation of his or her good faith belief that he or she has not breached or failed to perform his or her duties to the Corporation and (ii) a written undertaking by or on behalf of such director or officer, to repay all amounts so advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that such director or officer is not entitled to be indemnified under this Paragraph (c) or otherwise, which undertaking may be secured or unsecured, shall be an unlimited general obligation of the director or officer and will be accepted by the Corporation without reference to his or her ability to repay the allowance.

(2) If a claim under this Subparagraph (1) of Paragraph (c) is not paid in full by the Corporation within thirty days after a written claim has been received by the Corporation, the claimant may at any time thereafter bring suit against the Corporation to recover the unpaid amount of the claim and, if successful in whole or in part, the claimant shall be entitled to be paid also the expense of prosecuting such claim. It shall be a defense to any such action (other than an action brought to enforce a claim for expenses incurred in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition where the required undertaking, if any, is required, has been tendered to the Corporation) that the claimant has not met the standards of conduct which make it permissible under the Wisconsin Insurance Code and/or the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law for the Corporation to indemnify the claimant for the amount claimed, but the burden of proving such defense shall be on the Corporation. Neither the failure of the Corporation (including its Board of Directors, independent legal counsel or stockholders) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of such action that indemnification of the claimant is proper in the circumstances because he or she has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the Wisconsin Insurance Code and/or the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, nor an actual determination by the Corporation (including its Board of Directors, independent legal counsel or stockholders) that the claimant has not met such applicable standard of conduct, shall be a defense to the action or create a presumption that the claimant has not met the applicable standard of conduct.

(3) The right to indemnification and the payment of expenses incurred in defending a proceeding in advance of its final disposition conferred in this Paragraph (c) shall not be exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of the Articles of Incorporation, Bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

(4) The Corporation may maintain insurance, at its expense, to protect itself and any director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation or another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any expense, liability or loss, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such expense, liability or loss under the Wisconsin Insurance Code and/or the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law.

(5) The Corporation may, to the extent authorized from time to time by the Board of Directors, grant rights to indemnification, and rights to be paid by the Corporation the expenses incurred in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition, to any employee or agent of the Corporation to the fullest extent of the provisions of this Paragraph (c) with respect to the indemnification and advancement of expenses of directors and officers of the Corporation.

#### ARTICLE X. AMENDMENTS

10.1. By Vote of Directors. These Bylaws may be amended by vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the Directors present at any meeting of the Board of Directors at which a quorum is in attendance.

10.2. Implied Amendments. Any action taken or authorized by the Board of Directors which would be inconsistent with the Bylaws then in effect but which is taken or authorized by affirmative vote of not less than the number of directors required to amend the Bylaws so that the Bylaws would be consistent with such action shall be given the same effect as though the Bylaws had been temporarily amended or suspended so far, but only so far, as is necessary to permit the specific action so taken or authorized.

#### ARTICLE XI. EMERGENCIES

11.1. Emergencies. Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Bylaws, the Board of Directors may, at any time, adopt a resolution in accordance with authority now or hereafter vested in it under which, to the extent and upon the terms stated therein, corporate powers may be exercised during the existence of emergency conditions.



## AMENDMENT OF BYLAWS

OF

### CM INDEMNITY INSURANCE COMPANY (a Wisconsin Insurance Corporation)

This Amendment of the Bylaws for CM Indemnity Insurance Company (“Corporation”) is filed with the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance pursuant to Chapters 611 and 180 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

1. The name of the corporation is CM Indemnity Insurance Company.
2. Via a formal Board meeting held on July 14, 2023, the Corporation’s Board of Directors adopted the amendments to the Corporation’s Bylaws as follows. The specific Article subsections as identified are stricken in their entirety and replaced with the language below:

#### Amend Bylaws

#### ARTICLE II. SHAREHOLDERS

2.2. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the shareholders, for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by the Wisconsin Insurance Code, may be called by the Board of Directors or the President and/or Chief Executive Officer. The Corporation shall call a special meeting of shareholders in the event that the holders of at least 10% of all of the votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the proposed special meeting sign, date and deliver to the Corporation one or more written demands for the meeting describing one or more purposes for which it is to be held. The Corporation shall give notice of such a special meeting within thirty days after the date that the demand is delivered to the Corporation.

2.4. Notice of Meeting. Written notice stating the date, time and place of any meeting of shareholders and, in case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be delivered not less than ten days nor more than sixty days before the date of the meeting (unless a different time is provided by the Wisconsin Insurance Code or the Articles of Incorporation), either personally or by mail, by or at the direction of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or the Secretary, to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at such meeting and to such other persons as required by the Wisconsin Insurance Code. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when deposited in the United States mail, addressed to the shareholder at his or her address as it appears on the stock record books of the Corporation, with postage thereon prepaid. If an annual or special meeting of shareholders is adjourned to a different date, time or place, the Corporation shall not be required to give notice of the new date, time or place if the new date, time or place is announced at the meeting before adjournment; provided, however, that if a new record date for an adjourned meeting is or must be fixed, the Corporation shall give notice of the adjourned meeting to persons who are shareholders as of the new record date.

2.9. Conduct of Meeting. The President and/or Chief Executive Officer, and in his or her absence, a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, in the order provided under Section 5.8 hereof, and in their absence, any person chosen by the shareholders present, shall call the meeting of the shareholders to order and shall act as chairperson of the meeting, and the Secretary of the Corporation shall act as secretary of all meetings of the shareholders, but, in the absence of the Secretary, the presiding officer may appoint any other person to act as secretary of the meeting.

### ARTICLE III. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

3.2. Tenure and Qualifications. Each director shall hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders and until his or her successor shall have been elected and, if necessary, qualified, or until there is a decrease in the number of directors which takes effect after the expiration of his or her term, or until his or her prior death, resignation or removal. A director may be removed by the shareholders only at a meeting called for the purpose of removing the director, and the meeting notice shall state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is removal of the director. A director may be removed from office with or without cause if the votes cast to remove the director exceeds the number of votes cast not to remove such director. A director may resign at any time by delivering written notice which complies with the Wisconsin Insurance Code to the Board of Directors, to the Chairperson of the Board or to the Corporation. A director's resignation is effective when the notice is delivered unless the notice specifies a later effective date. Directors need not be residents of the State of Wisconsin or shareholders of the Corporation.

3.4. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by or at the request of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer, Secretary or any two directors. The President and/or Chief Executive Officer or Secretary may fix any place, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the place for holding any special meeting of the Board of Directors, and if no other place is fixed, the place of the meeting shall be the principal office of the Corporation in the State of Wisconsin.

3.8. Conduct of Meetings. The Chairperson of the Board, and in his or her absence, the President and/or Chief Executive Officer, and in his or her absence, –a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, in the order provided under Section 5.10, and in their absence, any director chosen by the directors present, shall call meetings of the Board of Directors to order and shall act as chairperson of the meeting. The Secretary of the Corporation shall act as secretary of all meetings of the Board of Directors but in the absence of the Secretary, the presiding officer may appoint any other person present to act as secretary of the meeting. Minutes of any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors shall be prepared and distributed to each director.

### ARTICLE IV. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

4.1. Election. The Board of Directors by resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors set forth in Section 3.1 may appoint an Executive Committee and other committees composed of three or more of its members, and may appoint one of the members of each such committee to the office of chairperson thereof. Members of the committees of the Board of Directors shall hold office for a term of one year and until their successors are appointed and qualify or until they shall cease to be directors.

4.5. Meetings and Notice of Meetings. The Executive Committee shall meet from time to time on call of the Chairperson of the Board, or on call of any two or more members of the Executive Committee, for the transaction of any business. Notice of every meeting of the Executive Committee shall be given to each member by written or oral notice delivered or communicated in person, by telephone, facsimile or other form of wire or wireless electronic communication, or by mail or private carrier, to each member at his business address or at such other address as such member shall have designated in writing filed with the Secretary, in each case not less than one day prior to the meeting. The notice need not state the purpose of the meeting or the business to be transacted at such meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when deposited in the United States mail so addressed, with postage thereon prepaid. If notice is given by private carrier, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when delivered to the private carrier. Personal notice shall be deemed to be effective when communicated. If notice is sent electronically, such notice shall be deemed to be effective when it is received by the server of the recipient. Whenever any notice is required to be given to any member under the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws or any provision of the Wisconsin Insurance Code, a waiver thereof in writing, signed at any time, whether before or after the date and time of meeting, by the member

entitled to such notice shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. The Corporation shall retain any such waiver as part of the permanent corporate records. A member's attendance at or participation in a meeting waives any required notice to him or her of the meeting unless the member at the beginning of the meeting or promptly upon his or her arrival objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting and does not thereafter vote for or assent to action taken at the meeting. All other committees of the Board of Directors shall meet at such times and upon such notice as they may determine.

## ARTICLE V. OFFICERS

5.1. Election and Number. The Board of Directors may appoint one of its number as Chairperson of the Board. The Board of Directors shall appoint a President and/or Chief Executive Officer, a Secretary and a Treasurer as its principal officers, none of whom is required to be a director. The Board of Directors may also appoint one or more Vice Presidents, who may be designated as Executive Vice Presidents or Senior Vice Presidents, none of whom is required to be a director. All officers of the Corporation shall hold office at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. Any two or more offices may, at the direction of the Board of Directors, be held by the same person; provided, however, that the principal offices shall be held by at least three separate individuals. The Board of Directors may, from time to time, appoint such other officers and agents with such powers and duties as the Board may prescribe, subject to the limitations set forth in the Wisconsin Insurance Code.

5.5. Chairperson of the Board. The Chairperson of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and shall perform such other duties and exercise such other powers as may be assigned to him or her from time to time by the Board of Directors.

5.6. President and/or Chief Executive Officer. The President and/or Chief Executive Officer, subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, shall in general supervise and control all of the business and affairs of the Corporation. The President and/or Chief Executive Officer shall preside at all meetings of the shareholders and, in the absence of the Chairperson of the Board, shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors. He or she shall have authority, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors, to appoint such agents and employees of the Corporation as he or she shall deem necessary, to prescribe their powers, duties and compensation, and to delegate authority to them. Such agents and employees shall hold office at the discretion of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer. He or she shall have authority to sign, execute and acknowledge, on behalf of the Corporation, all deeds, mortgages, bonds, stock certificates, contracts, leases, reports and all other documents or instruments necessary or proper to be executed in the course of the Corporation's regular business, or which shall be authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors and, except as otherwise provided by law or the Board of Directors, he or she may authorize any Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, or other officer or agent of the Corporation to sign, execute and acknowledge such documents or instruments in his or her place and stead. In general, he or she shall perform all duties incident to the office of President and/or Chief Executive Officer and such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors from time to time. In the absence of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or in the event of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer's death, inability or refusal to act, or in the event for any reason it shall be impracticable for the President and/or Chief Executive Officer to act personally, the Board of Directors will grant a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, the authority to perform the duties of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer, and when so acting, shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President and/or Chief Executive Officer.

5.7. Secretary. The Secretary shall: (a) keep minutes of the meetings of the shareholders and of the Board of Directors (and of committees thereof) in one or more books provided for that purpose (including records of actions taken by the shareholders or the Board of Directors (or committees thereof) without a meeting); (b) see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of these Bylaws or as required by the Wisconsin Insurance Code; (c) be custodian

of the corporate records and of the seal of the Corporation and see that the seal of the Corporation is affixed to all documents the execution of which on behalf of the Corporation under its seal is duly authorized; (d) maintain a record of the shareholders of the Corporation, in a form that permits preparation of a list of the names and addresses of all shareholders, by class or series of shares and showing the number and class or series of shares held by each shareholder; (e) sign with the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, certificates for shares of the Corporation, the issuance of which shall have been authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors; (f) have general charge of the stock transfer books of the Corporation; and (g) in general perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and have such other duties and exercise such authority as from time to time may be delegated or assigned by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or by the Board of Directors.

5.8. Treasurer. The Treasurer shall be the Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation. The Treasurer shall: (a) have charge and custody of and be responsible for all funds and securities of the Corporation; (b) maintain appropriate accounting records; (c) receive and give receipts for moneys due and payable to the Corporation from any source whatsoever, and deposit all such moneys in the name of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositaries as shall be selected in accordance with the provisions of Section 6.4; and (d) in general perform all of the duties incident to the office of Treasurer and have such other duties and exercise such other authority as from time to time may be delegated or assigned by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or by the Board of Directors. If required by the Board of Directors, the Treasurer shall give a bond for the faithful discharge of his or her duties in such sum and with such surety or sureties as the Board of Directors shall determine.

5.9. Vice Presidents. Each Vice President shall have such duties as may be assigned to him from time to time by the Board of Directors or the President and/or Chief Executive Officer. Any Vice President may, in the discretion of the Board of Directors, be designated as "executive," "senior" or by departmental or functional classification. In the event of a temporary absence of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer on vacation or business, the President and/or Chief Executive Officer may designate a Vice President or Vice Presidents, who may be designated as Executive Vice Presidents or Senior Vice Presidents, who will perform the duties of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer in such absence. In the event of a prolonged absence of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer due to illness or disability or for any other reason, the Board of Directors shall designate a Vice President or Vice Presidents, who may be designated as Executive Vice Presidents or Senior Vice Presidents, who will perform the duties of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer during such absence.

5.10. Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers. There shall be such number of Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers as the Board of Directors may from time to time authorize. The Assistant Secretaries may sign with the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, certificates for shares of the Corporation the issuance of which shall have been authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors. The Assistant Treasurers shall respectively, if required by the Board of Directors, give bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties in such sums and with such sureties as the Board of Directors shall determine. The Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, in general, shall perform such duties and have such authority as shall from time to time be delegated or assigned to them by the Secretary or the Treasurer, respectively, or by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or the Board of Directors.

5.11. Other Assistants and Acting Officers. The Board of Directors shall have the power to appoint, or to authorize any duly appointed officer of the Corporation to appoint, any person to act as assistant to any officer, or as agent for the Corporation in his or her stead, or to perform the duties of such officer whenever for any reason it is impracticable for such officer to act personally, and such assistant or acting officer or other agent so appointed by the Board of Directors or an

authorized officer shall have the power to perform all the duties of the office to which he or she is so appointed to be an assistant, or as to which he or she is so appointed to act, except as such power may be otherwise defined or restricted by the Board of Directors or the appointing officer.

5.12. Salaries. The salaries of the principal officers shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors or by a duly authorized committee thereof, and no officer shall be prevented from receiving such salary by reason of the fact that he or she is also a director of the Corporation.

#### ARTICLE VI. CONTRACTS, LOANS, CHECKS AND DEPOSITS; SPECIAL CORPORATE ACTS

6.1. Contracts. The Board of Directors may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute or deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, and such authorization may be general or confined to specific instances. In the absence of other designation, all deeds, mortgages and instruments of assignment or pledge made by the Corporation shall be executed in the name of the Corporation by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or one of the Vice Presidents, who may be designated as Executive Vice Presidents or Senior Vice Presidents, and by the Secretary, an Assistant Secretary, the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer; the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, when necessary or required, shall affix the corporate seal, if any, thereto; and when so executed no other party to such instrument or any third party shall be required to make any inquiry into the authority of the signing officer or officers.

6.5. Voting of Securities Owned by this Corporation. Subject always to the specific directions of the Board of Directors, (a) any shares or other securities issued by any other corporation and owned or controlled by this Corporation may be voted at any meeting of security holders of such other corporation by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer of this Corporation if he or she be present, or in his or her absence by any Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, of this Corporation who may be present, and (b) whenever, in the judgment of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer, or in his or her absence, of any Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, it is desirable for this Corporation to execute a proxy or written consent in respect to any shares or other securities issued by any other corporation and owned by this Corporation, such proxy or consent shall be executed in the name of this Corporation by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or one of the Vice Presidents, who may be designated as Executive Vice Presidents or Senior Vice Presidents, of this Corporation, without necessity of any authorization by the Board of Directors, affixation of corporate seal, if any, or countersignature or attestation by another officer. Any person or persons designated in the manner above stated as the proxy or proxies of this Corporation shall have full right, power and authority to vote the shares or other securities issued by such other corporation and owned by this Corporation the same as such shares or other securities might be voted by this Corporation.

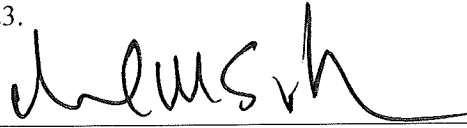
#### ARTICLE VII. CERTIFICATES FOR SHARES; TRANSFER OF SHARES

7.1. Certificates for Shares. Certificates representing shares of the Corporation shall be in such form, consistent with the Wisconsin Insurance Code, as shall be determined by the Board of Directors. Such certificates shall be signed by the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or a Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, and by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary. All certificates for shares shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified. The name and address of the person to whom the shares represented thereby are issued, with the number of shares and date of issue, shall be entered on the stock transfer books of the Corporation. All certificates surrendered to the Corporation for transfer shall be canceled and no new certificate shall be issued until the former certificate for a like number of shares shall have been surrendered and canceled, except as provided in Section 7.6.

7.2. Facsimile Signatures and Seal. The seal of the Corporation, if any, on any certificates for shares may be a facsimile. The signature of the President and/or Chief Executive Officer or Vice President, who may be designated as Executive Vice President or Senior Vice President, and the Secretary or Assistant Secretary upon a certificate may be facsimiles if the certificate is manually signed on behalf of a transfer agent, or a registrar, other than the Corporation itself or an employee of the Corporation.

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the undersigned executes the Amendment of the Bylaws for CM Indemnity Insurance Company on this 31<sup>st</sup> day of August, 2023.

By:



Michael M. Smith, JD

Senior Vice President-Secretary & General Counsel

This instrument was drafted by, and is returnable to:

Cynthia M. Brandt  
CM Indemnity Insurance Company  
3000 Schuster Lane  
Merrill, WI 54452  
Phone: (800) 554-2642  
[cbrandt@churchmutual.com](mailto:cbrandt@churchmutual.com)