Report

of the

Examination of

General Casualty Company of Wisconsin

Sun Prairie, Wisconsin

As of December 31, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	F	Page
I.	INTRODUCTION	1
II.	HISTORY AND PLAN OF OPERATION	3
III.	MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL	8
IV.	AFFILIATED COMPANIES	10
V.	REINSURANCE	23
VI.	FINANCIAL DATA	41
VII.	SUMMARY OF EXAMINATION RESULTS	52
VIII.	CONCLUSION	56
IX.	SUMMARY OF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	57
Χ.	SUBSEQUENT EVENTS	58
XI.	ACKNOWLEDGMENT	59



State of Wisconsin / OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE

Tony Evers, Governor Mark V. Afable, Commissioner

Wisconsin.gov

May 1, 2019

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Honorable Mark V. Afable Commissioner of Insurance State of Wisconsin 125 South Webster Street Madison, Wisconsin 53703

Commissioner:

In accordance with your instructions, a compliance examination has been made of the affairs and financial condition of:

GENERAL CASUALTY COMPANY OF WISCONSIN Sun Prairie, Wisconsin

and this report is respectfully submitted.

I. INTRODUCTION

The previous examination of General Casualty Company of Wisconsin (GC-WI or the company) was conducted in 2013 as of December 31, 2012. The current examination covered the intervening period ending December 31, 2017, and included a review of such 2018 and 2019 transactions as deemed necessary to complete the examination.

The examination of the company was conducted concurrently with the examination of the QBE North America Group. The Pennsylvania Department of Insurance acted in the capacity as the lead state for the coordinated examinations. Work performed by the Pennsylvania Department of Insurance was reviewed and relied on where deemed appropriate.

The examination was conducted using a risk-focused approach in accordance with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) <u>Financial Condition Examiners Handbook</u>. This approach sets forth guidance for planning and performing the examination of an insurance company to evaluate the financial condition, assess corporate governance, identify current and prospective risks (including those that might materially affect the financial condition, either currently or prospectively), and evaluate system controls and procedures used to mitigate those risks.

All accounts and activities of the company were considered in accordance with the riskfocused examination process. This may include assessing significant estimates made by management
and evaluating management's compliance with statutory accounting principles, annual statement
instructions, and Wisconsin laws and regulations. The examination does not attest to the fair
presentation of the financial statements included herein. If during the course of the examination an
adjustment is identified, the impact of such adjustment will be documented separately at the end of the
"Financial Data" section in the area captioned "Reconciliation of Surplus per Examination."

Emphasis was placed on those areas of the company's operations accorded a high priority by the examiner-in-charge when planning the examination. Special attention was given to the action taken by the company to satisfy the recommendations and comments made in the previous examination report.

The company is annually audited by an independent public accounting firm as prescribed by s. Ins 50.05, Wis. Adm. Code. An integral part of this compliance examination was the review of the independent accountant's work papers. Based on the results of the review of these work papers, alternative or additional examination steps deemed necessary for the completion of this examination were performed. The examination work papers contain documentation with respect to the alternative or additional examination steps performed during the course of the examination.

Independent Actuary's Review

An independent actuarial firm was engaged under a contract with the Pennsylvania Department of Insurance. The company is a part of a large intercompany pooling arrangement. The actuary reviewed the adequacy of the company's loss and loss adjustment expense reserves at the pool level. The actuary's results were reported to the lead state examiner-in-charge and communicated to the participating states' examiners- in-charge. As deemed appropriate, reference is made in this report to the actuary's conclusion.

II. HISTORY AND PLAN OF OPERATION

General Casualty Company of Wisconsin was incorporated under its present name pursuant to the laws of the state of Wisconsin on May 12, 1925, and commenced business on May 29, 1925. Of the 1,000 shares of common capital stock originally issued to 15 subscribers, 991 shares were transferred to the Insurance Investment Company, which operated the company under a management contract, and the nine remaining shares were held by directors as qualifying shares.

On February 18, 1956, the directors surrendered their qualifying shares and Insurance Investment Company sold its entire interest in GC-WI to the Fire Association of Philadelphia. On January 1, 1958, the Fire Association of Philadelphia changed its name to Reliance Insurance Company.

On April 30, 1990, Reliance Insurance Company sold all of the issued and outstanding shares of GC-WI to Winterthur U.S. Holdings, Inc., a subsidiary of Winterthur Swiss Insurance Company. In September 1990, Winterthur U.S. Holdings, Inc., contributed 15% of the shares of GC-WI to Republic Insurance Company, a Texas-domiciled affiliate.

On December 31, 1996, Winterthur Reinsurance Corporation of America (Winterthur Re), another member of the Winterthur Swiss Group, acquired 10% of the shares of GC-WI from Republic Insurance Company. Credit Suisse Group merged with the Winterthur Swiss Group on December 15, 1997. As a result of the merger, GC-WI became an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Credit Suisse Group. Effective December 23, 1998, Winterthur Re was sold outside the Winterthur Group, and its shares (10%) of GC-WI were transferred back to Winterthur U.S. Holdings, Inc. On August 31, 1999, Republic Insurance Company's 5% ownership interest was repurchased by GC-WI. As a result, Winterthur U.S. Holdings, Inc., became the sole parent of GC-WI.

Effective December 22, 2006, Credit Suisse Group finalized the sale of Winterthur Swiss Insurance Company to AXA. AXA is a French corporation managed under the oversight of a Management Board and a Supervisory Board. AXA's headquarters are located in Paris, France.

Effective May 31, 2007, AXA finalized the sale of Winterthur U.S. Holdings, Inc., and its consolidated subsidiaries to QBE Holdings, Inc., a subsidiary of Australian-based QBE Insurance Group Limited (QBE Limited). Winterthur U.S. Holdings, Inc., was renamed QBE Regional Companies (N.A.), Inc. (QBE Regional). Currently, GC-WI records common capital stock of \$4,000,000 consisting of 20,000

shares of common stock at a \$200.00 par value each. There are 19,250 authorized shares outstanding with 750 shares held as treasury stock. All outstanding shares of GC-WI are currently owned by QBE Regional.

GC-WI effectively heads its own holding company subsystem under QBE Regional, consisting of six subsidiary insurers. The following timeline depicts organizational changes within the subsystem. Further information concerning the QBE Limited holding company group is included in the report under the section titled "Affiliated Companies."

- Regent Insurance Company (Regent) was organized on January 22, 1963, and commenced business on May 1, 1963. Since its inception, Regent has been a wholly owned subsidiary of GC-WI.
- General Casualty Insurance Company (GCIC) was incorporated under the laws of the state of Illinois on December 14, 1972, and commenced business on January 1, 1973. Effective December 31, 2007, GCIC redomiciled to the state of Wisconsin. Since its inception, GCIC has been a wholly owned subsidiary of GC-WI.
- Effective September 30, 1995, Protective Insurance Company, a subsidiary of Baldwin & Lyons, Inc., sold 100% of its shares in Hoosier Insurance Company (Hoosier) to GC-WI.
- Effective April 1, 2001, GC-WI acquired Blue Ridge Insurance Company (BlueIns), a sister company of GC-WI, and its subsidiaries, Blue Ridge Indemnity Company (BlueInd) and MassWest Insurance Company, Inc. (MassWest), through a capital contribution from Winterthur U.S. Holdings, Inc. On July 1, 2001, GC-WI became the immediate parent of BlueInd and MassWest through an upward dividend of 100% of their stock from BlueIns. Effective December 31, 2007, MassWest merged with and into GC-WI. Effective January 1, 2011, Blue Ridge Insurance Company was sold to Catlin, Inc. Under terms of the purchase agreement, all business previously written by BlueIns was retained by QBE Limited and all existing liabilities were reinsured by GC-WI. Effective April 1, 2017, Blue Ridge Indemnity Company was sold to LOTS Intermediate Co. Under the terms of the purchase agreement, GC-WI entered into a loss portfolio transfer arrangement and a 100% quota share arrangement pursuant to which GC-WI will reinsure all the policy liabilities.
- Effective December 31, 2005, GC-WI acquired Southern Guaranty Insurance Company (SGty), a sister company, and its subsidiaries, Southern Guaranty Insurance Company of Georgia (SGty-GA), Southern Pilot Insurance Company (SPilot) and Southern Fire & Casualty Company (SFire), through a capital contribution from Winterthur U.S. Holdings, Inc. On January 1, 2006, GC-WI became the immediate parent of SGty-GA, SPilot, and SFire through an upward dividend of 100% of their stock by SGty. On May 30, 2007, GC-WI sold SGty-GA to Key Financial Holdings, Inc. Effective March 1, 2017, Southern Guaranty Insurance Company was sold to Premier Servicing, LLC. Under the terms of the purchase agreement, GC-WI entered into a loss portfolio transfer arrangement and a 100% quota share arrangement pursuant to which GC-WI will reinsure all the policy liabilities.

 Effective October 31, 2008, GC-WI purchased National Farmers Union Property and Casualty Company (NFU) and its subsidiary, United Security Insurance Company (USIC) from QBE Reinsurance Corporation, a sister company of QBE Regional. Effective January 1, 2009, USIC's stock was transferred from National Farmers Union Property and Casualty Company to GC-WI via an upward stock dividend. Effective January 1, 2011, USIC was sold to Missouri Employers Mutual Insurance Company.

GC-WI and all members of QBE Regional, as well as all other insurance companies whose parent is QBE Holdings, Inc., are participants in an intercompany pooling arrangement. This arrangement is further described in this report under the section titled "Reinsurance."

QBE Americas, Inc., is the primary employer for its holding company subsystem, with approximately 2,300 employees nationwide at the time of this examination. Subsidiaries of GC-WI have no employees of their own and rely principally on QBE Americas, Inc., and Unigard Insurance Company (UnigardIns) for the staff essential to run day-to-day operations. QBE Group Services, Pty Limited manages the companies' investments, subject to the Global Investment Services Master Agreement, and supervision of each of the companies' respective boards of directors. All operations of the holding company subsystem are conducted with staff provided by QBE Americas, Inc., UnigardIns, and QBE Management Services Pty Limited, in accordance with business practices and internal controls established by QBE Limited. Written agreements with affiliates are further described in this report under the section titled "Affiliated Companies."

In 2017, the company wrote direct premium in the following significant states:

\$ 42,595,720	16.7%
23,290,761	9.2
20,228,743	8.0
18,355,156	7.2
17,036,359	6.7
16,359,300	6.4
8,174,478	3.2
7,986,398	3.1
6,931,882	2.7
6,845,845	2.7
6,594,703	2.6
6,395,432	2.5
73,728,832	29.0
\$254,523,609	<u>100.0</u> %
	23,290,761 20,228,743 18,355,156 17,036,359 16,359,300 8,174,478 7,986,398 6,931,882 6,845,845 6,594,703 6,395,432 73,728,832

GC-WI is licensed in all states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico.

GC-WI is one of the 16 companies that comprise the QBE North America Pooled Entities (collectively referred to as "QBENA") at year-end 2017. QBENA includes: GC-WI, GCIC, Hoosier, NFU, NAU Country Insurance Company (NAU), North Pointe Insurance Company (North Pointe), Praetorian Insurance Company (Praetorian), QBE Insurance Corporation (QBEIC), QBE Reinsurance Corporation (QBE Re), QBE Specialty Insurance Company (Specialty), Regent, SFire, SPilot, Stonington Insurance Company (Stonington), UnigardIns, and Unigard Indemnity Company (UnigardInd).

QBENA operates as a group of property and casualty, admitted lines insurers, and reinsurers that market a broad range of property and casualty lines, including personal, commercial, agriculture, crop, and specialty products through captive agents, independent agents, major brokers, and program managers.

The following table is a summary of the net insurance premiums written by the company in 2017. The growth of the company is discussed in the "Financial Data" section of this report.

Line of Business	Direct Premium	Reinsurance Assumed	Reinsurance Ceded	Net Premium
Fire	\$ 1,919,278	\$ 5,903,362	\$ 1,919,278	\$ 5,903,362
Allied lines	2,339,429	139,700,148	2,339,429	139,700,148
Farmowners multiple peril	, ,	4,101,441	, ,	4,101,441
Homeowner's multiple peril	22,795,247	46,335,900	22,847,654	46,283,493
Commercial multiple peril	87,453,967	6,776,685	87,453,967	6,776,685
Ocean marine		(79,346)		(79,346)
Inland marine	6,593,221	6,380,187	6,592,024	6,381,384
Medical professional liability –				
claims made		2,307,731		2,307,731
Earthquake	198,787	1,174,169	198,787	1,174,169
Group accident and health		36,100,589		36,100,589
Other accident and health		736,586		736,586
Worker's compensation	34,912,223	30,831,604	34,912,223	30,831,604
Other liability – occurrence	23,743,146	10,111,501	23,743,073	10,111,574
Other liability – claims made	134,459	22,157,779	134,459	22,157,779
Excess worker's compensation		(441,620)		(441,620)
Products liability – occurrence	646,171	(100,527)	646,171	(100,527)
Products liability – claims made		(1,358)		(1,358)
Private passenger auto liability	14,667,549	8,832,672	15,734,043	7,766,178
Commercial auto liability	32,562,758	2,920,694	32,541,096	2,942,356
Auto physical damage	22,967,231	10,949,421	23,615,960	10,300,692
Aircraft (all perils)		8,514,355		8,514,355
Fidelity	276,816	193,488	276,816	193,488
Surety	3,262,600	1,694,822	3,262,600	1,694,822
Burglary and theft	50,728	16,980	50,728	16,980
Boiler and machinery		(12,018)		(12,018)
Credit		5,025,843		5,025,843
Reinsurance – non-proportional assumed property		6,938,979		6,938,979
Reinsurance – non-proportional assumed liability		10,773,982		10,773,982
Reinsurance – non-proportional assumed financial lines		9,509		9,509
Total All Lines	\$254,523,609	\$367,853,558	\$256,268,308	\$366,108,859

III. MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL

Board of Directors

The board of directors consists of seven members. All directors are elected annually to serve a one-year term. Effective February 2016, once an individual is appointed an officer, he or she holds such position until his or her replacement, removal from office, termination of employment or such other event as specified in the company's bylaws, whichever first occurs. Some of the members of the company's board of directors are also members of other boards of directors in the holding company group of QBE Holdings, Inc. Executive board members do not receive additional compensation for their service as directors. Outside board members receive compensation inclusive of all board and committee appointments. The compensation of all outside board members includes the same fixed sum and expenses for attendance at meetings of the board of directors. The board chair currently receives \$225,000 per year. The board members receive \$135,000 per year for serving on the board and an additional \$10,000 for the committee they chair.

Currently, the board of directors consists of the following persons:

Name and Residence	Principal Occupation	Term Expires
Russell M. Johnston Fair Haven, NJ	Chief Executive Officer QBE Americas, Inc.	2019
Kris L. Hill Summit, NJ	Chief Financial Officer QBE Americas, Inc.	2019
Laurie Harris New York, NY	None	2019
William Kronenberg III Chester Springs, PA	Principal Fresh Start Development Co LLC	2019
George T. Tate Oyster Bay, NY	None	2019
Marc G. Metcalf San Francisco, CA	Self Employed	2019
John G. Langione Brick, NJ	Chief Risk Officer QBE Americas, Inc.	2019

Officers of the Company

Executive compensation is allocated to each insurer based on its participant percentage in the intercompany pooling arrangement. The 2017 Compensation, reported below, represents the total gross compensation paid to each individual on behalf of all companies which are part of QBE North America. The officers serving at the time of this examination are as follows:

		2017
Name	Office	Compensation
Russell Johnston	Chief Executive Officer	\$1,535,422
Kris Hill	Chief Financial Officer	866,963
John Langione	Chief Risk Officer	1,205,771
Robert James*	Chief Operating Officer	1,197,239
Jeffrey Grange	President – Specialty	1,593,879
Mark Cantin	President – Field Operations	1,117,429
Shruti Patel	Chief Human Resources Officer	706,175
Tony Cacchione**	Chief Information Security Officer	707,196
Daniel Franzetti	Chief Claims Officer	707,481
Jose Gonzalez	Chief Legal Officer	864,201
Gregory Giardiello	Chief Accounting Officer	474,078
Sarah Krutov ***	Chief Actuary	633,640
John Beckman****	Chief Underwriting Officer	0

Was replaced by Daniel Franzetti during 2018

Committees of the Board

The company's bylaws allow for the formation of certain committees by the board of directors.

The committees at the time of the examination are listed below:

Audit Committee Laurie Harris, Chair William Kronenberg III Marc Metcalf George Tate

Remuneration Committee William Kronenberg III, Chair Laurie Harris Marc Metcalf George Tate

Investment Committee George Tate, Chair Kris Hill Russell Johnston John Langione

Risk & Capital Committee Marc Metcalf, Chair Kris Hill Russell Johnston William Kronenberg III John Langione

^{**} Was replaced by Tony Gonzalez during 2018

^{***} Was replaced by Kristen Bessette during 2018

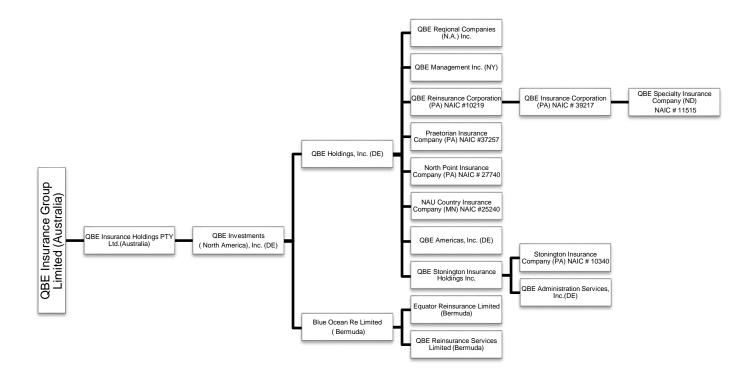
^{****} Was newly appointed during 2018

IV. AFFILIATED COMPANIES

GC-WI is a member of a holding company system in which the ultimate parent is QBE Limited. QBE Limited is a publicly traded company incorporated under the laws of Australia. The principal businesses of the holding company system are conducted through its property and casualty insurance and reinsurance subsidiaries. QBE Limited had 122 subsidiaries in its holding company system on December 31, 2017. The abbreviated organizational chart below identifies the succession of control directly related to the company, as well as other significant affiliates within the group. A brief description of these affiliates follows the organizational chart shown on the following page.

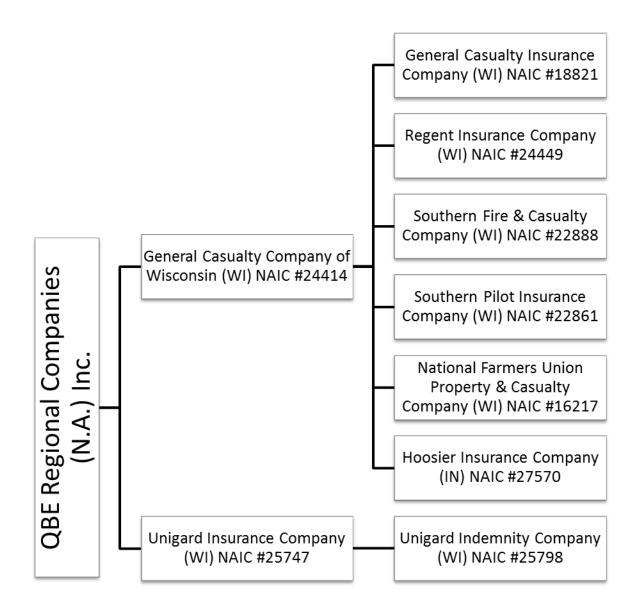
Organizational Chart

QBE Holding Company System-Abbreviated As of December 31, 2017



Organizational Chart

QBE Regional Companies (N.A) Inc., and subsidiaries

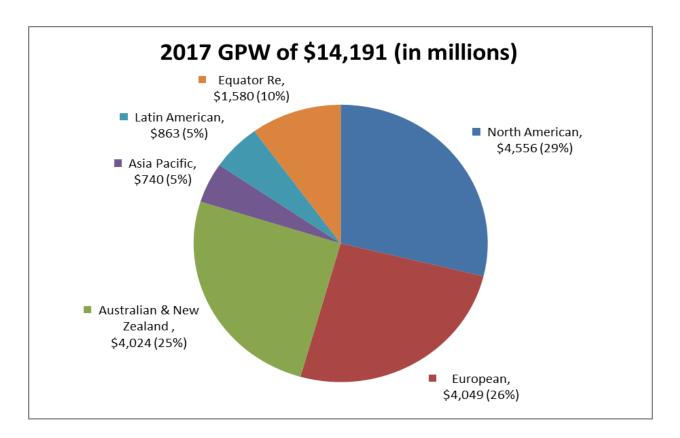


QBE Insurance Group Limited

QBE Limited was formed in 1886 in Townsville, Australia. Currently, the headquarters of QBE Limited is located in Sydney, Australia. QBE Limited is a publicly held company and is traded on the Australian Stock Exchange. The holding company group has a presence in every key insurance market, with operations in over 36 countries.

QBE Limited's organizational chart refers to six insurance segments: Australian & New

Zealand, Asia Pacific, European, North American, Latin American, and Equator Re. The following chart is a geographical split of QBE Limited's 2017 gross premium written (GPW).



The holding company group also has a segment devoted to the investment management of the insurers.

The following is a summary of the operations of each segment:

Australian & New Zealand

This segment conducts general insurance operations throughout Australia and New Zealand, providing all major lines of insurance coverage for personal and commercial risks.

Asia Pacific

This segment conducts general insurance operations in the Asia Pacific region, including 15 countries, providing coverage for personal, commercial, and specialty risks, which include professional and general liability, marine, corporate property, and trade credit.

European

This segment consists of the Lloyd's of London (Lloyd's) division and QBE Insurance Europe. The Lloyd's division is the largest manager of capacity, and the second-largest provider of capital, providing general insurance and reinsurance business. QBE Insurance Europe consists of general insurance operations in the

UK, Ireland, and other countries in mainland Europe. It also includes reinsurance business in Ireland.

North American

This segment conducts general insurance and reinsurance operations in the United States through four specialist business units: Financial Partner Services, Property & Casualty, Crop, and Reinsurance. Headquarters are located in New York. QBE Limited first established a presence in the Americas in 1991.

Latin American

This segment conducts general insurance in seven countries throughout North, Central, and South America, focused mainly on commercial classes of business.

Equator Re

This company is QBE Limited's captive reinsurer based in Bermuda. Equator Reinsurances Limited provides reinsurance protection to the majority of the operating entities within the holding company group.

Investments

This segment provides for management of QBE Limited's investment portfolio. Over 99% of the holding company group's investments are managed in-house.

As of December 31, 2017, the audited financial statements of QBE Limited reported (in U.S dollars) assets of \$43.9 billion, liabilities of \$35.0 billion, and shareholders' equity of \$8.9 billion.

Operations for 2017 produced a comprehensive net loss of \$1,371 million.

QBE Insurance Holdings Pty Ltd. (Australia)

QBE Insurance Holdings Pty Ltd., (Australia) (QBE Insurance Holdings) is a non-operating holding company for QBE's Australian and New Zealand, Asia Pacific, Latin American, North American, and European operations, as well as Equator Reinsurances Limited and QBE Strategic Capital Company Pty Limited (worldwide regulated insurance entities). As of December 31, 2017, the audited financial statements of QBE Insurance Holdings reported assets of \$11,559 million, liabilities of \$776 million, and net assets of \$10,783 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net gain of \$491 million.

QBE Investments (North America), Inc.

QBE Investments (North America), Inc. (QBE Investments), is an intermediate holding company for the North American segment. As of December 31, 2017, the financial report of QBE Investments (North America), Inc., provided assets of \$6,793.2 million, liabilities of \$500.2 million, and shareholders' equity of \$6,293.1 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$108 million and a net investment income \$114.3 million.

QBE Holdings, Inc.

QBE Holdings, Inc., is an intermediate holding company for the North American segment. As of December 31, 2017, the financial report of QBE Holdings, Inc., provided assets of \$5,099.3 million, liabilities of \$452.5 million, and shareholders' equity of \$4,646.8 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$941.7 million and net investment loss \$61 million.

QBE Americas, Inc.

QBE Americas, Inc., was incorporated in Delaware on September 11, 2009, to become an insurance services company. QBE Americas, Inc., employs substantially all the Americas employees, owns and maintains business assets, and pays all operating expenses (direct expenses charged and shared expenses will be allocated to appropriate business units). As of December 31, 2017, the audited financial statements of QBE Americas, Inc., reported assets of \$236.2 million, liabilities of \$163.5 million, and shareholders' equity of \$72.7 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$13.4 million on revenues of \$596 million and net investment income \$1.4 million.

QBE Reinsurance Corporation

QBE Re's principal business is underwriting property and casualty reinsurance business, which is primarily obtained through reinsurance intermediaries. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported QBE Re having assets of \$1billion, liabilities of \$258.4 million, and capital and surplus of \$773.0 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$3.3 million on premiums of \$180.3 million and net investment income of \$5.0 million.

QBE Insurance Corporation

QBEIC writes primarily property and casualty lines and group accident and health lines of direct insurance business through program managers. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported QBEIC having assets of \$2.1 billion, liabilities of \$1.4 billion, and capital and surplus of \$678 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$23.7 million on premiums of \$907.6 million and net investment income of \$31.7 million.

QBE Specialty Insurance Company

Specialty primarily writes property and casualty insurance business through program managers and is eligible to write excess and surplus lines in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. As

of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported Specialty having assets of \$363.4 million, liabilities of \$246.4 million, and capital and surplus of \$117.0 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$5.1 million on premiums of \$149.2 million and net investment income of \$4.1 million.

QBE Regional Companies (N.A.), Inc.

QBE Regional is the holding company for GC-WI, UnigardIns, and subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2017, the financial report of QBE Regional provided assets of \$771.0 million, liabilities of \$1.25 million and shareholders' equity \$769.7million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$205.5 million.

General Casualty Insurance Company

GCIC provides personal and commercial property and casualty insurance coverages primarily to Midwestern areas of the U.S. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported GCIC having assets of \$9.5 million, liabilities of \$ 1.9 million, and capital and surplus of \$ 7.6 million. Operations for 2017 produced net income of \$0.04 million and net investment income of \$0.04 million.

Regent Insurance Company

Regent provides personal and commercial property and casualty insurance coverages primarily to midwestern areas of the U.S. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported Regent having assets of \$40.9 million, liabilities of \$8.7 million, and capital and surplus of \$32.2 million. Operations for 2017 produced net income of \$0.4 million and net investment income of \$0.4 million.

Hoosier Insurance Company

Hoosier provides personal and commercial property and casualty insurance coverages in the State of Indiana. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported Hoosier having assets of \$7.8 million, liabilities of \$0.6 million, and capital and surplus of \$7.3 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$0.1 million and a net investment income of \$0.1 million.

Southern Pilot Insurance Company

SPilot provides personal and commercial property and casualty insurance coverages to Southeastern areas of the U.S. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported SPilot having assets of \$7.0 million, liabilities of \$0.1 million, and capital and surplus of \$6.9 million. Operations for 2017 produced net income of \$0.04 million and net investment income of \$0.05 million.

Southern Fire & Casualty Company

SFire provides personal and commercial property and casualty insurance coverages to Southeastern areas of the U.S. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported SFire having assets of \$7.2 million, liabilities of \$0.07 million, and capital and surplus of \$7.2 million. Operations for 2017 produced net income of \$0.5 million and net investment loss of \$0.07 million.

National Farmers Union Property and Casualty Company

NFU provides personal and commercial property and casualty insurance coverages to Midwestern areas of the U.S. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported NFU having assets of \$134.1 million, liabilities of \$92.0 million, and capital and surplus of \$42.1 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$2.3 million on premiums of \$62.2 million and a net investment loss of \$1.2 million.

Unigard Insurance Company

UnigardIns provides personal and commercial property and casualty insurance coverages to Western areas of the U.S. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported UnigardIns having assets of \$394.6 million, liabilities of \$298.1 million, and capital and surplus of \$96.5 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$5.3 million on premiums of \$186.0 million and net investment income of \$4.8 million.

Unigard Indemnity Company

UnigardInd provides personal and commercial property and casualty insurance coverages to Western areas of the U.S. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported UnigardInd having assets of \$7.6 million, liabilities of \$0.1 million, and capital and

surplus of \$7.5 million. Operations for 2017 produced net income of \$0.07 million and net investment income of \$0.07 million.

Praetorian Insurance Company

Praetorian concentrates on writing specialty property and casualty coverage not generally emphasized by standard insurance carriers. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported Praetorian having assets of \$453.9 million, liabilities of \$242.1 million, and capital and surplus of \$211.8 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$10.1 million on premiums of \$149.2 million and a net investment income of \$6.1 million.

North Pointe Insurance Company

North Pointe provides commercial property and casualty insurance coverages to Northeastern areas of the U.S. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported North Pointe having assets of \$20.5 million, liabilities of \$9.2 million, and capital and surplus of \$11.2 million. Operations for 2017 produced net income of \$0.2 million and net investment income of \$0.2 million.

QBE Stonington Insurance Holdings Inc.

QBE Stonington Insurance Holdings, Inc., (QBE Stonington) is a holding company, whose assets consist of its wholly owned subsidiaries: Stonington Insurance Company and QBE Administrative Services. As of December 31, 2017, the financial report of QBE Stonington reported assets of \$37.9 million, liabilities of \$1.2 million, and capital and net assets of \$36.7 million. Operations for 2017 produced net income of \$225 and net investment income of \$2.2 million.

Stonington Insurance Company

Stonington provides commercial property and casualty insurance coverages to Southwestern areas of the U.S. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported Stonington having assets of \$15.7 million, liabilities of \$1.4 million, and capital and surplus of \$14.3 million. Operations for 2017 produced net income of \$0.1 million and net investment loss of \$0.1 million.

QBE Administration Services, Inc.

QBE Administration Services, Inc., (QBEASI) is a legal entity registered under the law of state Delaware. QBEASI was formed on October 30, 2006. As of December 31, 2017, the financial report of QBESI reported assets of \$0.6 million, liabilities of \$0.2 million, and shareholders' equity of \$0.4 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$0.2 million.

NAU Country Insurance Company

NAU provides property and casualty insurance coverages, with specialization in crop insurance. As of December 31, 2017, the combined audited financial statements of QBE North America reported NAU having assets of \$966.9 million, liabilities of \$684.3 million, and capital and surplus of \$282.6 million. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$15.4 million on premiums of \$478.6 million and a net investment income of \$12.7 million.

QBE Management Inc. (NY)

QBE Management Inc., (NY) (QBE Management) is a management services company. As of December 31, 2017, the financial report of QBE Management reported assets of \$3.9 million, liabilities of \$4.0 million, and net liabilities of \$100 thousand. Operations for 2017 produced a net loss of \$383 thousand.

QBE Blue Ocean Re Limited

QBE Blue Ocean Re Limited (Blue Ocean Re) was established in response to the introduction of the base erosion anti-abuse tax (BEAT) as a part of the US Tax Reform Act in December 2017. The company replaced Equator Re as the captive reinsurer for the QBE North American operations. Blue Ocean Re is a wholly-owned subsidiary of QBE Investments North America, Inc., Delaware. The company commenced operations at the beginning of 2018.

Equator Reinsurances Limited

Equator Reinsurances Limited (Equator Re) is a captive reinsurer based in Bermuda, providing reinsurance protection to the majority of the operating entities in the holding company group.

As of December 31, 2017, the audited financial statements of Equator Re reported (in U.S. dollars) assets of \$10,034 million, liabilities of \$9,096 million, and shareholders' equity of \$937.6 million. Operations for

2017 produced a net loss of \$457.5 million on premiums of \$2,227.6 million and a net investment income of \$162.5 million.

QBE Reinsurance Services Limited (Bermuda)

QBE Reinsurance Services (Bermuda) Limited (QBE Rein Services), incorporated in 2018, is a service entity that centralizes Bermuda's Equator Re division expenses and then recharges them to the other entities within Equator Re division. As of December 31, 2018, the financial report of QBE Rein Services reported assets of \$8,964 thousand, liabilities of \$8,969 thousand, and net liabilities of \$5 thousand. Operations for 2018 produced a net loss of \$5 thousand.

Agreements with Affiliates

Affiliated reinsurance and trust agreements are discussed in the section of the report titled "Reinsurance."

Global Investment Services Master Agreement

Effective January 1, 2017, various companies within the QBE Insurance Group, including QBENA, other U. S. affiliates and non-US affiliate counterparties, and QBE Group Services, Pty Limited entered into the Global Investment Services Master Agreement. The objectives of this agreement are to achieve: 1) a consistent set of terms that apply globally within the QBE Insurance; 2) a single document that applies globally and covers both investment management and advisory arrangements; and 3) a document that is easy to administer and maintain. The Global Investment Services Master Agreement replaces the individual management agreements for QBENA.

Multinational Cooperation Agreement

Effective January 1, 2017, QBENA (excluding NAU), the non-US affiliated entities of QBE Insurance (Australia) Limited, as well as the New Zealand Branch, QBE Underwriting Limited, QBE Insurance (Europe) Limited (including the Danish, French, German, Italian, Spanish, and Swedish branches), QBE Services, Inc., QBE Hong Kong & Shanghai Insurance Limited, QBE Insurance (Singapore) Pte Ltd, QBE de Mexico Compania de Seguros, S.A. de C.V., QBE Seguros S.A., QBE Seguros La Buenos Aires S.A., and affiliated reinsurer Equator Reinsurances Limited entered into this agreement. Under this agreement, the QBE "Producing Offices" will provide business referrals to the "Insurer" or "Servicing Offices", and the Servicing Office will issue and service the local policies, in line

with the requirements provided under the business referral, and the stipulations and guidelines prescribed by this agreement.

Multinational Client Centre Agreement for the Provision of Services

Effective January 1, 2017, QBENA (excluding NAU), QBE Group Services Pty LTD (QGS), QBE Americas, Inc., QBE Management Services Pty Limited, QBE Management Services (UK) Limited, and listed QBE North America entities, entered into this agreement. The agreement covers the provision of administrative services by the service providers to the producing offices in serving clients.

Variation Agreements

Effective August 1, 2018, the QBENA entities (excluding NAU) entered into separate

Variation Agreements. Under these agreements, Blue Ocean Re replaced Equator Re as the reinsurer under the Multinational Cooperation Agreement.

Intercompany Cost Allocation and Management Services Agreement

Effective with the latest amendment on December 20, 2017, the company entered into this service agreement with QBE Investments (North America) and subsidiaries. In accordance with this agreement, QBE Americas and UnigardIns provide actuarial, finance, accounting, legal, marketing, human resources, investment advice, internal audit, risk management, reinsurance, underwriting, claims, senior management and staff, information systems, group insurances, and policy services for the actual cost of the services performed. Within 30 days of the end of each month, the provider of service is to bill the receiver, with settlement due within 15 days of receipt. The agreement may be terminated with 90-days' written notice.

Services Agreement

Effective with the latest amendment on September 30, 2015, QBE FIRST Insurance Agency, Inc., (QBE FIRST) and the QBE Regional companies entered into this services agreement. The purpose of the agreement is to allow QBE FIRST to provide the QBE Regional companies with specific policy and claims services for certain personal lines (as outlined in Schedule A of the agreement). The QBE Regional companies each pay QBE FIRST a service commission of 3% of the net personal lines renewal premium, which is due within 30 days of the receipt of the month-end report. The agreement may be terminated by either party with 90 days' written notice. Amendment Number one, effective September 30,

2015, replaced QBE FIRST Insurance Agency, Inc., with Westwood Insurance Agency (to reflect the entity performing the services).

Agency Agreement

Effective with the latest amendment on September 30, 2015, QBE First, the QBE Regional companies, and QBEIC entered into this agency agreement. The purpose of the agreement is to allow QBE FIRST to operate as an agent for the QBE Regional companies in the jurisdictions where QBE FIRST is properly licensed with respect to the personal auto, personal property, and personal umbrella lines of business. The QBE Regional companies each pay QBE FIRST a commission of 10% to 15%, depending on the type of business, which is due within 30 days of the receipt of the month-end report. The agreement may be terminated by mutual written agreement of both parties, in accordance with the terms and conditions to which they have agreed. Amendment Number One, effective September 30, 2015, replaced QBE FIRST Insurance Agency, Inc., with Westwood Insurance Agency (to reflect the entity performing the services).

Tax Sharing Agreement

Effective April 1, 2017, QBE Investments and listed subsidiaries entered into a tax sharing agreement. The agreement has since been amended to include acquired subsidiaries or to terminate former subsidiaries. In accordance with this agreement, the group allocates tax among its members specifically on the basis of the tax. A member would be liable for if it had filed a separate federal income tax return. Net operating loss and capital carryovers of the members shall be taken into account only to the extent such items were generated in a consolidated return year to which this agreement or a previous tax sharing agreement applied and the member has not previously been and is not otherwise compensated for the use of such tax benefit items.

Estimated tax payments are to be paid to the parent on a quarterly basis with final settlement within 30 days of the filing of the consolidated return. If any adjustments are necessary, the amount differing from the amount previously determined shall be paid within 10 business days after parent receipt of a refund or at least five days before the due date for payment of additional tax liability. This agreement applies to all taxable years beginning with the effective date unless it is amended or terminated in writing by mutual agreement of all parties to the agreement.

V. REINSURANCE

The company's reinsurance portfolio and strategy are described below. A list of the companies that have a significant amount of reinsurance in force at the time of the examination follows. The contracts contained the proper insolvency provisions.

Second 2017 Revision of the 1976 QBE North America Pooling Agreement

Effective January 1, 1976, GC-WI, Regent and GCIC entered into an intercompany pooling arrangement whereby the entire net business in force and produced as of that date was ceded to GC-WI and then redistributed between the participants on a pro rata basis. The second 2017 revision of the 1976 QBE North America Pooling Agreement was designed to reaffirm the basic provisions of the 1976 agreement, as previously amended, and to remove BlueInd from the Agreement and assign all of the rights, duties, and liabilities of BlueInd under the Agreement to GC-WI effective April 1, 2017.

Pool participants have entered into certain quota share and/or loss portfolio agreements in which cessions are made prior to participation in the pooling arrangement. These reinsurance agreements are discussed below, as applicable to the company. Aside from these cessions, participants cede 100% of net written premiums, net losses, and net loss adjustment expenses to QBEIC. QBEIC, as the pool reinsurer, assumes on a severally liable basis and cedes to pool participants on a jointly and severally liable pro rata basis as follows effective April 1, 2017:

Company Name	Percentage
QBE Insurance Corporation	36.50%
NAU Country Insurance Company	19.25
General Casualty Company of Wisconsin	15.00
Unigard Insurance Company	7.50
QBE Reinsurance Corporation	7.25
Praetorian Insurance Company	6.00
QBE Specialty Insurance Company	6.00
National Farmers Union Property and Casualty Company	2.50
General Casualty Insurance Company	0.00
Hoosier Insurance Company	0.00
North Pointe Insurance Company	0.00
Regent Insurance Company	0.00
Southern Fire & Casualty Company	0.00
Southern Pilot Insurance Company	0.00
Stonington Insurance Company	0.00
Unigard Indemnity Company	0.00

Monthly accounting of all activity and information relative to policies affected by the agreement is to be provided within 30 days after the close of each month. Settlements of any balances due shall be completed within 45 days after the close of each quarter. Each participant shall have the opportunity to review and approve any and all reinsurance transactions which in any way may affect the agreement. The agreement may be terminated by any participant at the end of any treaty year by providing at least one year prior written notice to the remaining parties to the agreement.

Affiliated Ceding Contracts

Blue Ocean Re Second Amended and Restated Loss Portfolio Transfer and Quota Share Reinsurance Agreement

Effective January 1, 2015, current or future associate, subsidiary and affiliated companies of QBENA entered into a quota share agreement with the affiliate, Equator Re. Equator Re reinsures 40% of the QBENA companies' net liability with respect to all direct and assumed business underwritten, except that which is specifically excluded. The agreement was amended effective October 1, 2015, to terminate reinsurance under the agreement on business classified as mortgage and lender services on a cut-off basis, as respects all QBENA. Effective January 1, 2016, the agreement was amended the second time to change the terms of the agreement from a calendar-year basis to a loss-occurring basis under policies in force as of January 1, 2016, (with effective dates of January 1, 2015, and later) and policies written or renewed with effective dates thereafter. Furthermore, the agreement was amended to terminate SGty effective January 1, 2017, and again amended effective April 1, 2017, to terminate BlueInd.

In addition to the quota share agreement, Equator Re reinsures 31% of the ultimate net liability and extra-contractual obligations and loss in excess of policy limits incurred and recorded to the cedents' (GC-WI, GCIC, Regent, BlueInd, SGty, SPilot, SFire, NFU, UnigardIns, UnigardInd, Specialty, QBE Re, QBEIC, Praetorian, North Pointe, Stonington, Hoosier, and NAU's) financial statements as of December 31, 2015, except that which is specifically excluded under the loss portfolio transfer agreement. The agreement was amended to terminate SGty effective January 1, 2017, and again amended effective April 1, 2017, to terminate BlueInd.

Effective December 31, 2017, GC-WI, North Pointe, Praetorian, QBEIC, Specialty, and Stonington (the cedents) and Equator Re agreed to amend, restate, and consolidate such that increase the aforementioned 40% quota share agreement and the aforementioned 31% loss portfolio transfer agreement to 100% quota share of covered losses, whenever occurring, under policies issued or assumed by the cedents that are included in certain discontinued programs.

Effective January 1, 2018, the cedents and Equator Re and Blue Ocean Re entered into the second amended and restated loss portfolio and quota share reinsurance agreement. All parties agreed that Equator Re assumes 100% quota share of covered losses occurring on or before December 31, 2017, and Blue Ocean Re assumes 100% quota share of covered losses occurring on or after January 1, 2018. Covered losses include ultimate net loss, third-party administrator expenses, extra-contractual obligations, loss in excess of policy limits, premium payable under the inuring reinsurance agreements applicable to discontinued programs, and assessments related to the Michigan Catastrophic Claims Association (MCCA) and any similar assessments. On the effective date, an initial reinsurance premium should be transferred from the Equator Re trust account to the Blue Ocean Re trust account. This amount equals to the unearned premium from reinsured policies as of January 1, 2018. Additional reinsurance premium is equal to: 60% of premium written from policies as regards the Community Association Underwriters of America, Inc., program, or 67.712% of premium written from policies as regards all other discontinued programs, or 100% of amount paid by third-party reinsurers, received from the MCCA, salvage, litigation, or arbitration recoveries. A ceding commission of 100% of net program expenses incurred is allowed to be deducted from the reinsurance premium. The agreement shall continue in force until such time as the reinsurers' liability with respect to covered losses terminates, which will be the earlier of: (i) the date the cedents' liability with respect to the discontinued programs is terminated and all amounts due to the cedents under this agreement with respect to the discontinued programs is paid or (ii) the date on which this agreement is terminated by the mutual written consent of the parties.

Excess of Loss and Catastrophe Reinsurance Portfolio

The company's ceded reinsurance portfolio for catastrophic and excess of loss coverages is assigned and placed by QBE North America located in New York City, with the company's approval. QBE

North America uses the "group aggregate methodology" only as respect to property catastrophe in development of their ceded reinsurance portfolio. The catastrophic and excess of loss coverages encompass all insurance subsidiaries of QBE North America. In determining adequate coverage, various loss scenarios are considered with the intent to protect the participants from a 100/250-year catastrophic event. The "group aggregate methodology" results in more buying power, due to the centralization of reinsurance procurement. Exhibit A summarizes the company's ceded reinsurance portfolio for catastrophic and excess of loss coverages.

Blue Ocean Re Trade Credit Quota Share Agreement

In addition to the trade credit excess of loss reinsurance agreement described in the Exhibit A, effective January 1, 2018, subsidiaries and associated companies of QBE Limited entered into a quota share agreement with the affiliate, Blue Ocean Re. Blue Ocean Re reinsures 40% of the cedents' net loss with respect to business written and classified as credit risk, political risk, and surety, except that which is specifically excluded. The cedents receive a ceding commission based on a sliding scale, according to which provisional ceding commission is 36% (and shall be payable at a loss ratio of 61%), the maximum ceding commission is 50%, and minimum ceding commission is 28% of gross net premium income. A quarterly accounting of all activity pursuant to the agreement is to be provided within 45 days after the close of each quarter. Settlements of any amounts due shall be completed within 15 days after the receipt of accounting activity.

Equator Re Novation Agreement

Effective January 1, 2018, all companies affiliated with QBENA entered into a novation agreement with an affiliate, Equator Re and an affiliate, Blue Ocean Re. Blue Ocean Re assumes all existing and future rights, liabilities, duties, and obligations of Equator Re under the reinsurance agreements between QBENA and Equator Re with the same effect as if Blue Ocean Re had originally entered into the Reinsurance Agreements with QBENA.

For that reason, Blue Ocean Re is the reinsurer of any following affiliated ceding reinsurance agreements described in the "REINSURANCE" section to replace Equator Re, effective January 1, 2018.

Reinsurance Trust Agreement

Pursuant to s. Ins 52.05, Wis. Adm. Code, effective March 29, 2012, GC-WI, GCIC, Regent, BlueInd, SPilot, SFire, UnigardIns, UnigardInd, Hoosier, and NFU entered into three reinsurance trust agreements with Equator Re and Citibank, N.A. (the Trustee).

After the creation of Blue Ocean Re, GC-WI, GCIC, Regent, SPilot, SFire, UnigardIns, UnigardInd, Hoosier, and NFU (the beneficiaries) entered into three reinsurance trust agreements with Blue Ocean Re and the same Trustee, effective May 17, 2018.

Blue Ocean Re secures payments of amounts due to the company under any reinsurance agreements entered into by the beneficiaries and Blue Ocean Re by transferring assets to the Trustee for deposit into the trust accounts for the sole benefit of the beneficiaries. The agreements may be terminated by the beneficiaries by at least 45-days' and not more than 60-days' written notice to Blue Ocean Re and the Trustee, and may be terminated by Blue Ocean Re by at least 45-days' and not more than 60-days' written notice to the beneficiaries and the Trustee. Blue Ocean Re is responsible for reimbursing the Trustee for its fees and expenses under the reinsurance trust agreements.

Nonaffiliated Ceding Contracts

1. Type: Quota Share

Reinsured: QBE Insurance Corporation including all owned or affiliated companies

comprising "QBENA"

Reinsurer: The Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company (Hartford

Ins)

Scope: Cyber Risk

Coverage: 100% of the liability for losses covered under a cyber risk coverage form

attaching to its policies, subject to certain exclusions

Limit: \$100,000 annual aggregate per policy for computer attack; \$100,000

annual aggregate per policy for network security liability

Premium: For the risks submitted for special acceptance, the cedents shall pay

Hartford Ins a reinsurance premium as set forth in the written quotation.

For all other covered policies, the cedents shall pay Hartford Ins a reinsurance premium calculated in accordance with the rates contained

in the cyber risk guidelines.

Ceding Commission: 35% of reinsurance premium ceded; no ceding commission for QBE

AmRisc Program policies

Effective date: February 1, 2015

Termination: Unlimited duration but may be terminated with 30-days' written notice by

either party.

2. Type: Quota Share

Reinsured: QBE Insurance Corporation including all owned or affiliated companies

comprising "QBENA"

Reinsurer: The Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company

Scope: Data Compromise

Coverage: 100% of the liability for losses covered under a data compromise

coverage form attaching to its policies, subject to certain exclusions

Limit: \$1 million annual aggregate per policy for response expenses; \$1 million

annual aggregate per policy for defense and liability

Premium: For the risks require referral to Hartford Ins or may be submitted for

special acceptance, the cedents shall pay Hartford Ins a reinsurance

premium as set forth in the written quotation.

For all other covered policies, the cedents shall pay Hartford Ins a reinsurance premium calculated in accordance with the rates contained

in the data compromise guidelines.

Effective date: February 1, 2015

Termination: Unlimited duration but may be terminated with 30-days' written notice by

either party.

3. Type: Quota Share

Reinsured: QBE Insurance Corporation, including all owned or affiliated companies

under common control

Reinsurer: The Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company

Scope: Employment Practices Liability (EPL)

Coverage: 100% of liability for losses (including defense costs) under an EPL

coverage from attached to new and renewal policies written through the QBENA Small Business Unit and 80% of the liability for losses (including defense costs) under an EPL coverage from all other attached to new

and renewal policies, subject to certain exclusions

Limit: As concerns policies written through the QBENA Small Business Unit,

Hartford Ins' liability for loss shall not exceed \$1 million, subject to \$1

million annual aggregate limit in the policy.

As concerns all other covered policies, Hartford Ins' liability for each wrongful employment act shall not exceed \$1 million, subject to \$1

million annual aggregate limit in the policy.

Premium: For the risks require referral to Hartford Ins or may be submitted for

special acceptance, the cedents shall pay Hartford Ins an 80% quota share of reinsurance premium (shall pay Hartford Ins an agreed reinsurance premium as respects policies written through the QBENA Small Business Unit) as set forth in the written quotation, unless

otherwise mutually agreed in writing.

For all other covered policies, the cedents shall pay Hartford ins an 80% quota share of the EPL insurance premium (shall pay Hartford Ins a reinsurance premium as respects policies written through the QBENA Small Business Unit) calculated in accordance with the rates contained in the EPL guidelines.

The cedents shall also pay Hartford Ins an additional 22% of the cedents' share of the EPL insurance premium as an administrative cost allowance (no additional administrative cost allowance as respects policies written through the QBENA Small Business Unit).

Ceding Commission: 35% of reinsurance premium of each policy written through the QBENA

Small Business Unit; no ceding commission for all other covered policies

Effective date: February 1, 2012

Termination: Unlimited duration but may be terminated with 30 days' written notice by

either party.

4. Type: Quota Share

Reinsured: QBE Insurance Corporation including all owned or affiliated companies

comprising "QBENA" (cedents)

Reinsurer: The Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company

Scope: Equipment Breakdown

Coverage: 100% of equipment breakdown liability with respect to accidents and

electronic circuitry impairments, as well as with respect to accidents occurring under all risk excess program policies, subject to certain

exclusions

Limit: \$100 million for any one accident and/or any one electronic circuitry

impairment, any one policy

Premium: For the risks require referral to Hartford Ins or may be submitted for

special acceptance, the cedents shall pay Hartford Ins a reinsurance

premium as set forth in the written quotation.

For all other covered policies, the cedents shall pay Hartford Ins a reinsurance premium calculated in accordance with the rates contained

in the equipment breakdown underwriting guidelines.

Ceding Commission:

Business Segment	Ceding Commission
Policies issued for a corporate business unit covering referral risks	35%
Policies covering referral risks other than policies issued for the corporate business unit	In the written reinsurance quotation
Policies written by Unigard or for the all risk excess property program, other than policies covering referral risks	None
National Farmers Union Builders' risk policies and National Farmers Union policies including an AAIS equipment breakdown coverage part	30%
All other covered policies	35%

Profit sharing Commission:

50% of the profit sharing calculation (profit sharing commission does not apply to policies written for the all risk excess property program), which is the plan losses less the sum of incurred losses and loss carryforward based on a 12-month period for each business segment. Plan losses are calculated by multiplying the plan loss ratio for each business segment by premiums earned. The loss ratio for policies written for program business unit other than all risk program is 47%; for corporate business unit is 42%; for commercial business unit, for referral risk policies and farm policies is 43%, for referral risk policies other than farm referral risk policies is 30%, and for farm policies is 47%. Loss carryforward is the carried forward loss resulting from the preceding profit sharing calculation until fully amortized.

Effective date: January 1, 2015

Termination: Unlimited duration but may be terminated with 30-days' written notice by

either party.

5. Type: Quota Share

Reinsured: QBE Insurance Corporation, including all owned or affiliated companies

comprising QBENA

Reinsurer: The Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company

Scope: Home systems protection and Homeowners equipment breakdown

Coverage and limit:

Class of Business	Coverage*	Limit
Home systems protection liability under policies as respects home system breakdown	100%	\$100,000 for any one home system breakdown, any one policy
Homeowners equipment breakdown liability under policies as respects accidents	100%	50,000 for any one accident, any one policy
Service line coverage liability under policies as respects service line failures occurring on or after August 31, 2017	100%	10,000 for any one service line failure, any one policy

^{*}Coverages subject to certain exclusion

Premium: For the risks require referral to Hartford Ins or may be submitted for

special acceptance, the cedents shall pay Hartford Ins a reinsurance

premium as set forth in the written quotation.

For all other policies, the cedents shall pay Hartford Ins a reinsurance premium calculated in accordance with the rates contained in the home systems protection/equipment breakdown and service line guidelines, or the pro-rata portion for in-term transactions or odd-term policies.

Ceding Commission: 35% of reinsurance premium ceded; no ceding commission for the MDU

renters program policies

Profit sharing Commission:

50% of the profit sharing calculation, which is the plan losses less the sum of incurred losses and loss carryforward based on a 12-month period for each business segment. Plan losses are calculated by multiplying the plan loss ratio by premiums earned. The loss ratio is 45%. Loss carryforward is the carried forward loss resulting from the

preceding profit sharing calculation.

Effective date: February 1, 2015

Termination: Unlimited duration but may be terminated with 30-days' written notice by

either party.

6. Type: Quota Share

Reinsured: QBE Insurance Corporation including all owned or affiliated companies

comprising "QBENA"

Reinsurer: The Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company (Hartford

Ins)

Scope: Cyber Suite

Coverage: 100% of the liability for losses covered under a cyber suite coverage

form attaching to its policies, subject to certain exclusions.

Limit: a) The reinsurers liability for cyber coverage shall not exceed \$1,000,000

annual aggregate policy.

b) The reinsurers liability for Identity Recovery shall not exceed \$25,000

annual aggregate as respects each identity recovery insured.

Premium: For policies, other than policies covering referral risks, the company shall

pay to the reinsurer a reinsurance premium calculated in accordance

with the rates contained in the Cyber Suite Guidelines.

In the event referral risks and/or special acceptances are covered hereunder, the company shall pay to the reinsurer the agreed

reinsurance premium as set forth in the written quotation issued by the

reinsurer and accepted by the company.

For all other covered policies, the cedents shall pay Hartford Ins a reinsurance premium calculated in accordance with the rates contained

in the cyber risk guidelines.

Effective date: October 1, 2017

Termination: Unlimited duration but may be terminated with 30 days' written notice by

either party.

The company also holds multiple facultative excesses of loss contracts with National Indemnity

Company, USA for \$7.5 million in excess of \$2.5 million per occurrence.

Exhibit A

QBE North America

2018 Excess of Loss and Catastrophe Reinsurance Portfolio

	Reinsurer	Retention	Coverage	Limits	Reinstatement(s)	Premium Before Any Reinstatement	Term
Casualty Clash Excess of Loss Coverages for policies classified as casualty business with certain exceptions	Blue Ocean Re	\$2,500,000	\$7,500,000 xs \$2,500,000 10-year Sunset Clause	\$7,500,000 one occurrence	In the event all or any portion of the reinsurance coverage provided by this Contract is exhausted by loss, the amount so exhausted shall be reinstated immediately from the time the occurrence commences hereon	\$1,000,000	Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate: 12/31/2018
Commercial Inland Marine Per Risk <u>Excess of Loss</u> Coverages for policies classified as commercial inland marine	Blue Ocean Re	5,000,000	\$5,000,000 xs \$5,000,000	5,000,000 one occurrence 15,000,000 aggregate	2 full	1.5% of net premium written 204,000 minimum 255,000 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate: 1/1/2019
Healthcare Excess of Loss Covered for policies classified as healthcare	Blue Ocean Re	3,000,000	\$3,000,000 xs \$3,000,000	3,000,000 one occurrence 9,000,000 one occurrence	In the event all or any portion of the reinsurance under this contract is exhausted by loss, the amount so exhausted shall be reinstated from the time of the occurrence of such loss	6.66% of net written premium 350,060 minimum 411,835 deposit premium	Effective: 3/1/2017 Terminate: 12/31/2018
Large Risk & Catastrophe Aggregate Excess of Loss Coverages for policies classified as credit risk, political risk and surety risk (inure to the benefit of trade credit and surety excess of loss and 40% quota share reinsurance agreements)	Blue Ocean Re	17,500,000 aggregate	30,000,000 xs 17,500,000 aggregate	3,000,000 one occurrence, subject to 2,500,000 franchise deductible 30,000,000 aggregate	No	4,000,000	Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate: 12/31/2018

	Reinsurer	Retention	Coverage	Limits	Reinstatement(s)	Premium Before Any Reinstatement	Term
		2,500,000 one occurrence 7,5000,000 annual aggregate deductible	2,500,000 xs 2,500,000	2,500,000 one occurrence 25,000,000 aggregate	9 full	0.9967% of gross net earned premium income 2,885,286 minimum 3,606,000 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018
Management and Professional Liability Excess of Loss	Blue	5,000,000 one occurrence 5,000,000 annual aggregate deductible	5,000,000 xs 5,000,000	5,000,000 one occurrence 30,000,000 aggregate	5 full	1.4690% of gross net earned premium income 4,252,519 minimum 5,316,000 deposit premium	
Coverages for policies classified as management or professional liability	Coverages for policies classified as management or professional liability 10,000,000 one occurrence 10,000,000 one occurrence 30,000,000 one occurrence 30,000,000 one occurrence		XS	10,000,000 one occurrence 60,000,000 aggregate	2 full	0.7345% of gross net earned premium income 2,126,259 minimum 2,658,000 deposit premium	Terminate: 1/1/2019
		30,000,000 one occurrence 60,000,000 aggregate	1 full	0.3986% of gross net earned premium income 1,153,883 minimum 1,442,000 deposit premium			

	Reinsurer	Retention	Coverage	Limits	Reinstatement(s)	Premium Before Any Reinstatement	Term
Property Catastrophe Excess of Loss Coverages for policies classified as property business with certain exceptions Blue Ocea Re	Blue Ocean	200,000,000	200,000,000 xs 200,000,000	200,000,000 one occurrence	In the event that all or any portion of the reinsurance is exhausted by loss, the amount so exhausted will be reinstated from the time of occurrence of such loss for up to one full reinstatement of the limit	Adjusted based on the change in the layer expected loss as derived from modeling using RMS Risk Link v17 for all covered modeled perils and territories from 7/1/2017 to the similarly modeled results as of 7/1/2018 25,200,000 minimum 31,500,000 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate: 1/1/2019
		400,000,000	200,000,000 xs 400,000,000	200,000,000 one occurrence		Adjusted based on the change in the layer expected loss as derived from modeling using RMS Risk Link v17 for all covered modeled perils and territories from 7/1/2017 to the similarly modeled results as of 7/1/2018 16,080,000 minimum 20,100,000 deposit premium	
Property Per Risk Excess of Loss Coverages for policies classified as property business with certain exceptions	Blue Ocean Re	10,000,000	10,000,000 xs 10,000,000	10,000,000 one occurrence 40,000,000 aggregate	3 full	0.43% of net premium written 4,114,145 minimum 5,143,000 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018
		20,000,000	30,000,000 xs 20,000,000	30,000,000 one occurrence 120,000,000 aggregate	3 full	0.56% of net premium written 5,357,956 minimum 6,697,000 deposit premium	Terminate: 1/1/2019

	Reinsurer	Retention	Coverage	Limits	Reinstatement(s)	Premium Before Any Reinstatement	Term
Overlying Property Per Risk	600,000 Blue Ocean Re 1,000,000	600,000,000	400,000,000 xs 600,000,000	400,000,000 one occurrence 800,000,000 aggregate	1 full	Adjusted based on the change in the layer expected loss as derived from modeling using RMS Risk Link v17 for all covered modeled perils and territories from 7/1/2017 to the similarly modeled results as of 7/1/2018 (no adjustment if the change in the layer expected loss is 2.5% or less) 27,000,000 minimum 27,000,000 deposit premium	
		1,000,000,000	200,000,000 xs 1,000,000,000	200,000,000 one occurrence \$400,000,000 aggregate	1 full	Adjusted based on the change in the layer expected loss as derived from modeling using RMS Risk Link v17 for all covered modeled perils and territories from 7/1/2017 to the similarly modeled results as of 7/1/2018 (no adjustment if the change in the layer expected loss is 2.5% or less) 9,500,000 minimum 9,500,000 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate: 1/1/2019
		1,200,000,000	225,000,000 xs 1,200,000,000	225,000,000 one occurrence (limit of liability will adjust based upon the 1 in 200-year OEP PML for North America all regions, all perils) \$450,000,000 aggregate	1 full	7,987,500 flat premium Adjust equals to the change in the loss occurrence limit multiplied by 3.55%, in the event of the limit of liability is adjusted	

	Reinsurer	Retention	Coverage	Limits	Reinstatement(s)	Premium Before Any Reinstatement	Term
First Umbrella Excess of Loss Coverages for excess liability classified as umbrella, excess, following form excess and high limit primary business with certain exceptions	Blue Ocean Re	4,000,000	6,000,000 xs 4,000,000	6,000,000 one policy, one occurrence 30,000,000 aggregate	4 full	9.66% of net premium earned 4,445,222 minimum 5,557,000 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate: 12/31/2018
Second Umbrella Excess of Loss Coverages for excess liability classified as umbrella, excess, following form excess and high limit primary business with certain exceptions	Blue Ocean Re	10,000,000	15,000,000 xs 10,000,000	15,000,000 one policy, one occurrence, plus its proportionate share of any applicable loss adjustment expense. 30,000,000 aggregate	In the event that all or any portion of the reinsurance under this contract is exhausted by loss, the amount so exhausted shall be reinstated from the time of occurrence of such loss.	14.7% of net premium written 1,940,493 minimum 2,426,000 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate: 12/31/2018
	5,000,000 5 10,000,000 10 10,000,000 30 20,000,000 25 50,000,000 25	5,000,000	5,000,000 xs 5,000,000	5,000,000 ultimate net each loss 25,000,000 aggregate	4 full	2.075% of gross net premium income 3,735,000 minimum 4,669,000 deposit premium	
Trade Credit and Surety <u>Excess of Loss</u>		10,000,000	10,000,000 xs 10,000,000	10,000,000 ultimate net each loss 50,000,000 aggregate	4 full	2.525% of gross net premium income 4,545,000 minimum 5,681,000 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018
Coverages for business classified as credit risk, political risk, and surety risk		30,000,000 xs 20,000,000	30,000,000 ultimate net each loss 60,000,000 aggregate	1 full	4.075% of gross net premium income 7,335,000 minimum 9,169,000 deposit premium	Terminate: 12/31/2018	
		50,000,000	250,000,000 xs 50,000,000	250,000,000 ultimate net each loss 500,000,000 aggregate	1 full	2.975% of gross net premium income 5,355,000 minimum 6,694,000 deposit premium	

	Reinsurer	Retention	Coverage	Limits	Reinstatement(s)	Premium Before Any Reinstatement	Term
Whole Account Risk and Occurrence Excess of Loss Coverages for all business covered by the 2018 Blue Ocean Re underlying contracts including property, workers compensation, casualty clash, and umbrella	Blue Ocean Re	50,000,000	50,000,000 xs 50,000,000	50,000,000 one occurrence 100,000,000 aggregate	In the event of loss or losses occurring under this agreement, it is agreed to automatically reinstate to its full amount as set out in limit	0.081% of premium income 1,385,812 minimum 1,732,265 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018 Term: 12 months
Overlying Whole Account Risk and Occurrence Excess of Loss Coverages for all business covered by the 2018 Blue Ocean Re underlying contracts including property, workers compensation, casualty clash, and umbrella	Blue Ocean	100,000,000	200,000,000 xs 100,000,000	200,000,000 one occurrence 400,000,000 aggregate	In the event of loss or losses occurring under this agreement, it is agreed to automatically reinstate to its full amount as set out in limit	0.144% of premium income 2,463,666 minimum 3,079,582 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018 Term: 12 months

	Reinsurer	Retention	Coverage	Limits	Reinstatement(s)	Premium Before Any Reinstatement	Term
Workers' Compensation Excess of Loss Coverages for excess liability for policies classified as workers' compensation with certain exceptions	Blue Ocean Re	5,000,000	10,000,000 xs 5,000,000 5,000,000 xs 5,000,000 for employers liability business 10-year Sunset Clause	10,000,000 one occurrence 30,000,000 aggregate	2 full	0.943% of net premium earned 2,600,000 minimum 2,600,000 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate: 12/31/2018
Workers' Compensation Catastrophe Excess of Loss Coverages for excess liability for policies classified as workers'	15,000,000 Blue Ocean Re		20,000,000 xs 15,000,000 10-year Sunset Clause	15,000,000 one occurrence for workers compensation 5,000,000 one occurrence for employers liability business 40,000,000 aggregate	In the event that all or any portion of the reinsurance under this contract is exhausted by loss, the amount so exhausted shall be reinstated from the time of occurrence of such loss.	0.261% of net premium earned 720,000 minimum 720,000 deposit premium	_ Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate: 12/31/2018
policies classified as workers' compensation (including employers liability) with certain exceptions			15,000,000 xs 35,000,000 10-year Sunset Clause	15,000,000 one occurrence for workers compensation 5,000,000 one occurrence for employers liability business 30,000,000 aggregate		0.087% of net premium earned 240,000 minimum 240,000 deposit premium	

	Reinsurer	Retention	Coverage	Limits	Reinstatement(s)	Premium Before Any Reinstatement	Term
Large Risk and Catastrophe Aggregate Excess of Loss – Covers all business written by QBENA except for: NAU, QBE Re. & TC&S	Blue Ocean Re	251,250,000	270,000,000 (90% of 300,000,000) xs 251.250,000	270,000,000 (90% of 300,000,000) in the agg subject to a 2,500,000 franchise	No	70,000,000	Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate:12/31/2018
		5,000,000 one occurrence	5,000,000 xs 5,000,000	5,000,000 one occurrence 15,000,000 aggregate	2@100%	1.15% of gross net earned premium income 599,942 minimum 750,000 deposit premium	
General Aviation Excess of Loss Coverages for aviation and aerospace products liability with certain exceptions	Blue Ocean Re	10,000,000 one occurrence	10,000,000 xs 10,000,000	10,000,000 one occurrence 20,000,000 aggregate	1@100%	.875% of gross net earned premium income 456,477 minimum 571,000 deposit premium	Effective: 1/1/2018 Terminate:12/31/2019
	30,000,000 one	30,000,000 xs 20,000,000	30,000,000 one occurrence 60,000,000 aggregate	1@100%	1.650% of gross net earned premium income 860,786 minimum 1,076,000 deposit premium		

VI. FINANCIAL DATA

The following financial statements reflect the financial condition of the company as reported to the Commissioner of Insurance in the December 31, 2017, annual statement.

Adjustments made as a result of the examination are noted at the end of this section in the area captioned "Reconciliation of Surplus per Examination." Also included in this section are schedules that reflect the growth of the company, NAIC Insurance Regulatory Information System (IRIS) ratio results for the period under examination, and the compulsory and security surplus calculation.

General Casualty Company of Wisconsin Assets As of December 31, 2017

	Assets	Nonadmitted Assets	Net Admitted Assets
Bonds	\$268,804,346	\$	\$268,804,346
Stocks:			
Preferred stocks	6,000,000		6,000,000
Common stocks	114,087,492		114,087,492
Real estate:	40 405 000		40 405 000
Occupied by the company	40,405,603		40,405,603
Properties held for the production of income	C 40E 40E		C 40E 40E
	6,405,135		6,405,135
Cash, cash equivalents, and short- term investments	(41,392,581)		(41,392,581)
Other invested assets	16,044,185		16,044,185
Receivables for securities	9,745,754		9,745,754
Investment income due and accrued	1,961,924		1,961,924
Premiums and considerations:	1,501,524		1,301,324
Uncollected premiums and agents'			
balances in course of collection	49,022,422	8,194,560	40,827,862
Deferred premiums, agents'	.0,0,	3,131,333	.0,02.,002
balances, and installments booked			
but deferred and not yet due	53,415,561		53,415,561
Accrued retrospective premiums and	, ,		, ,
contracts subject to			
redetermination	485,195		485,195
Reinsurance:			
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	48,534,000		48,534,000
Other amounts receivable under			
reinsurance contracts	219,377		219,377
Current federal and foreign income tax			
recoverable and interest thereon	4,921,108		4,921,108
Net deferred tax asset	26,781,380	8,898,822	17,882,558
Receivable from parent, subsidiaries,			
and affiliates	93,219,454		93,219,454
Write-ins for other than invested			
assets:			
Amounts billed and receivable	0.004.000	202 227	0.000.004
deductible plans	2,961,088	660,397	2,300,691
Equities and deposits	6,315,234	48,996	6,266,238
Net receivable federally reinsured	400 440 000		400 440 000
multi-peril crop insurance	106,119,962		106,119,962
Summary of remaining write-ins for	1 000 600	742 400	4 427 500
Line 25 from overflow page Total Assets	<u>1,880,636</u> \$815,037,276	743,109 \$18,545,884	1,137,528 \$707,301,303
I Ulai ASSEIS	<u>\$815,937,276</u>	<u>\$10,040,004</u>	<u>\$797,391,393</u>

General Casualty Company of Wisconsin Liabilities, Surplus, and Other Funds As of December 31, 2017

Losses		\$260,857,683
Reinsurance payable on paid loss and loss		1 007 250
adjustment expenses Loss adjustment expenses		1,997,359 45,004,257
Commissions payable, contingent commissions, and		45,004,257
other similar charges		21,252,893
Other expenses (excluding taxes, licenses, and fees)		2,049,588
Taxes, licenses, and fees (excluding federal and		2,040,000
foreign income taxes)		374,343
Unearned premiums		129,612,247
Advance premium		467,527
Ceded reinsurance premiums payable (net of ceding		,
commissions)		70,177,294
Amounts withheld or retained by the company for		
account of others		1,025,367
Remittances and items not allocated		4,928,912
Provision for reinsurance		223,400
Payable to parent, subsidiaries, and affiliates		19,039,030
Write-ins for liabilities:		
Escheat reserve		2,016,534
Other liabilities		46,128
Claims clearing account		(14,547,064)
Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from		4 00= 040
overflow page		<u>1,885,846</u>
Total Liabilities		546,411,344
Common capital stock	\$ 4,000,000	
Gross paid in and contributed surplus	224,377,706	
Unassigned funds (surplus)	42,504,481	
Less treasury stock, at cost:	42,004,401	
Common	19,902,138	
Surplus as Regards Policyholders		250,980,049
Total Liabilities and Surplus		<u>\$797,391,393</u>

General Casualty Company of Wisconsin Summary of Operations For the Year 2017

Underwriting Income Premiums earned		\$372,971,540
Deductions: Losses incurred Loss adjustment expenses incurred Other underwriting expenses incurred Total underwriting deductions Net underwriting gain (loss)	\$248,638,837 33,255,556 113,532,535	395,426,928 (22,455,388)
Investment Income Net investment income earned Net realized capital gains (losses) Net investment gain (loss)	7,145,617 1,289,407	8,435,024
Other Income Net gain (loss) from agents' or premium balances charged off Finance and service charges not included in premiums Write-ins for miscellaneous income: Other miscellaneous income (expense) Total other income	(1,363,367) 360,091 <u>287,599</u>	(715,677)
Net income (loss) before dividends to policyholders and before federal and foreign income taxes Dividends to policyholders		(14,736,041) 924,032
Net income (loss) after dividends to policyholders but before federal and foreign income taxes Federal and foreign income taxes incurred		(15,660,073) (5,129,822)
Net Loss		<u>\$ (10,530,251</u>)

General Casualty Company of Wisconsin Cash Flow For the Year 2017

Premiums collected net of reinsurance Net investment income Miscellaneous income Total Benefit- and loss-related payments Commissions, expenses paid, and aggregate write-ins for deductions Dividends paid to policyholders Federal and foreign income taxes paid (recovered) Total deductions Net cash from operations		\$232,973,924 151,752,094 924,032 407,043	\$329,868,339 9,633,289 (715,676) 338,785,953 386,057,094 (47,271,141)
Proceeds from investments sold, matured, or repaid: Bonds Stocks Other invested assets Net gains (losses) on cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments Total investment proceeds Cost of investments acquired (long-term only): Bonds Stocks	\$606,297,881 77,530,447 123,463 (36,121) 590,253,145 52,089,447	683,915,670	
Real estate Other invested assets Miscellaneous applications Total investments acquired Net cash from investments	6,146,185 15,346,860 <u>9,745,754</u>	673,581,392	10,334,278
Cash from financing and miscellaneous sources: Other cash provided (applied) Net cash from financing and miscellaneous sources		(47,023,385)	_(47,023,38 <u>5</u>)
Reconciliation: Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments:			(83,960,248)
Beginning of year			42,567,668
End of Year			<u>\$ (41,392,581</u>)

General Casualty Company of Wisconsin Compulsory and Security Surplus Calculation December 31, 2017

91,393
(

Less security surplus of insurance

 subsidiaries
 59,273,273

 Less liabilities
 546,411,344

Adjusted surplus 191,706,776

Annual premium:

Group accident and health \$ 36,100,589

Factor ______10%

Total \$ 3,610,058

Lines other than accident and health 445,344,238 Factor 20%

Total <u>89,068,847</u>

Compulsory surplus (subject to

a minimum of \$2 million) 92,678,905

Compulsory Surplus Excess (Deficit) \$ 99,027,871

Adjusted surplus (from above) \$191,706,776

Security surplus (140% of compulsory surplus, factor reduced 1% for each \$33 million in premium written in

excess of \$10 million, with a minimum

factor of 110%) <u>116,775,420</u>

Security Surplus Excess (Deficit) <u>\$74,931,356</u>

General Casualty Company of Wisconsin Analysis of Surplus For the Five-Year Period Ending December 31, 2017

The following schedule details items affecting surplus during the period under examination as reported by the company in its filed annual statements:

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Surplus, beginning of					
year	\$280,671,279	\$317,878,065	\$309,631,011	\$312,707,688	\$448,105,925
Net income	(10,530,251)	21,884,798	12,985,689	1,726,335	(43,367)
Change in net unrealized capital gains/losses Change in net deferred	(9,379,235)	(7,198,106)	(13,241,037)	(9,857,951)	(55,455,374)
income tax	(9,182,646)	(2,698,162)	(4,495,950)	(201,434)	6,539,813
Change in nonadmitted	,	,	,	, ,	
assets	(2,108,759)	419,736	12,159,304	4,978,461	(19,678,976)
Change in provision for	1 560 600	(440, 200)	(426,000)	426 900	(077 200)
reinsurance Cumulative effect of	1,560,600	(110,200)	(426,000)	426,800	(977,200)
changes in accounting					
principles				19,506	463,691
Surplus adjustments:					
Paid in		(53,600,000)			
Dividends to					(05 000 000)
stockholders					(65,000,000)
Write-ins for gains and (losses) in surplus:					
Loss on disposal of fixed assets					(1,208,700)
Change in					(, , ,
miscellaneous					
surplus	(208,214)	284,822	(16,762)	(16,974)	(38,123)
Special surplus- retroactive					
reinsurance		000.050	(00.400)	(454 400)	
movement Correction of errors	150,000	803,650	(93,182)	(151,420)	
Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 37	150,000	3,074,614	1,374,991		
from overflow page	7,273	(67,937)			
Surplus and of year	\$250,080,040	¢290 671 270	¢217 070 065	¢200 621 011	¢212 707 600
Surplus, end of year	<u>\$250,980,049</u>	<u>\$280,671,279</u>	<u>\$317,878,065</u>	<u>\$309,631,011</u>	<u>\$312,707,688</u>

General Casualty Company of Wisconsin Insurance Regulatory Information System For the Five-Year Period Ending December 31, 2017

The company's NAIC Insurance Regulatory Information System (IRIS) results for the period under examination are summarized below.

Ratio	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Gross Premium to Surplus	248%	241%	150%	171%	200%
Net Premium to Surplus	146	132	57	74	100
Change in Net Premiums Written	-1	105*	-21	-27	11
Surplus Aid to Surplus	0	0	1	0	0
Two-Year Overall Operating Ratio	96	90	101*	102*	106*
Investment Yield	1.5*	4.2	1.3*	0.9*	3.6
Gross Change in Surplus	-11*	-12*	3	-1	-30*
Change in Adjusted Surplus	-11*	5	3	-1	-30*
Liabilities to Liquid Assets	198*	148*	189*	184*	168*
Agents' Balances to Surplus	16	14	7	10	15
One-Year Reserve Development					
to Surplus	-5	-13	1	0	4
Two-Year Reserve Development					
to Surplus	-15	-10	1	4	9
Estimated Current Reserve					
Deficiency to Surplus	5	-18	-1	-7	11
	Gross Premium to Surplus Net Premium to Surplus Change in Net Premiums Written Surplus Aid to Surplus Two-Year Overall Operating Ratio Investment Yield Gross Change in Surplus Change in Adjusted Surplus Liabilities to Liquid Assets Agents' Balances to Surplus One-Year Reserve Development to Surplus Two-Year Reserve Development to Surplus Estimated Current Reserve	Gross Premium to Surplus Net Premium to Surplus Change in Net Premiums Written Surplus Aid to Surplus Two-Year Overall Operating Ratio Investment Yield Gross Change in Surplus Change in Adjusted Surplus Change in Adjusted Surplus Liabilities to Liquid Assets Agents' Balances to Surplus One-Year Reserve Development to Surplus Two-Year Reserve Development to Surplus -5 Two-Year Reserve Development to Surplus -15 Estimated Current Reserve	Gross Premium to Surplus Net Premium to Surplus Change in Net Premiums Written Surplus Aid to Surplus Two-Year Overall Operating Ratio Investment Yield Gross Change in Surplus Change in Adjusted Surplus Change in Surplus Change in Adjusted Surplus Change in Surplus Change	Gross Premium to Surplus 248% 241% 150% Net Premium to Surplus 146 132 57 Change in Net Premiums Written -1 105* -21 Surplus Aid to Surplus 0 0 1 Two-Year Overall Operating Ratio 96 90 101* Investment Yield 1.5* 4.2 1.3* Gross Change in Surplus -11* -12* 3 Change in Adjusted Surplus -11* 5 3 Liabilities to Liquid Assets 198* 148* 189* Agents' Balances to Surplus 16 14 7 One-Year Reserve Development -5 -13 1 Two-Year Reserve Development -5 -13 1 Two-Year Reserve Development -15 -10 1 Estimated Current Reserve	Gross Premium to Surplus 248% 241% 150% 171% Net Premium to Surplus 146 132 57 74 Change in Net Premiums Written -1 105* -21 -27 Surplus Aid to Surplus 0 0 1 0 Two-Year Overall Operating Ratio 96 90 101* 102* Investment Yield 1.5* 4.2 1.3* 0.9* Gross Change in Surplus -11* -12* 3 -1 Change in Adjusted Surplus -11* 5 3 -1 Liabilities to Liquid Assets 198* 148* 189* 184* Agents' Balances to Surplus 16 14 7 10 One-Year Reserve Development to Surplus -5 -13 1 0 Two-Year Reserve Development to Surplus -15 -10 1 4 Estimated Current Reserve

Ratio No.3 ("Change in Net Premiums Written") measures the change in net premiums written from the prior year. Net premiums written increased by 105% in 2016 compared to 2015 as a result of the changes in the pooling agreement (the company's pooling percentage increased from 8.6% in 2015 to 15% in 2016). In addition, due to changes in the reinsurance program, the company retained a larger portion of the business written.

Ratio No. 5 ("Two-Year Overall Operating Ratio") measures the company's profitability over the previous two-year period. This ratio was exceptional from 2013 to 2015. The exceptional ratios were the result of significant losses and loss adjustment expenses incurred during this period, decreased premium volume, and adverse prior year development.

Ratio No. 6 ("Investment Yield") measures the amount of the company's net investment income as a percentage of the average amount of cash and invested assets. This ratio was considered exceptional in years 2014, 2015, and 2017. A large portion of the company's portfolio is allocated to high-quality, short-duration, fixed-income securities. The company's conservative investment approach and the prolonged low-interest rate environment in the United States contributed to exceptional results.

Ratio No. 7 ("Gross Change in Surplus") was exceptional in 2013, 2016 and 2017. The exceptional results in 2013 and 2016 were due to the extraordinary dividends of \$65 million and \$53.6 million, respectively, which were paid to the parent company, QBE Regional. The exceptional ratio for 2017 was due to reduced operating results as a result of large catastrophe losses, and the reduction in federal corporate tax rates from 35% to 21% (resulting in reduced net admitted assets recoverable).

Ratio No. 8 ("Change in Adjusted Policyholders' Surplus") measures the improvement or deterioration in the insurer's financial condition based on operational results (by factoring-out changes in surplus notes, paid-in or transferred capital and surplus). This ratio was considered exceptional in years 2013 and 2017. The exceptional result in 2013 was primarily due to extraordinary dividends in the amount of \$65 million, which were paid to the parent company, QBE Regional. The exceptional ratio in 2017 was due to reduced operating results, as a result of large catastrophe losses, and the reduction in federal corporate tax rates from 35% to 21% (resulting in reduced net admitted assets recoverable).

Ratio No. 9 ("Liabilities to Liquid Assets") measures the company's ability to meet its financial demands. This ratio was considered exceptional in each of the years under examination. The primary reasons for the exceptional results were: (1) the company's investment in insurance subsidiaries (which are not considered to be liquid assets), (2) decreasing premium volume, (3) adverse prior year development, and (4) seasonal fluctuations related to administration of the federal crop insurance business, which can periodically create large receivables that are not counted as liquid assets under this ratio. In addition, at the end of 2016, there were several loss portfolio transfers that occurred late in the year that caused the company to report significant payables to reinsurers and other affiliates.

Growth of General Casualty Company of Wisconsin

Year	Admitted Assets	Liabilities	Surplus as Regards Policyholders	Net Income
2017	\$ 797,391,393	\$546,411,344	\$250,980,049	\$(10,530,251)
2016	873,513,199	592,841,920	280,671,279	21,884,798
2015	695,354,908	377,476,843	317,878,065	12,985,689
2014	762,322,232	452,691,221	309,631,011	1,726,335
2013	866,565,714	553,858,026	312,707,688	(43,368)
2012	1,024,950,372	576,844,447	448,105,925	(112,102)
	.,	,,	, ,	(· · –, · · –)

Year	Gross Premium Written	Net Premium Written	Premium Earned	Loss and LAE Ratio	Expense Ratio	Combined Ratio
2017	\$622,377,167	\$366,108,859	\$372,971,540	75.6%	31.2%	106.8%
2016	676,809,121	369,517,234	301,472,819	58.8	32.1	90.9
2015	476,471,168	180,203,816	206,078,165	63.9	38.2	102.1
2014	529,147,020	228,268,104	246,292,718	69.2	35.1	104.3
2013	626,683,466	312,185,625	315,128,604	75.2	33.6	108.8
2012	509,664,898	280,223,293	337,734,974	73.5	36.8	110.3

During the period under examination, GC-WI, as a member of the QBE North American sub-group, faced significant challenges due to the global economic conditions, unusual frequency and severity of claims, catastrophes, and difficult investment market conditions. From 2012 through 2017, the company reported a 22.2% decrease in assets, a 5.3% decrease in liabilities, and a 43.9% decrease in surplus. The net operating results were unstable.

In 2013, QBE Limited implemented an operational transformation program, with the goal to increase effectiveness and ability to compete in the insurance markets. A major objective of the program was to provide operational expense savings by offshoring and outsourcing services. The plan was completed in 2015, resulting in improved net operating results. However, in 2017, the company's net income dropped by 148.1% to a loss of \$10.5 million due to substantial losses from natural disasters that year.

Gross and net premiums written increased by 22.1% and 30.6% over the six-year period, respectively primarily due to the increased premium writings in the specialty product and federal crop business lines.

The loss and LAE ratio had a decreasing trend from 2013 through 2017. The 2017 ratio deteriorated 16.8 points from 2016 largely due to the extremely high catastrophe losses driven by hurricanes Harvey, Irma, and Maria, as well as extreme California wildfires. The combined ratio remained above 100% in four of the five years under examination.

Reconciliation of Surplus per Examination

No adjustments were made to surplus as a result of the examination. The amount of surplus reported by the company as of December 31, 2017, is accepted.

VII. SUMMARY OF EXAMINATION RESULTS

Compliance with Prior Examination Report Recommendations

There were three specific comments and recommendations in the previous examination report. Comments and recommendations contained in the last examination report and actions taken by the company are as follows:

1. <u>Biographical Information and Jurat Page Reporting</u>—It is recommended that the company file biographical affidavits on all officers who have executive decision-making authority in accordance with s. Ins 6.52 (5), Wis. Adm. Code.

Action— Compliance.

2. <u>Equator Re Reinsurance Agreements and Trust</u>—It is recommended that the company amend its reinsurance trust agreement to include how recoveries are to be allocated among participants in the event that the reinsurer is unable to fulfill its responsibilities.

Action—Compliance.

 Reserve Development and Documentation—It is recommended that the company include sufficient documentation in its actuarial report, including clear descriptions of sources of data, material assumptions, and methods in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 41.

Action— Non-Compliance, see comments in the "Summary of Current Examination Results".

Summary of Current Examination Results

This section contains comments and elaboration on those areas where adverse findings were noted or where unusual situations existed. Comment on the remaining areas of the company's operations is contained in the examination work papers.

Management and Control

The company has established a procedure for disclosure of conflicts of interest for its officers, directors, and responsible employees in compliance with a directive of the Commissioner of Insurance. As part of the examination, a review was performed to ensure that all officers and directors are complying with the company's conflict of interest disclosure requirements. Conflict-of-interest questionnaires were reviewed for the period under examination and the company was unable to locate copies of the conflict of interest statements for all officers and directors for 2016. It is recommended that the company continue to have all officers and directors complete an annual conflict-of-interest disclosure.

Unclaimed property

It was noted during the review of the company's unclaimed checks that, although the company had set up a separate liability for checks outstanding more than a year, the company had failed to submit the unclaimed funds to the State of Wisconsin after the funds had been unclaimed for five years. Unclaimed outstanding payments for claims managed by a third-party administrator also were not escheated in a timely manner. It is recommended that the company comply with ch. 177, Wis. Stat. as regards to unclaimed funds, and that it submit all funds that remain unclaimed after five years to the State of Wisconsin.

Executive Compensation

The State of Wisconsin requires each Wisconsin-domiciled insurer to file a supplement to the annual statement entitled "Report of Executive Compensation" pursuant to ss. 601.42 and 611.63 (4), Wis. Stat. This report includes the total annual compensation paid to each director, the chief executive officer, and the four most-highly compensated officers or employees other than the chief executive officer. In addition, the report requires disclosure of the compensation of all executive officers whose compensation exceeds specified amounts. The

company completed this form disclosing employees with compensation over \$400,000. All remuneration paid or accrued for services on behalf of each reportable employee should be included in the Report on Executive Compensation.

The examiners' review of executive compensation revealed that the company did not include in the Report on Executive Compensation the employer paid portion of health insurance benefits, 401(k) employer's matching contribution, accidental death and dismemberment, group – term life insurance, employee assistance program, medical benefit contribution, employer's health savings account contribution, and long-term disability employer's paid premiums. It is recommended that the company properly complete the Report on Executive Compensation as required by s. 611.63 (4), Wis. Stat.

Credit for Reinsurance

A review of the trust account with QBE Blue Ocean Re and Citi Bank indicated that the company took full credit for reinsurance ceded to QBE Blue Ocean Re on its statutory financial statements filed for the first and second quarters of 2018 without the timely placement of proper collateral in accordance with Statement of Statutory Accounting Principles (SSAP) No. 62R, par. 56, and Appendix A-785 of the NAIC's Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual. It is recommended the company comply with the credit for reinsurance collateral requirements for certified and unauthorized reinsurers in accordance with SSAP No. 62R, par. 56, and Appendix A-785 of the NAIC's Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual.

Corporate Insurance

A review of the corporate insurance policies noted that the general liability policy was issued in the name of QBE Investments N.A., Inc.; there was no endorsement or other language indicating that the coverage is also applicable to subsidiaries and affiliates in the holding group. It is a best practice when a policy is issued to a parent company that the policy (or a policy endorsement) include proper language clearly stating that the coverage applies to the subsidiaries and any other affiliated companies. It is recommended that the coverage applies to the subsidiaries and any other affiliated companies.

Actuarial Report Documentation

The review of the QBENA reserves was performed by INS Consultants, Inc., an outside independent actuary contracted by the lead state.

The external actuary found that QBENA companies' exam report contained a finding that the actuarial report issued in support of the 2017 Statement of Actuarial Opinion did not provide sufficient details for another actuary practicing in the same field to evaluate the work in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No 41. Pursuant to the NAIC's *Annual Statement Instructions* – *Property/Casualty*, actuarial report documentation should clearly disclose the sources of data, material assumptions, and methods, among other requirements. It is again recommended that the company include sufficient documentation in its actuarial report in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 41. The following are specific areas where improvement in actuarial report documentation is recommended:

- Future actuarial report exhibits developed in ResQ model reflect clearer labeling and footnotes, to the extent possible.
- A summary of the indicated and carried loss and LAE reserve position by reserve review segment as of both September 30, 20XX and December 31, 20XX be included in future versions of the actuarial report.
- The companies include a more traditional actual-versus-expected roll-forward analysis at a disaggregated level in future reserve studies.
- All detailed exhibits in support of the crop analysis performed by the companies be included in future actuarial reports.
- Detailed exhibits in support of the Asbestos and Environmental ("A&E") analysis be included in the actuarial report, with a breakout of A&E reserves from the by-segment analysis provided.
- Future actuarial reports include a complete Schedule P reconciliation of paid losses, case outstanding reserves, and earned premiums by reserve review segment to the Schedule P lines of business.

VIII. CONCLUSION

The company was incorporated under Wisconsin laws on May 12, 1925, as a property and casualty insurer. Effective December 22, 2006, Credit Suisse Group finalized the sale of Winterthur Swiss Insurance Company (former upstream parent of the company) to AXA. Effective May 31, 2007, AXA finalized the sale of Winterthur U.S. Holdings, Inc., (a former subsidiary of Winterthur Swiss Insurance Company) and its consolidated subsidiaries to QBE Holdings, Inc., a subsidiary of Australian-based QBE Insurance Group Limited. Winterthur U.S. Holdings, Inc., was renamed QBE Regional Companies (N.A.), Inc.

GC-WI was one of the 16 companies that comprised the QBENA pooled entities at year-end 2017. As a part of the QBENA sub-group, the company markets a broad range of property and casualty products, including personal, commercial, agriculture, and crop, as well as specialty products.

During the period from 2012 to 2017, GC-Wl's admitted assets decreased by 22.2%, premiums earned increased by 10.4%, and the surplus decreased by 43.9%. The decrease in admitted assets and surplus was a result of the decrease in net income from operations, and the payment of extraordinary dividends to GC-Wl's parent company, QBE Regional. Growth in premiums was primarily attributable to the increased premium writings in the company's specialty product and federal crop business. Gross and net premiums written increased during the six-year period from 2012 to 2017 by 22.1% and 30.6%, respectively. The company is financially stable, with a surplus of \$250,980,049, assets of \$797,391,393 and liabilities of \$546,411,344.

The company complied with two out of the three recommendations from the previous examination report.

IX. SUMMARY OF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- Page 53 <u>Management and Control</u>—It is recommended that the company continue to have all officers and directors complete an annual conflict-of-interest disclosure.
- Page 53 <u>Unclaimed Property</u>—It is recommended that the company comply with ch. 177, Wis. Stat. as regards to unclaimed funds, and that it submit all funds that remain unclaimed after five years to the State of Wisconsin.
- Page 54 <u>Executive Compensation</u>—It is recommended that the company properly complete the Report on Executive Compensation as required by s. 611.63 (4), Wis. Stat.
- 4. Page 54 Credit for Reinsurance—It is recommended the company comply with the credit for reinsurance collateral requirements for certified and unauthorized reinsurers in accordance with SSAP No. 62R, par. 56, and Appendix A-785 of the NAIC's Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual.
- 5. Page 54 Corporate Insurance—It is recommended that the company revise its general liability policy to include proper language clearly stating that the coverage applies to the subsidiaries and any other affiliated companies.
- Page 55 <u>Actuarial Report Documentation</u>—It is again recommended that the company include sufficient documentation in its actuarial report in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 41 containing the following:
 - Future actuarial report exhibits developed in ResQ model reflect clearer labeling and footnotes, to the extent possible;
 - A summary of the indicated and carried loss and LAE reserve position by reserve review segment as of both September 30, 20XX and December 31, 20XX be included in future versions of the actuarial report;
 - The companies include a more traditional actual versus expected rollforward analysis at a disaggregated level in future reserve studies;
 - All detailed exhibits in support of the crop analysis performed by the QBENA companies be included in future actuarial reports:
 - Detailed exhibits in support of the Asbestos and Environmental ("A&E") analysis be included in the actuarial report, with a breakout of A&E reserves from the by-segment analysis provided; and
 - Future actuarial reports include a complete Schedule P reconciliation of paid losses, case outstanding reserves, and earned premiums by reserve review segment to the Schedule P lines of business.

X. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On December 22, 2017, the US Tax Reform Act was signed into law. Several provisions of the new tax legislation significantly affected the insurance industry including the Base Erosion Anti Abuse Tax (BEAT) provision. The BEAT imposes an additional minimum tax on payments made from US companies to foreign affiliates, including payments related to reinsurance. As disclosed in the Notes to the company's 2018 financial statements: "To avoid a significant negative capital impact resulting from the BEAT, QBE Insurance Group of North America restructured its organizational legal entity structure. A new Bermuda subsidiary, called QBE Blue Ocean Re Limited ("Blue Ocean Re"), was formed and moved under U.S. ownership. Blue Ocean Re will make an IRS 953(d) election to be taxed as a US-taxpaying corporation. Most all the affiliate reinsurance placements from the Company will be placed with Blue Ocean effective January 1, 2018. Since the reinsurance payments made by the Company to Blue Ocean will be considered US domestic-to-US domestic payments the BEAT will not apply."

On August 1, 2018, Sutton National Insurance Holdings LLC submitted a Form A filing with the State of Wisconsin Office of the Commissioner of Insurance (OCI) pertaining to a proposed acquisition of control of Unigard Indemnity Company. OCI approved the transaction on December 17, 2018. The sale was consummated on January 1, 2019.

On December 5, 2018, Integon National Insurance Company submitted a Form A filing with the state of Wisconsin, OCI pertaining to a proposed acquisition of control of NFU. The application is currently under review.

XI. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The courtesy and cooperation extended during the course of the examination by the officers and employees of the company are acknowledged.

In addition to the undersigned, the following representatives of the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance, State of Wisconsin, participated in the examination:

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Respectfully submitted,

Ana Careaga Examiner-in-Charge